



## Notification template for Articles 133 and 134(5) of the Capital Requirements Directives (CRD) – Systemic risk buffer (SyRB)

Template for notifying the European Central Bank (ECB) and European Systemic Risk Board (ESRB) of the setting or resetting of one or more systemic risk buffer rates pursuant to Article 133(9) CRD and to request that the ESRB issue a recommendation to other Member States to reciprocate the measure under Article 134(5) CRD

Please send/upload this template to

- <u>macropru.notifications@ecb.europa.eu</u> when notifying the ECB (under Article 5 of the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM) Regulation<sup>1</sup>);
- DARWIN/ASTRA when notifying the ESRB.

The ESRB will forward the notification to the European Commission, the European Banking Authority (EBA) and the competent and designated authorities of the Member States concerned without delay. This notification will be made public by the ESRB once the relevant authorities have adopted and published the notified macroprudential measure<sup>2</sup>.

E-mailing/uploading this template to the above addresses constitutes official notification; no further official letter is required. To facilitate the work of the notified authorities, please send the notification template in a format that allows the information to be read electronically.

| Notifying national authority and scope of the notification  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| 1.1 Name of the notifying authority                         | Seðlabanki Íslands (Central Bank of Iceland)   |  |  |
| 1.2 Country of the notifying authority                      | Iceland  |  |  |
|   | Which SyRB measure do you intend to implement?   |  |  |
| 1.3 Type of measure (also for reviews of existing measures) | ☐ Activate a new SyRB  |  |  |
|   | $\square$ Change the level of an existing SyRB   |  |  |
|   | $\hfill\Box$ Change the scope of an existing SyRB (incl. changes to a subset of institutions or exposures) |  |  |
|   | ☐ De-activate an existing SyRB   |  |  |
|   | ⊠ Reset an existing SyRB (review)  |  |  |

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Date of template version: 26-11-2021

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Council Regulation (EU) No 1024/2013 of 15 October 2013 conferring specific tasks on the European Central Bank concerning policies relating to the prudential supervision of credit institutions (OJ L 287, 29.10.2013, p. 63).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> On request by the notifying authority, it may be agreed with the Head of the ESRB Secretariat that this notification, or a part thereof, should not be published for reasons of confidentiality or financial stability.

| 2. Description of the measure     |   |                                |                                |  |
|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
|                                   | Please indicate whether t   | he SyRB applies to:            |                                |  |
|                                   | ☐ All institutions autl   | horised in the Member State    |                                |  |
|                                   | ☑ One or more subsets of credit institutions in the sector (please provide<br>the names and identifiers (Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) code) of institutions<br>covered)  |                                |                                |  |
|                                   | Name of institution   | LEI code                       | Consolidation level            |  |
|                                   | Arion banki hf.   | RIL4VBPDB0M7Z3KXSF19           | Highest level of consolidation |  |
|                                   | indó sparisjóður hf.  | 549300JPBA4VMG3A6682           | Highest level of consolidation |  |
|                                   | Íslandsbanki hf.  | 549300PZMFIQR79Q0T97           | Highest level of consolidation |  |
|                                   | Kvika banki hf.   | 254900WR3I1Z9NPC7D84           | Highest level of consolidation |  |
|                                   | Landsbankinn hf.  | 549300TLZPT6JELDWM92           | Highest level of consolidation |  |
| 2.1 Institutions covered by the   | Sparisjóður<br>Austurlands hf.  | 967600ZISRIPDC9ERJ93           | Highest level of consolidation |  |
| intended SyRB                     | Sparisjóður<br>Höfðhverfinga ses.   | 254900H6IYQMB9RAU056           | Highest level of consolidation |  |
|                                   | Sparisjóður<br>Strandamanna ses.  | 9676003QL0SA69DLD253           | Highest level of consolidation |  |
|                                   | Sparisjóður Suður-<br>Þingeyinga ses.   | 967600OER0PGHRKQTB6            | Highest level of consolidation |  |
|                                   | ☐ A subsidiary whose parent is established in another Member State.  (Please provide the names and identifiers (LEI code) of subsidiaries)  |                                |                                |  |
|                                   | Name of subsidiary  | Name of the parent             | LEI code of the subsidiary     |  |
|                                   |   |                                |                                |  |
|                                   |   |                                |                                |  |
|                                   |   |                                |                                |  |
|                                   |   |                                |                                |  |
|                                   | The SyRB applies to all d   | eposit taking institutions.    |                                |  |
|                                   | Please indicate the expos   | sures to which the SyRB appli  | es:                            |  |
|                                   | ⊠ (a) all exposures locat   | ted in the Member State that i | s setting the buffer;          |  |
| 2.2 Exposures covered by the SyRB | $\square$ (b) the following secto setting the buffer:   | ral exposures located in the N | Member State that is           |  |
| (Article 133(5) CRD)              | <ul> <li>(i) □ all retail exposures to natural persons that are secured by residential property;</li> <li>(ii) □ all exposures to legal persons that are secured by mortgages on commercial immovable property;</li> <li>(iii) □ all exposures to legal persons excluding those specified in point (ii);</li> </ul> |                                |                                |  |

|   | <ul><li>(iv) □ all exposures to natural persons excluding those specified in point</li><li>(i);</li></ul>  |  |  |                                  |  |
|---|--|--|--|----------------------------------|--|
|   | ☐ (c) subsets of any of the sectoral exposures identified in point (b). Please specify the subsets in Section 2.3;   |  |  |                                  |  |
|   | ☐ (d) all exposures located in other Member States;  |  |  |                                  |  |
|   | ☐ (e) exposures located in third countries.  |  |  |                                  |  |
|   | Where the systemic risk but  | • •  |  | •                                | toral  |
|   | exposures identified (see positive of the identify the subset of SyRB:   | ne dimension<br>(s) of sectora                     | s and subdime                                      | ensions that v<br>s laid down in | n the EBA  |
|   | Dimensions/subdimen  | sions  |  | Elements                         |  |
|   | Type of debtor or counterparty   | sector   |  |                                  |  |
|   | 1.a Economic activity  |  |  |                                  |  |
|   | 2. Type of exposure  |  |  |                                  |  |
| 2.3 Subsets of sectoral exposures                                   | 2.a Risk profile   |  |  |                                  |  |
|   | 3. Type of collateral  |  |  |                                  |  |
|   | 3.a Geographical area  |  |  |                                  |  |
|   | - Assessment condu Guidelines on the subset, taking into (i) size (ii) riskiness (iii) interconnected - Why it would not have the level of a see   | systemic rele<br>account:<br>dness.<br>ave been ap | evance of the r                                    | isks stemmir<br>t the systemi    | ng from this                                       |
| 2.4 Exposures located in other Member States and in third countries | The systemic risk buffer in Iceland does not apply to exposures located in other countries.  |  |  |                                  |  |
|   | Specify the intended SyRB rate. If different buffer requirements apply to different exposures or subsets of exposures, please specify for each exposure indicated under 2.2.                         |  |  | •                                |  |
|   | Please indicate any changes to the list in 2.1 of institutions concerned and in the buffer rates given in point 2.5 as compared to the last notification, and provide an explanation, if applicable. |  |  |                                  |  |
| 2.5 Buffer rate   | Exposures  | New S  | yRB rate   | Previous                         | SyRB rate  |
| (Article 133(9)(e) CRD)   |  | All<br>institutions<br>(SyRB rate)                 | Set of<br>institutions<br>(range of<br>SyRB rates) | All institutions (SyRB rate)     | Set of<br>institutions<br>(range of<br>SyRB rates) |
|   | (a) All exposures located in the Member State that is setting the buffer   | 3%   | % - %  | 3%                               |  |
|   | (b) The following sectoral exposure that is setting the buffer:  | res located in the                                 | e Member State                                     |                                  |  |

| (2) All 1 2   | % | % - %              | <del></del> |
|---|---|--------------------|-------------|
| (i) All retail exposures to   | % | % - %              |             |
| natural persons that are  |   |                    |             |
| secured by residential property                                       |   |                    |             |
| (ii) All exposures to legal   | % | % - %              |             |
| persons that are secured by   |   |                    |             |
| mortgages on commercial   |   |                    |             |
| immovable property  |   |                    |             |
| (iii) All exposures to legal  | % | % - %              |             |
| persons excluding those   |   |                    |             |
| specified in point (ii)   |   |                    |             |
| (iv) All exposures to natural   | % | % - %              |             |
| persons excluding those   |   |                    |             |
| specified in point (i)  |   |                    |             |
|   | % | 0/ 0/              |             |
| (c) All exposures located in  | % | % - %              |             |
| other Member States   |   |                    |             |
| (e) Exposures located in third  | % | % - %              |             |
| countries   |   |                    |             |
| (f) Subsets of any of the sectoral exposures identified in point (b): |   | fied in point (b): |             |
| (i) Please specify the subset   | % | % - %              |             |
| [Dimension/subdimensions]   |   |                    |             |

If different buffer requirements apply to different subsets of institutions, please specify for each institution mentioned under 2.1.

| Set of institutions |                     |          |                  |                       |
|---------------------|---------------------|----------|------------------|-----------------------|
| Exposures           | Name of institution | LEI code | New SyRB<br>rate | Previous SyRB<br>rate |
|                     |                     |          | %                |                       |
|                     |                     |          | %                |                       |
|                     |                     |          | %                |                       |

| 3. Timing for the measure              |   |
|--|---|
| 3.1 Timing for the decision            | 15/03/2022  |
| 3.2 Timing for publication             | 16/03/2022  |
| 3.3 Disclosure                         | All information on decisions regarding capital buffers is available on the Central Bank's website, see here: <a href="https://www.cb.is/financial-stability/macroprudential-policy/capital-buffers/">https://www.cb.is/financial-stability/macroprudential-policy/capital-buffers/</a> The justification for maintaining the buffer is unchanged from its initial activation, see here: <a href="https://www.cb.is/library/SkraarsafnEN/Financial_Stability/Capital-Buffers/en_Systemic-risk-buffer_final.pdf">https://www.cb.is/library/SkraarsafnEN/Financial_Stability/Capital-Buffers/en_Systemic-risk-buffer_final.pdf</a> |
| 3.4 Timing for application             | 16/03/2022  |
| 3.5 Phasing in                         | The measure has been implemented in full for all institutions that fall under the scope of the SyRB.  |
| 3.6 Review/deactivation of the measure | The measure has since its initial activation in 2016 been reviewed every other year. CRD V has not been incorporated into Icelandic law but it is expected to be incorporated in 2022. This may call for a review of the SRB before the two year period has ended.  |

| 4. Reasons for the notified SyRB   |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| 4.1 Description of the macroprudential or systemic risk in your Member State (Article 133(9)(a) of the CRD)  | - The Icelandic economy is a small, open economy with its own currency. There is considerable sectoral concentration in the economy, especially within the export sector. The economy relies heavily on foreign trade and is sensitive to developments in the global economy. Economic fluctuations tend to be more frequent and extreme in Iceland compared to most other European countries. These fluctuations translate into a more uncertain economic environment with higher credit risk of banks. The entire financial sector is exposed to the elevated credit risk arising from the inherent structural vulnerabilities of the Icelandic economy. |  |
| 4.2 Reasons why the dimension of the macroprudential or systemic risks threatens the stability of the financial system in your Member State  (Article 133(9)(b) CRD) | The main weaknesses of the Icelandic economy can be explained by its small size and sectoral concentration, mainly in exports (fish, aluminium and tourism).  Experience has shown that unexpected shocks can lead to a drastic increase in debt servicing problems in the non-financial sector with the potential to pose a serious solvency risk to banks.  The credit institutions that the SRB is applied to are all vulnerable to the same risks. They must therefore maintain the SRB to bolster the resilience of the financial system as a whole.  |  |
| 4.3 Indicators used for activation of the measure  | <ul> <li>The volatility of key economic variables such as: GDP growth, private consumption, investment, foreign trade, exchange rates and inflation.</li> <li>The size and openness of the economy.</li> <li>Sectoral concentration and composition of exports.</li> <li>Credit institutions exposures to a limited range of domestic based industries and consumer markets.</li> </ul>  |  |
| 4.4 Effectiveness and proportionality of the measure (Article 133(9)(c) CRD)   | The SRB aims to increase the resilience of the financial system in Iceland and minimize the risk to financial stability in the medium- to long-term. The SRB is therefore thought to be a suitable and effective measure to counter the structural risk due to the volatility inherent to the Icelandic economy.   |  |
| 4.5 Reason why the systemic risk<br>buffer is not duplicating the<br>functioning of the O-SII buffer<br>provided for in Article 131 CRD<br>(Article 133(9)(f) CRD)   | The systemic risk described in 4.1 applies to all domestic exposures in Iceland regardless of the size or systemic importance of individual financial institutions. Therefore, the systemic risk buffer applies only to domestic exposures and applies to all deposit-taking institutions.   |  |
| 5. Sufficiency, consistency and non-overlap of the policy response   |  |  |
| 5.1 Sufficiency of the policy response   | Based on the evaluation of indicators listed in section 4.3 and on expert judgement a 3% systemic risk buffer is deemed to sufficiently bolster financial institutions' resilience to mitigate the risk described in section 4.1.  |  |
|  | The application of the systemic risk buffer in Iceland is consistent with Icelandic law.   |  |
| 5.2 Consistency of application of the policy response  |  |  |

| 5.3 Non-overlap of the policy response  6. Cross-border and cross-se  | The application and motivation for the systemic risk buffer in Iceland is similar to that of many other countries that have activated the buffer based on the vulnerabilities of small open economies.  The SRB in Iceland does not overlap with other measures.  |
|---|---|
| 6.1 Assessment of cross-border effects and the likely impact on the Internal Market  (Article 133(9)(d) of the CRD and Recommendation ESRB/2015/2³) | Since the credit institutions affected by the measure are all largely domestic in terms of operating income and exposures, and relatively small in terms of financial institutions in other countries, any possible cross-border effects stemming from the domestic institutions are likely to be negligible.   |
| 6.2 Assessment of leakages and regulatory arbitrage within the notifying Member State   | The credit institutions affected by the measures are all mostly domestic in terms of operating income and exposures. Reciprocation of the measure by EEA countries would limit the potential leakages and regulatory arbitrage. Since direct cross-border lending to Icelandic businesses is currently relatively low reciprocation of the measure at this time has been deemed unnecessary.  |
| 6.3 Request for reciprocation by other Member States (Article 134(5) CRD and Recommendation ESRB/2015/2)  | Does the authority intend to ask the ESRB to issue a recommendation to other Member States to reciprocate the measure in accordance with Article 134(5) CRD?  No.  Direct cross-border lending to Icelandic businesses is currently relatively low. The Central Bank of Iceland will continue to monitor cross-border lending to Icelandic businesses. If the need arises the bank could consider to formally request reciprocation of the buffer to other states that are members of the European Economic Area (EEA) and which banks provide direct cross-border lending to Iceland to apply an equal or equivalent requirement to those exposures. |
| 6.4 Justification for the request for reciprocation by other Member States  | See 6.3.  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Recommendation of the European Systemic Risk Board of 15 December 2015 on the assessment of cross-border effects of and voluntary reciprocity for macroprudential policy measures (ESRB/2015/3) (OJ C 97, 12.3.2016, p. 9).

| (Article 134(5) CRD and<br>Recommendation ESRB/2015/2)  |  |                            |                                |  |
|---|--|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| 7. Combination of the SyRB w  | rith other buffers   |                            |                                |  |
|   | There is no institution in I subject to an O-SII buffer SII buffer rate is not in an | , the sum of the           | systemic risk buffer           |  |
|   | Name of institution  | G-SII/O-SII<br>buffer rate | O-SII consolidation level      | Sum of G-SII/O-<br>SII and SyRB<br>rates |
| <ul><li>7.1 Combination with G-SII and/or O-SII buffers</li><li>(Article 131(15) CRD)</li></ul> | Arion banki hf.  | 2%                         | Parent company and group level | 5%                                       |
|   | Íslandsbanki hf.   | 2%                         | Parent company and group level | 5%                                       |
|   | Landsbankinn hf.   | 2%                         | Parent company and group level | 5%                                       |
|   |  |                            |                                | %  |
|   |  | %                          |                                | /0                                       |
|   |  | %                          |                                | %  |
|   |  |                            |                                |  |

7.2 Combination with other systemic risk buffers

(Article 133(11) and (12) CRD)

No set or subset of exposures is currently subject to more than one systemic risk buffer in Iceland.

| 8. Miscellaneous                                     |  |
|--|--|
| 8.1 Contact person(s)/mailbox at notifying authority | Mr. Jón Magnús Hannesson  Tel: +354 569 9641 – jon.magnus.hannesson@sedlabanki.is  Mr. Einar Jón Erlingsson  Tel: +354 569 9699 - einar.jon.erlingsson@sedlabanki.is |
| 8.2 Any other relevant information                   |  |
| 8.3 Date of the notification                         | Please provide the date on which this notification was uploaded/sent. 25/03/2022   |