



Notification template for Article 131 of the Capital Requirements Directive (CRD) – Other Systemically Important Institutions (O-SIIs)

Template for notifying the European Central Bank (ECB) and the European Systemic Risk Board (ESRB) of the setting or resetting of an O-SII buffer under Article 131(7) CRD and of the identity of O-SIIs under Article 131(12) CRD

Please send/upload this template to:

- <u>macropru.notifications@ecb.europa.eu</u> when notifying the ECB (under Article 5 of the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM) Regulation¹);
- DARWIN/ASTRA when notifying the ESRB.

The ESRB will forward this notification to the European Commission, to the European Banking Authority (EBA) and to the competent and designated authorities of the Member States concerned without delay and will publicly disclose the names of the O-SIIs on its website. This notification will be made public by the ESRB once the relevant authorities have adopted and published the notified macroprudential measure².

E-mailing/uploading this template to the above addresses constitutes official notification; no further official letter is required. To facilitate the work of the notified authorities, please send the notification template in a format that allows the information to be read electronically.

1. Notifying national aut	hority					
1.1 Name of the notifying authority	The Financial and Capita	The Financial and Capital Market Commission (FCMC)				
1.2 Country of the notifying authority	Latvia					
2. Description of the me	asure					
	Name of institution	LEI	Consolidation level			
	"Swedbank" AS	549300FXBIWWGK7T0Y98	Sub-consolidated			
2.1a Institution or group of institutions concerned	Akciju sabiedrība "Citadele banka"	2138009Y59EAR7H1UO97	Highest level of consolidation			
	AS "SEB banka"	549300YW95G1VBBGGV07	Sub-consolidated			
	Akciju sabiedrība ''Rietumu Banka''	2138007F5HA5FFJROB80	Highest level of consolidation			
	AS BlueOrange Bank	54930080G2M7EJ097A27	Highest level of consolidation			

¹ Council Regulation (EU) No 1024/2013 of 15 October 2013 conferring specific tasks on the European Central Bank concerning policies relating to the prudential supervision of credit institutions (OJ L 287, 29.10.2013, p. 63).

² On request by the notifying authority, it may be agreed with the Head of the ESRB Secretariat that this notification, or a part thereof, should not be published for reasons of confidentiality or financial stability.

2.1b Changes to the list of institutions concerned	AS BlueOrange Bank is year.	set to join the list of four currer	ntly identified O-SIIs this
	banka" and Akciju sabie while for Akciju sabiedrīl BlueOrange Bank will be	tly applicable requirements the drība "Rietumu Banka" are set ba "Citadele banka" - to increas e identified as an O-SII for the f fer requirement of 0.25%.	to decrease by 0.25%, se by 0.25%. AS
	Name of institution	New O-SII buffer	Previous O-SII buffer
	"Swedbank" AS	2%	2%
2.2 Level of the buffer applied	Akciju sabiedrība "Citadele banka"	1.75%	1.5%
	AS "SEB banka"	1.5%	1.75%
	Akciju sabiedrība ''Rietumu Banka''	1%	1.25%
	AS BlueOrange Bank	0.25%	-
	Name of identified O-SII	Ultimate EU parent institution	LEI of ultimate parent institution
	"Swedbank" AS	Swedbank AB	M312WZV08Y7LYUC71685
2.3 Name of the ultimate EU parent institution	AS "SEB banka"	Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB	F3JS33DEI6XQ4ZBPTN86
	Name of parent O-SII identified	Name of O-SII subsidiary	LEI of O-SII subsidiary
2.4 Names of subsidiaries	Akciju sabiedrība "Citadele banka"	Kaleido Privatbank AG	2549009YPMR9VYICC362
3. Timing for the measur	e		
3.1 Timing for the decision	21/12/2021		
3.2 Timing for publication	22/12/2021		

3.3 Disclosure	https://www.fktk.lv/en/media-room/macroprudential-supervision/other- systemically-significant-institutions/						
3.4 Timing for application	Two institutions facing increased buffer rate will be required to apply it from 01.01.2023 after the phase-in periods concludes; two institutions for which the buffer rate is set to decrease, on the other hand, will be able to apply it immediately after the forthcoming FCMC decision comes into force. 21/12/2021						
	Name of institution	Date1	Date2	Date3	Date4	Date5	
		21/12/2021	01/01/2023	%	%	%	
	"Swedbank" AS	2%	2%	%	%	%	
3.5 Phasing in	Akciju sabiedrība "Citadele banka"	1.50%	1.75%				
	AS "SEB banka"	1.50%	1.50%				
	Akciju sabiedrība "Rietumu Banka"	1%	1%				
	AS BlueOrange Bank	0%	0.25%				
3.6 Review of the measure	The list of the identified O-SIIs and the O-SII buffer rates will be reviewed on an annual basis.						

4. Reason for O-SII identification and activation of the O-SII buffer

	Name of institution	Size	Substitut- ability	Com- plexity	Intercon- nectedness	Overall Score
	"Swedbank" AS	816	702	375	502	2395
	Akciju sabiedrība "Citadele banka"	468	497	360	924	2250
	AS "SEB banka"	426	359	392	152	1329
4.4. Coorea of institutions on	Akciju sabiedrība ''Rietumu Banka''	155	112	487	244	998
4.1 Scores of institutions or group of institutions concerned, as per EBA guidelines on the assessment of O-SIIs	AS BlueOrange Bank	75	69	244	223	611
(Article 131.3 CRD)	The O-SII scores for all respective contributions below the table. These provided in the EBA gu	s of each ir scores are	ndicator are av calculated st	vailable in rictly acco	the Excel file rding to the de	attached

N.B. The information in the table below and the attached file can be shared with other authorities but should not be made publicly available. In light of specificities of the Latvian financial sector the harmonised indicator weights as per the EBA Guidelines do not correspond to their actual contribution to systemic risk, resulting in scores that do not appropriately reflect the relative systemic importance of financial sector participants.

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	O-SII_data.xlsx
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	Please provide information on:
	a. whether you followed the EBA guidelines on the assessment of O-SIIs;
	The O-SII identification was performed according to the mandatory criteria and indicators, data definitions and calculation procedures specified in the EBA Guidelines.
	b. which threshold score has been set to identify O-SIIs;
	The threshold score has been set at 425 bps since 2015 due to the size and specificities of the financial sector.
4.2 Methodology and indicators used for designation of the O-SII	c. whether relevant entities with relative total assets not in excess of 0.02% have been excluded from the identification process;
(Article 131.3)	Entities with total assets not in excess of 0.02% of the whole sample have not been excluded
	d. the names and scores of all relevant entities not excluded from the identification process (could be sent in a separate Excel file, see 4.1);
	Please see the Excel file attached in Section 4.1.
	e. whether non-bank institutions have been included in the calculations.
	Non-bank institutions have not been included in the calculations as they are relatively small and are not material in terms of systemic importance in the Latvian financial system.
	Have any of the institutions listed in 2.1 been identified by applying supervisory judgement as laid down in EBA guidelines on the assessment of O-SIIs? If yes, please list the respective institutions and provide information on:
	 a. which of the optional indicators have been used to justify the supervisory assessment decisions, if any, and what the scores were; b. why these optional indicators are relevant for the Member State; c. why the bank is systemically important in terms of those particular optional indicators.
4.3 Supervisory judgement	No.
	Previously, in years 2018-2020, the FCMC had been applying supervisory judgement in order not to identify as O-SII certain institutions that exceeded the 425bps threshold for mandatory identification entirely due to a significant contribution from the <i>Outstanding debt securities</i> indicator. While reliance of Latvian banks on the issued debt securities financing channel has historically been non-significant, as banking sector has been dominated by subsidiaries and branches of other EU institutions (66% in terms of total assets as of 2021Q2), the exit of two institutions that issued these instruments (ABLV Bank in 2018 and JSC "PNB Banka" in 2020) from the market resulted in a further decrease of outstanding

	debt securities issued by the banking sector - from 2.6% of Latvian GDP in 2017Q2 to 0.2% of GDP in 2021Q2. At the same time this indicator is assigned a weight of 8.33% according to the EBA methodology, which is a substantial mismatch compared to the systemic importance of the actual issuance of outstanding debt securities in Latvian financial sector.						
	On these grounds supervisory judgement was applied not to identify AS BlueOrange Bank as O-SII during 2018-2020. As seen in the chart below, this year the bank's O-SII score exceeds the 425bps threshold even without taking the contribution of the <i>Outstanding debt securities</i> indicator into the account, therefore the abovementioned rationale for application of the supervisory judgement no longer holds and AS BlueOrange Bank is identified as O-SII.						elow, this year out taking the ount, therefore
	of ank		ribution of '(ribution of c				
	O-SII score (bps) of AS BlueOrange Bank	500 21 400 300 200 35 100 35		241 290	139 369		123 425 bps 488
		0 20	18	2019	202	0 7	2021
	As the table in Section 4.1. shows, while AS BlueOrange Bank is not large in terms of assets (below EUR 1bn), relative to the rest of the Latvian financial sector it scores high in terms of cross-jurisdictional and intra-financial assets and liabilities, as the bank attracts a proportion of its financing (incl. retail deposits) from other European countries and also a material share of its issued loans and held debt securities are of a cross-jurisdictional nature.						
	financia financia	e O-SII buffers is set with aim to equalize the expected impact of an O-SIIs' nancial distress with the expected impact of a non-O-SII reference institution's nancial distress.					
 In line with the chosen threshold used for O-SII identification, systemic in score of 425 basis points is used to define a non-O-SII reference institipurposes of calibrating the O-SII buffer, the systemic importance scores in 2016 been calculated by employing an adjusted EBA Guidelines' mereighting of adjusted indicators used for the O-SII buffer calibration was (see the table below) due to the decrease in the outstanding stock of debt issued by the banking sector (see Section 4.3) and significant structure in the Latvian financial sector. 							institution. For res have since methodology or. In 2018 the was changed debt securities
		s year's calcu ors used for th				r changes to	the adjusted
		Criterion	Indic	ators	EBA guidelines weights	Adjusted methodology for buffer calibration weights (2016- 2017)	Adjusted methodology for buffer calibration weights (2018-)
		Size	Total		25%	25%	25%
		tance (including	Risk weigh Value of dome			15%	15%
				1 2	8.33%	5%	5%

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		Private sector loans to recipients in the EU	8.33%	5%	5%	
		Private sector deposits		5%	7.5%	
		from Latvian residents		370	1.376	
		Private sector loans to Latvian residents		5%	7.5%	
		Credit risk stress test – additional provisions (% of total provisions needed		5%	5%	
		in banking sector) Value of OTC derivatives (notional)	8.33%	5%	5%	
	Complexity/cross-border activity	Cross-jurisdictional liabilities	8.33%	5%	5%	
		Cross-jurisdictional claims	8.33%	5%	5%	
		Intra-financial system liabilities	8.33%	5%	4.5%	
	Interconnectedness	Intra-financial system assets	8.33%	5%	4.5%	
		Debt securities outstanding	8.33%	5%	1%	
	 In order to achieve an equal expected impact of financial distress, the proof default (PD) of financial distress of O-SII must be lower than that of nor as financial distress of O-SIIs leads to higher associated economic costs. costs are decreased by applying O-SII buffers that lower PDs of O-SIIs. Quarterly data for period of 2004-2020 on return on risk weighted assets (RORWA) of banks operating in Latvia was used to determine the PD of a reference non-O-SII. The table below compares the identified institutions' O-SII scores (i) accord the EBA Guidelines methodology and (ii) according to the adjusted indicate used for the O-SII buffer calibration. 					
	O-SII score according to BankO-SII score ac the EBA Guidelines methodology (bps)O-SII score ac to the adju indicators				^g Difference (bps)	
	"Swedbank" AS	2 395		2 819	+424	
	Akciju sabiedrība "Cita banka"	adele 2 250		1 856	-394	
	AS ''SEB banka''	1 329		1 701	+372	
	Akciju sabiedrība ''Riet Banka''	umu 998		970	-28	
	AS BlueOrange Ban	k 611		458	-153	
4.5 Effectiveness and proportionality of measure	are essential to ensu Latvia. The total asse sector assets and 64 institutions would neg As of 2021Q2, identif CET1 capital and no economy are expecte of the Covid-19 pand macroeconomic unce institutions facing an	quirements resulting fro re the resilience of the its of the identified O-SII % of Latvian GDP as of patively affect financial s ied O-SIIs are able to fur resulting disruptions to ed. Nevertheless, in ligh emics on the local econ ertainty, a phase-in per O-SII buffer rate increas r rates from 01.01.202	systemica s account f 2021Q2 - tability and lifil the buff the local fil t of the cor omy and the iod will be se of 0.25%	Illy important for 78% of La - financial dist d economy of fer requireme nancial syster ntinued negat ne persistent applied for th %, requiring t	institutions in tvian banking tress of these Latvia. Ints with the n or ive influence e two hem to	

	these institutions with sufficient time to adjust their capital plans and to thus minimise any potential negative impact on the credit flow.
5. Sufficiency, consisten	cy and non-overlap of the policy response
5.1 Sufficiency of the policy response	The Latvian economy relies heavily on the financing provided by the local banking sector therefore its resilience is essential for financial stability and economic development. For institutions with O-SII buffer rates under 2% the measure is deemed sufficient considering their relative systemic importance as derived from O-SII scores calculated according to the adjusted indicators and the overall required additional resiliency according to <i>equal expected impact</i> method results. In case of "Swedbank" AS the measure is deemed sufficient in light of the maximum O-SII buffer rate allowed according to the EU legislation (CRD).
5.2 Consistency of application of the policy response	Setting of O-SII buffers to increase the resilience of systemically important institutions is consistent with the aim of limiting the potential risks stemming from a failure of identified O-SIIs for the Latvian financial system. In application of the measure the FCMC has adhered to the principles set out in Article 131 of CRD and EBA Guidelines. The O-SII buffers were calibrated relative to the systemic importance – banks with higher adjusted O-SII score are required to hold higher buffers.
5.3 Non-overlap of the policy response	No other policy instruments are used to address the systemic risk in Latvian banking sector in relation to banks' systemic importance, therefore there is no overlap with other policy instruments.
6. Cross-border and cros	s-sector impact of the measure
 6.1 Assessment of cross- border effects and the likely impact on the Internal Market (Recommendation ESRB/2015/2³) 6.2 Assessment of leakages 	The cross-border effects and impact on the internal market is expected to be nonmaterial as the cross-border activities within EU of identified O-SIIs are limited. The EU parent institutions of local subsidiaries identified as O-SIIs are required to hold at least as large buffers on the consolidated level as FCMC is planning to set in Latvia if considering the sum of SyRB and O-SII buffers.
and regulatory arbitrage within the notifying Member State	As the measure is institution-specific possibility of any leakages is minimal.
7. Combinations and inte	eractions with other measures

³ Recommendation of the European Systemic Risk Board of 15 December 2015 on the assessment of cross-border effects of and voluntary reciprocity for macroprudential policy measures (ESRB/2015/3) (OJ C 97, 12.3.2016, p. 9).

	Not applicable	O-SII bi	uffer	G-SII buffer		
7.1 Combinations between G- SII and O-SII buffers	Name of institution					
		%		%		
(Article 131.14)		%		%		
		%		%		
	Not applicable	SyRB rate	SyRB	Sum of G-SII/O-		
	Name of institution		application level	SII and SyRB rates		
		%		%		
7.2 Combinations with		%		%		
systemic risk buffers		%		%		
(SyRBs)		%		%		
(Article 131.15 CRD)		%		%		
		%		%		
		%		%		
		%		%		
7.3 O-SII requirement for a subsidiary (Article 131.8 CRD)	Name of O-SII subsidiary "Swedbank" AS AS "SEB banka"	Name of the EU parent of the O-SII subsidiary Swedbank AB Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB		Buffer applicable to O- SII EU parent 1%		
				%		
8. Miscellaneous						
8.1 Contact person(s)/mailbox at notifying authority	Arnis Jankovskis (Chief reg +371 6777 904, <u>arnis.jankovs</u>		Regulations ar	nd Policy Division,		
8.2 Any other relevant information	Not applicable					
8.3 Date of the notification	Please provide the date on w 04/01/2022	e on which this notification was uploaded/sent.				
	04/01/2022					