





Notification template for Article 131 CRD – Other Systemically Important Institutions (O-SII)¹

Please send this template to

- notifications@esrb.europa.eu when notifying the ESRB;
- <u>macropru.notifications@ecb.europa.eu</u> when notifying the ECB;
- notifications@eba.europa.eu when notifying the EBA.

1. Notifying n	ational authority			
1.1 Name of the notifying authority	Bank of Greece (BoG)			
2. Description	n of the measure			
	Credit Institution Name	LEI Code	Application Level	
2.1 Concerned institution or group of institutions	National Bank of Greece S.A.	5UMCZOEYKCVFAW8ZLO05	Highest level of consolidation	
	Piraeus Bank S.A.	M6AD1Y1KW32H8THQ6F76	Highest level of consolidation	
	Alpha Bank S.A.	5299009N55YRQC69CN08	Highest level of consolidation	
	Eurobank Ergasias Bank S.A.	JEUVK5RWVJEN8W0C9M24	Highest level of consolidation	
	Credit Institution Na	ame O-SII buffer	r requirement (2022)	
2.2 Level of the buffer applied	National Bank of G	reece S.A.	1%	
	Piraeus Bank S.A.		1%	
	Alpha Bank S.A.		1%	
	Eurobank Ergasias	Bank S.A.	1%	
2.3 Name of the				
parent company	The concerned institutions are the I	EU ultimate parent institutions of th	ne groups concerned	

 $^{^{\}mathrm{1}}$ To be filled in and submitted for each O-SII.

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2.4 Names of subsidiaries	n/a					
3. Timing of t	the measure					
3.1 Timing of the Decision	The Bank of Greece is expected to	take its final d	ecision on 14	/11/2017		
3.2 Timing of the Publication	The intended date for publication of the final decision on the O-SII buffer is 25/11/2017					
	BoG shall notify the ECB, the ESRE	-	n Commission	n, EBA and th	e competent and	d designated
3.3 Disclosure	authorities of the Member States concerned.					
	The decision is intended to be disclosed on the BoG's website on the 25 th of November 2017, and circular letters will be sent to the O-SII institutions informing them of this decision.					
	The intended date of activation (the date that the measure will be applicable) is 1 January 2019					
3.4 Timing of Application For the O-SIIs identified, the buffers will be fully in scheme below.			mplemented o	n 1 January 2	2022 according to	the phase in
	For 2018 the O-SII buffer is set at z	ero per cent.				
	The intended timeline for the phase-in of the measure is:					
	Credit Institution Name	1/1/2019	1/1/2020	1/1/2021	1/1/2022	
3.5 Phasing in	National Bank of Greece S.A.	0.25%	0.50%	0.75%	1.00%	
	Piraeus Bank S.A.	0.25%	0.50%	0.75%	1.00%]
	Alpha Bank S.A.	0.25%	0.50%	0.75%	1.00%	1
	Eurobank Ergasias Bank S.A.	0.25%	0.50%	0.75%	1.00%]
3.6 Review of the measure	The measure will be reviewed on an	n annual basis				
4. Reason for	r activation of the O-SII buffer					
4.1 Scores of						
concerned	BANK	SIZE	IMPORTANCE	COMPLEXITY IN	TERCONNECTEDNESS	Total Score

4.1 Scores of
concerned
institution or
group of
institutions, as
per EBA

BANK	SIZE	IMPORTANCE	COMPLEXITY	INTERCONNECTEDNESS	Total Score
NATIONAL BANK OF GREECE S.A.	2.582	2.649	2.936	3.005	2.793
ALPHA BANK S.A.	2.189	2.183	2.121	2.374	2.217
PIRAEUS BANK S.A.	2.759	3.104	1.654	1.771	2.322
EUROBANK ERGASIAS S.A.	2.248	1.884	3.285	2.636	2.513

guidelines on the assessment of O-SIIs -The identification has been carried out using the criteria outlined and defined in the methodology of the EBA Guidelines (EBA/GL/2014/10). -Banking institutions with a score equal or higher than 350 basis points were designated as an O-SII. -BoG applied the mandatory indicators as per the EBA relative GLs. BoG did not use any of the optional indicators presented in Annex 2 of the EBA GLs. -No entities with total assets < 0.02% have been identified as relevant. -See table below for the name and scores of the entities that were included in the identification process but were not designated as OSIIs. -BoG's scoring process was conducted using consolidated FINREP/COREP data as of 31 December 2016 4.2 Methodology on a consolidated basis. When the FINREP variables were not available, proxies were used taken from and indicators solo accounts (dated December 2016) supplemented by additional data available to BoG. used for BANK IMPORTANCE COMPLEXITY INTERCONNECTEDNESS Total score designation of the O-SII 57 ATTICA BANK S.A. 122 103 1 2 0 106 PANCRETAN COOPERATIVE BANK LTD. 48 31 46 (Article 131.3) COOPERATIVE BANK OF CHANIA COOPERATIVE OF LIMITED 15 14 0 29 15 8 7 0 4 AEGEAN BALTIC BANK S.A. 3 COOPERATIVE BANK OF EPIRUS LTD. 7 8 0 16 8 COOPERATIVE BANK OF THESSALY COOP. L.L. 6 7 0 1 4 INVESTMENT BANK OF GREECE S.A. 5 3 10 5 3 3 0 0 19 5 BANK SADERAT IRAN COOPERATIVE BANK OF KARDITSA COOP. L.L. 3 4 0 21 7 B&N BANK PJSC (PUBLIC JOINT-STOCK COMPANY), GREEK B 0 0 1 T.C. ZIRAAT BANKASI A.S. 2 0 7 2 1 4.3 Supervisory No institutions were identified through supervisory judgement judgement The identified O-SIIs are allocated to one of the five capital buffer categories using the following buckets' distribution based on their scores: 4.4 Calibrating the Buckets **Buffers** O-SII buffer 2.00% 5 >= 3500 2000-3499 1.00% 3 1500-1999 0.75%

2	700-1499	0.50%
1	350-699	0.25%

For the calibration of buffer, the Bank of Greece relies on a rather simple methodology. It consists of a proportional mapping of the scores based on the EBA guidelines to buffer requirements using NBG's score (the largest bank in terms of assets and the higher score among peers) as a benchmark/reference. The 1% buffer for NBG is set as an anchor point. The final buffer for a given domestic systemic institution is set as the product of 1% by the ratio of the institution's O-SII score over NBG's score. Banks were sorted into five buckets according to their O-SII scores, where the O-SII buffer rate is determined by the bucket in which the respective bank finds itself (steps of 0.25 percentage points: 0%, 0.25%, 0.5%, 0.75% and 1% rounded to the next step). The rates applicable to the five buckets are 0.25%, 0.5%, 0.75%, 1.0% and 2.0%, respectively. The highest bucket is empty in order to signal to the market that higher buffer rates could be applied in the future.

4.5 Effectiveness and proportionality of measure

The build-up of the O-SII buffer will increase resilience of banks and reduce moral hazard arising from the "too big to fail" issue.

In the case of Greek Banks the four identified institutions represent 95% of the domestic market thus it is necessary to introduce positive O-SII capital buffers for all of them.

5. Combinations and interactions with other measures

5.1 Assessment of cross-border effects and the likely impact on the internal market

(Recommendation ESRB/2015/2)

The Greek banking system is rather concentrated (4 domestic banks holding about 95% of the market) whereas is mostly oriented/focused in domestic activities/market. Therefore we do not expect material negative spill overs for the internal market.

5.2 Assessment of leakages and regulatory arbitrage within the notifying Member State

Regulatory arbitrage and leakages within Greece are not likely since the four banks hold about 95% of the market share and the remaining institutions have much smaller size.

6. Combinations and interactions with other measures

6.1 Combinations	
between G-SII and	n.a.
OSII buffers	
(Article 131.14)	
6.2 Combinations	
with SRB buffers	No institution is subject to a systemic risk buffer.
(Article 131.14 +	
Article 133.5)	
6.3 O-SII	
requirement for a	n.a.
subsidiary (Article	
131.8)	
6.4 Interaction	
with other	n.a.
measures	
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relevant	