





## Notification template for Article 131 CRD – Other Systemically Important Institutions (O-SII)

Please send this template to

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Emailing this template to the above-mentioned addresses constitutes an official notification, no further official letter is required. In order to facilitate the work of the notified authorities, please send the notification template in a format that allows electronically copying the information.

1. Notifying national authority			
1.1 Name of the notifying authority	National Bank of Slovakia		
2. Description	n of the measure		
	The institutions to which the n	neasure is applied:	
2.1 Concerned institution or group of institutions	Bank Všeobecná úverová banka, a.s. Slovenská sporiteľňa, a.s. Tatra banka, a.s. Československá obchodná banka, a	LEI code 549300JB1P61FUTPEZ75 549300S2T3FWVXWJJ89 3157002JBFAI478MD587 a.s. 52990096Q5LMCH1WU462	
	Poštová banka, a.s.  The measure is applied on bo	315700PLTAXHBHZP5J02  oth individual and sub-consolida	
	Bank	O-SII buffer from 1st January 2	2018
	Všeobecná úverová banka, a.s.	1%	
2.2 Level of the	Slovenská sporiteľňa, a.s.	1%	
buffer applied	Tatra banka, a.s.	0.50%	
	Českoslov enská obchodná banka, a	ı.s. 1%	
	Poštová banka, a.s.	1%	
	Bank	Ultimate parent	LEI code
2.3 Name of the	Všeobecná úverová banka, a.s.	Intesa Sanpaolo Spa	815600A0090DB5D4D574
	Slovenská sporiteľňa, a.s.	ERSTE Group Bank AG	PQOH26KWDF7CG10L6792
EU ultimate	Tatra banka, a.s.	Raiffeisen-Landesbanken-Holding GmbH	529900JP9C734S1LE008
parent institution	Československá obchodná banka, a.s.	KBC Group NV	213800X3Q9LSAKRUWY91
	Poštová banka, a.s.	J&T FINANCE GROUP SE	315700E9POA724IWFP59
2.4 Names of subsidiaries	Bank Československá obchodná banka, a.s.	Subsidiary LEI codi ČSOB stavebná sporiteľňa, a.s. 097900	e BEMW000006310
3. Timing of the measure			
3.1 Timing of the Decision	The official decision is planne	d on 30 May 2017	

Date of template version: 2016-03-01

3.2 Timing of the Publication	The decision will be published within 10 working days after the decision is taken.		
3.3 Disclosure	The decision will be published on the website of the National Bank of Slovakia and will be also delivered via mail to all the identified O-SIIs.		
3.4 Timing of Application	Under Article 33d of the Slovak Banking Act (Article 131(12) CRD IV) the list of O-SIIs and the O-SII buffers should be reviewed at least annually. NBS identified O-SIIs in Slovakia and set the O-SII buffer and the systemic risk buffer for these institutions first in May 2015, with the activation of the measures from 1 January 2016. The decision to reset O-SII buffers based on the annual revision should be applicable from 1 January 2018.		
3.5 Phasing in	As this decision is about to reset O-SII buffers, there is no phase-in planned and the O-SII buffers will be fully applied from 1 January 2018.		
3.6 Review of the measure	The next decision should be taken in May 2018.		
4. Reason for	O-SII identification and activati	on of the O-SII buffer	
4.1 Scores of	Bank	Overall score (in basis points)	
concerned	Všeobecná úv erov á banka, a.s.	2 155	
institution or	Slov enská sporiteľňa, a.s. 1702		
group of	Tatra banka, a.s.	1 359	
institutions, as	Českoslov enská obchodná banka, a.s.	1 173	
per EBA	Poštová banka, a.s.	568	
guidelines on the			
assessment of O-			
SIIs			
(Article 131.3)			
	Please provide information on:		
	I =	ne EBA guidelines on the assessme	
	The EBA guidelines were fully followed when identifying O-SIIs.		
	b. which threshold score has been set to identify O-SIIs		
	<u>-</u>	all number of banks in the Slovak b	panking sector the threshold was
	set to 425 basis points		
	c. which overall score is a	ttributed to the O-SIIs	
	See section 4.1 above	dia ataun la avan la avan van al ta ivantifi v	
	d. which of the optional in decisions, if any, and w	dicators have been used to justify s	supervisory assessment
4.2 Mothodology	1		ns and retail denosits
4.2 Methodology and indicators	<ul><li>3 optional indicators have been used: total RWA, retail loans and retail deposits</li><li>e. why these optional indicators are relevant for the Member State</li></ul>		
used for	e. why these optional indicators are relevant for the Member State  The Slovak banking sector is relatively traditional and conservative, focusing mainly on the		
designation of the	1		-
O-SII	domestic market. Therefore, the retail sector is particularly important for the banks, both on the assets and liabilities side of the balance sheet. Also, risk exposures are a key indicator		
	of the "risk adjusted siz		
(Article 131.3)	f. why the bank is systemically important in terms of those particular optional indicators		
	The indicators have be	en included to better capture the sp	ecificities of the whole banking
	sector. Therefore, there	is no single bank that can be point	ted out in this regard.
	g. whether relevant entities with relative total assets not in excess of 0.02% have been		
	excluded from the iden	-	
	-	sector consists only of 13 banks/su	
		nes have been included in the calcu	
		I relevant entities not excluded fron	n the identification process
	I	arate excel file, see 4.1)	
		utions have been included in the ca	
	Non-bank institutions h	ave not been included in the calcula	ation

4.3 Supervisory judgement	O-SIIs have been identified by adding the three optional indicators to the list of the 10 mandatory indicators. These optional indicators have been included in a 5th category (criterion) "optional indicators". The weights have been set in line with the EBA methodology: every criterion has an equal weight and within every criterion all indicators are equally weighted. The list of identified O-SIIs would be the same using only the mandatory indicators or using the adjusted list of indicators divided into 5 criterions.	
4.4 Calibrating the O-SII buffer	Identified O-SIIs are required to maintain a combination of O-SII buffer and SRB (see section 6). The O-SII buffers have been calibrated, together with the SRB, mainly based on the score of the identified institutions.  Compared to the last decision, however, the overall (O-SII and SRB) buffer rate for the identified O-SIIs is decreased by one percentage point. There are two main factors behind this decision:  1. In June 2016 the Macroprudential Forum of the ECB agreed on a methodology that the ECB will use to set the minimum level of the O-SII buffer for O-SIIs identified in SSM countries.  2. The macroprudential authorities in all SSM countries have now identified the O-SIIs in their countries and set the corresponding O-SII buffers. All O-SIIs and their buffers can now be compared for level playing field reasons.  While the ECB methodology sets only the minimum O-SII buffer rate, currently there is a relatively large gap between the targeted buffer rate for Slovak O-SIIs and the minimum ECB rate. To decrease the gap and also to be more in line with the buffer rate of other SSM O-SIIs (relative to their overall score) it has been decided to decrease the buffer rate for Slovak O-SIIs.	
	On the other hand, due to prudential reasons, the buffer rate for the largest O-SIIs in Slovakia is set to be equal to the currently applied buffer rate of 2%.	
4.5 Effectiveness and proportionality of measure	As the decision is only to reset the O-SII buffers and SRB within the annual review, this point is not relevant.	
5. Cross-bord	ler and cross-sector impact of the measure	
5.1 Assessment of cross-border effects and the likely impact on the internal market (Recommendation ESRB/2015/2)	As the decision is only to reset the O-SII buffers and SRB within the annual review, this point is not relevant.	
5.2 Assessment of leakages and regulatory arbitrage within the notifying Member State	As the decision is only to reset the O-SII buffers and SRB within the annual review, this point is not relevant.	
6. Combination	ons and interactions with other measures	
6.1 Combinations between G-SII and O-SII buffers (Article 131.14)	N/A: there are no G-SIIs identified in Slovakia.	

	The SRB have been set for the identified O-SIIs as well. As all O-SIIs are subsidiaries of institution that have been already identified as O-SIIs, based on Article 131(8) CRD IV the maximum O-SII buffer rate is largely limited.				
	buffer rate is largely limited.  Bank	Targeted sum of O-SII buffer and SRB	Structure of the buffer from 1 January 2018		1 January 2018
6.2 Combinations with SRB buffers	Všeobecná úv erov á banka, a.s.	2%	1% O-SII buffer + 1% SRB		
	Slov enská sporiteľňa, a.s.	2%	1% O-SII buffer + 1% SRB		
(Article 131 1/1 ±	Tatra banka, a.s.	1.5%	0.5% O-SII buffe	er + 1% SRB	
(Article 131.14 + Article 133.5)	Českoslov enská obchodná banka, a.s.	1%	1% O-SII buffer		
Article 133.3)	Poštová banka, a.s.	1%	1% O-SII buffer		
	to all the institution's exposure exposures, it is to be cumulat	s to the institution's total risk exposes in the Slovak Republic. As the ive with the O-SII buffer (Article 1	SRB buffer a 33(5) CRD I	applies only V).	
	Bank	Ultimate parent		G-SII buffer	
	Všeobecná úverová banka, a.s.	Intesa Sanpaolo Spa	0.75%	N/A	
6.3 O-SII	Slovenská sporiteľňa, a.s.	Erste Group Bank AG*	2%	N/A	
requirement for a	Tatra banka, a.s.	Raiffeisen-Landesbanken-Holding GmbG	_		
subsidiary (Article	Českoslov enská obchodná banka, a.s.	KBC Group NV	1.5%		
131.8)	Poštová banka, a.s.	J&T Finance Group SE	Not applied	N/A	
,	-	aiffeisen Bank International should 2018 the level of O-SII buffer for			
6.4 Interaction	No interaction.				
with other					
measures					

7. Miscellaneous	
7.1 Contact person(s) at notifying authority	Ján Klacso, phone: +421 2 5787 2899, mail: jan.klacso@nbs.sk
7.2 Any other relevant information	N/A