The ESRB template on the O-SII and G-SII buffer¹

Notifying national authority (If several designated authorities, please mention all of them)		
1.1 Name of the notifying authority	Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution (ACPR)	
2. Buffer levels and the institution to which they apply		
2.1 Categorisation of measures	Which measure do you intend to implement? - G-SII - O-SII	
2.2 Concerned institution or group of institutions	 On which institution is the measure applied? a. BNP PARIBAS b. N/A: BNP PARIBAS is the parent institution of BNP PARIBAS Group. c. N/A – BNP PARIBAS (BNPP) group has been identified as O-SII and G-SII on a consolidated basis. Associated capital buffer is applicable at the group level ACPR has not identified O-SIIs at a sub-consolidated level. Of course, other foreign supervisory authorities may (have decided to) identify BNPP subsidiaries as O-SIIs. 	
2.3 Level of the buffer applied	For O-SII, the level of the buffer applied to BNPP amounts to 1.5%. This buffer is subject to a 4 year phase-in from 2016 (incl.) to 2019 (incl.). The buffer will be incremented each year by 0.375%. For G-SII, the level of the buffer applied to BNPP amounts to 2%. This buffer is subject to a 4 year phase-in from 2016 (incl.) to 2019 (incl.). The buffer will be incremented each year by 0.25 %. In accordance with article 131 (14), only the highest buffer applies (here, the G-SII buffer).	
2.4 Firm level at which the buffer is applied	Consolidated level.	
2.5 Information on other buffers already in application	None	
2.6 Annual review of the G-SII or O-SII (Articles 131.6 and 131.12)	 Maintained for G-SIIs: Yes Move in between G-SII buckets: No Change of level of O-SII buffer: Not applicable as it is the first designation. 	
3. Rational for activation	of the G-SII and O-SII buffer	
3.1 Description of the G-SII (Article 131.2)	See below	
3.2 Description of the O-SII (Article 131.3)	See below	

¹ To be filled in and submitted for each O-SII/G-SII.

		2014 amounts in bnEUR		
			Amount	Score in bp
		Size		
		Total exposures indicator	2 253	61
		Interconnectedness		
		Intra-financial system assets indicator	254	22
		Intra-financial system liabilities indicator	419	31
		Securities outstanding indicator	336	18
		Substituability		
	for	Assets under custody indicator	4 554	26
designation of the G-SII (Article 131.2 and 131.9)		Payments activity indicator	43 413	14
		Underwriting activity indicator	162	20
		Complexity		
		OTC derivatives indicator	35 229	37
		Level 3 assets indicator (Assets valued using Level 3 measurement inputs)	27	28
		Trading and AFS securities indicator	207	42
		Cross-Jurisdictional activity		
		Cross-jurisdictional claims indicator	989	57
		Cross-jurisdictional liabilities indicator	757	48
		<u>Total</u>	_	<u>405</u>

The identification of credit institutions as O-SIIs was carried out according to the two steps referred in the aforementioned EBA Guidelines. The first step consists in automatic designation of credit institutions whose score exceeds the 3.5% threshold that requires a credit institution to be categorized as O-SII. This process has been applied to BNP Paribas.

Credit institution	Scores (basis points)
BNP Paribas	2 495

3.4 Indicators used for designation of the O-SII (Article 131.3)

Indicator	Weight
Size	25%
Value of Domestic payment transactions	8.33%
Private sector deposits from depositors in the EU	8.33%
Private sector loans to recipients in the EU	8.33%
Value of OTC derivatives (notional)	8.33%
Cross jurisdictional liabilities	8.33%
Cross jurisdictional claims	8.33%
Intra-financial system liabilities	8.33%
Intra-financial system assets	8.33%
Debt securities outstanding	8.33%

3.5 In case of O-SII: Suitability, effectiveness and proportionality of measure (Article 131.7)

ACPR has aimed at ensuring an overall consistency between G-SII and O-SII buffers applied to the four French G-SIIs and continuity for the designated O-SIIs which are not G-SIIs. To ensure level playing field and to reflect the hierarchy between O-SIIs in terms of systemic importance, ACPR has decided to calibrate

	O-SII buffer in relative proportionality with O-SII scores.		
	The French banking system is rather concentrated on a consolidated basis. Four French banking groups have a G-SII status (BNP PARIBAS, SOCIÉTÉ GÉNÉRALE, GROUPE CRÉDIT AGRICOLE and GROUPE BPCE). With the designation of two additional systemic banking groups in France (GROUPE CRÉDIT MUTUEL and LA BANQUE POSTALE, on top of the four G-SIIs), the market share of the 6 designated O-SIIs covers around 83% of the total assets of the French banking system (at the highest level of consolidation).		
3.6 In Case of O-SII, Assessment of likely impact on the internal market (Article 131.6)	So far, the main factor behind credit dynamics in France is the low level of demand for credit from non-financial agents. The increase of capital requirement is mild and should not have any impact on credit distribution.		
4. Combinations and timing of the G-SII or O-SII notified			
4.1 combinations between G- SII and OSII buffers (Article 131.14)	G-SII buffer is the highest.		
4.2 Combinations with SRB buffers (Article 131.14 + Article 133.5)	The "Haut Conseil de Stabilité Financière" (HCSF) is the designated authority in charge of the SRB buffer.		
4.3 Combined buffer requirement (Article 131.16 and Article 131.17)	NA		
4.4 Timing of the measure	As from 1 st January 2016. See above for the phased-in implementation.		
4.5 Review of the measure	One year.		
5. Miscellaneous			
5.1 Disclosure	ACPR website		
5.2 Contact person(s) at notifying authority	Research Directorate, Statistical Studies Division (Etudstat@acpr.banque-france.fr)		
5.3 Any other relevant information			