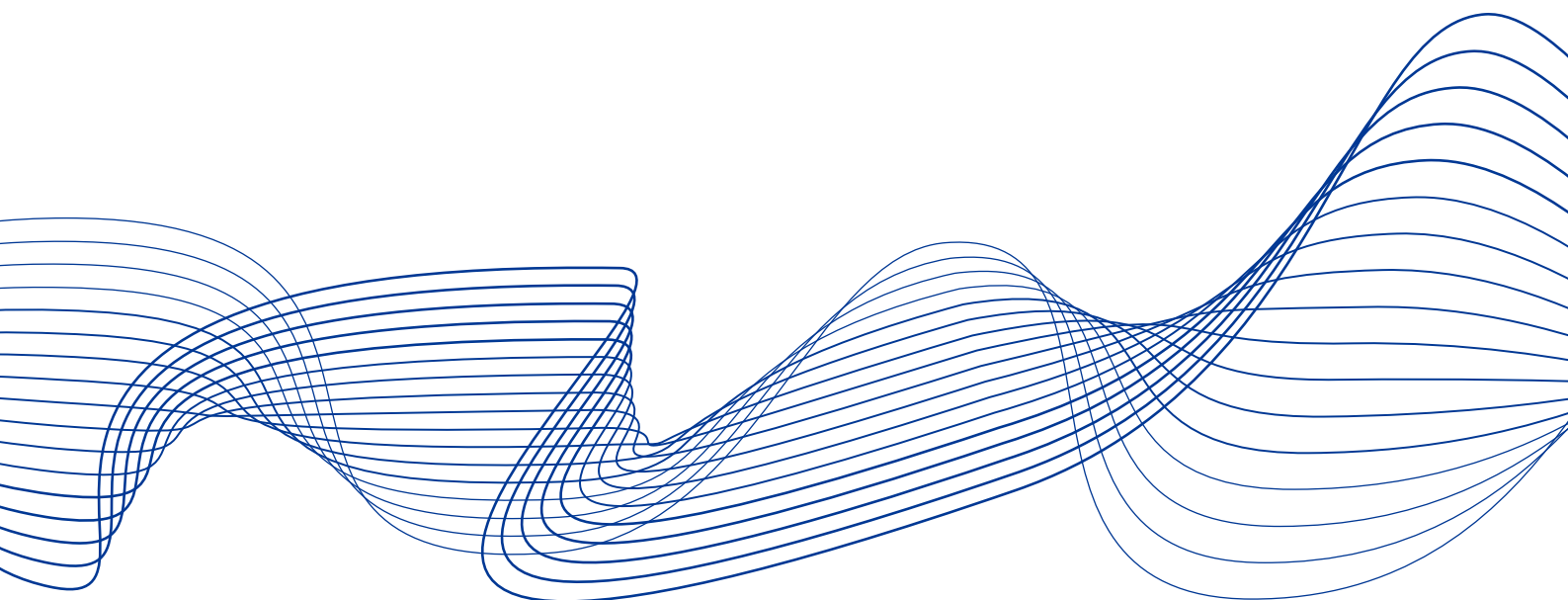


ESRB risk dashboard

Production date: 17 September 2026

DISCLAIMER

The risk dashboard is a set of quantitative indicators and not an early-warning system. Users may not rely on the indicators as a basis for any mechanical form of inference.



ESRB

European Systemic Risk Board

European System of Financial Supervision

Contents

General notes	4
1 Interlinkages and composite measures of systemic risk	5
1.1 Composite indicator of systemic stress	5
1.2 Probability of a simultaneous default	5
1.3.a MFI credits by counterpart sectors - Four-quarter cumulated flows	6
1.3.b MFI credits by counterpart sectors - Outstanding amounts	6
1.4.a MFI deposits by counterpart sector - Four-quarter cumulated flows	7
1.4.b MFI deposits by counterpart sector - Outstanding amounts	7
1.5 MFI credits to general government	8
1.6 MFI loans for house purchase	8
1.7.a Investment funds' holdings of debt securities by counterpart sector - Four-quarter cumulated flows	9
1.7.b Investment funds' holdings of debt securities by counterpart sector - Outstanding amounts	9
1.8.a Investment funds' holdings of equity and investment fund shares by counterpart sector - Four-quarter cumulated flows	10
1.8.b Investment funds' holdings of equity and investment fund shares by counterpart sector - Outstanding amounts	10
1.9 Insurance corporations' assets allocation (including derivative holdings)	11
1.10 Reinsurance part of premiums	11
2 Macro risk	12
2.1 Current and forecast real GDP growth	12
2.2 Domestic credit-to-GDP gap	12
2.3 Current account balance-to-GDP ratio	13
2.4 Unemployment rate	13
2.5.a Aggregate debt-to-GDP ratio - Level	14
2.5.b Aggregate debt-to-GDP ratio - Year-on-Year change	14
2.6 General government debt-to-GDP ratio	15
2.7 General government deficit-to-GDP ratio	15
2.8.a CDS premia on sovereign debt - Historical data	16
2.8.b CDS premia on sovereign debt - Latest data	16
2.9 Government debt service	17
2.10 Household debt-to-gross disposable income ratio	17
2.11 NFC debt-to-GDP ratio	18
3 Credit risk	19
3.1 Annual growth rates of MFIs loans to households	19
3.2 Annual growth rates of MFI loans to NFCs	19
3.3 Cost of borrowing from MFIs for households (for house purchase)	20
3.4 Cost of borrowing from MFIs for NFCs	20
3.5 Lending margins of MFIs - loans to households (for house purchase)	21
3.6 Lending margins of MFIs - loans to NFCs	21
3.7 Changes in credit standards for loans to households (for house purchase)	22
3.8 Changes in credit standards for loans to NFCs	22
3.9 Option-adjusted spreads on euro area corporate bonds	23
3.10 Expected default frequency of the corporate sector	23
3.11.a Foreign currency loans - By currency	24



3.11.b Foreign currency loans - By sector	24
3.11.c Foreign currency loans - Annual changes	25
3.12 Over/undervaluation of residential property prices	25
3.13 Change in nominal residential property prices	26
3.14 Insurance groups' credit quality steps	26
4 Funding & Liquidity	27
4.1 Interbank interest rate spread	27
4.2 EUR/USD cross-currency basis swap spreads	27
4.3 Banks' funding by central banks	28
4.4 Money markets and the Eurosystem's standing facilities	28
4.5 Maturity profile of banks' outstanding debt securities	29
4.6 Banks' long-term debt securities issuance by type of bond	29
4.7 Loan-to-deposit ratio	30
4.8 CDS spread of senior and subordinated debt	30
4.9 Insurance groups' liquid asset ratio	31
5 Market risk	32
5.1 Equity indices	32
5.2 Price/earnings ratio of equity indices	32
5.3 Exchange rate volatility	33
5.4 Short-term interest rates - implied volatility	33
5.5 Long-term interest rates - implied volatility	34
5.6 Insurance groups' assets and liabilities duration	34
6 Profitability and Solvency	35
6.1.a Banking groups' profitability indicators - Return on equity	35
6.1.b Banking groups' profitability indicators - Return on assets	35
6.1.c Banking groups' profitability indicators - Cost-income ratio	36
6.1.d Banking groups' profitability indicators - Net interest income to total operating income	36
6.2.a Banking groups' solvency, liquidity and balance sheet structure indicators - CET1 ratio	37
6.2.b Banking groups' solvency, liquidity and balance sheet structure indicators - Gross non-performing loans and advances to total of gross loans and advances	37
6.2.c Banking groups' solvency, liquidity and balance sheet structure indicators - Liquidity Coverage Ratio	38
6.2.d Banking groups' solvency, liquidity and balance sheet structure indicators - Asset encumbrance ratio	38
6.3.a Insurance groups' profitability indicators - Return on equity	39
6.3.b Insurance groups' profitability indicators - Combined ratio - non-life insurance	39
6.3.c Insurance groups' profitability indicators - Expense ratio - non-life insurance	40
6.3.d Insurance groups' profitability indicators - Loss ratio - non-life insurance	40
6.4.a Insurance groups' solvency indicators - Solvency ratio	41
6.4.b Insurance groups' solvency indicators - Excess of assets over liabilities	41
6.5 Insurance groups' quality of own funds	42
7 Structural risk	43
7.1 Banking sector size	43
7.2 Banking sector leverage	43
7.3 Growth of components of the EU financial sector	44
7.4 Total assets of investment funds and OFIs	44
7.5 Total assets of investment funds and OFIs in the EU	45
7.6 Non-MMF investment funds ratio of short term assets to short term liabilities	45



7.7.a Insurance groups' profitability indicators - Gross premiums written - Life insurance	46
7.7.b Insurance groups' profitability indicators - Gross premiums written - Non-life insurance	46

8 Risk related to central counterparties **47**

8.1 Prefunded default resources	47
8.2 Haircut policies	47
8.3 Collateral policies	48
8.4 Liquidity policies: qualifying liquid resources to the estimated largest payment obligation	48
8.5 Liquidity policies: cash ratio	49
8.6 Concentration at CCP level	49
8.7 Interoperability arrangements	50
8.8 Share of client clearing	50
8.9 Cash reinvestment policies	51

Imprint **52**

List of countries and aggregates	52
List of acronyms	52
List of CCPs and abbreviations	52



General notes

The ESRB risk dashboard is a set of quantitative and qualitative indicators of systemic risk in the EU financial system. The composition and presentation of the ESRB risk dashboard were reviewed in the fourth quarter of 2019.

Unless otherwise indicated, all data series including observations for 2026 relate to the group of 21 countries that are members of the euro area.

For statistics based on the balance sheet of the monetary financial institution (MFI) sector, as well as statistics on financial markets and interest rates, the series relate to the composition of the EU/euro area in the period covered (changing composition).

Statistics based on the balance sheet of the MFI sector are unconsolidated.

Introductory note to the Section "8. Risk related to central counterparties"

The following indicators on central counterparties (CCPs) are designed to provide a macroprudential, systemic perspective over time on CCPs' default resources, collateral, procyclicality of margins and haircuts, interoperability arrangements and concentration of clearing members. The indicators cover 20 CCPs, where 13 CCPs are from the EU. Furthermore, three CCPs are from the United Kingdom, one from Switzerland, one from Hongkong and two US CCPs as they are also used to a large extent by counterparties from the EU. Differences across CCPs may reflect differences in business models, membership structure and products cleared. The ESRB Occasional Paper No. 14 provides further detail on the rationale, the computation of these indicators and open questions. The data from which these indicators were computed are published by CCPs according to the CPMI - IOSCO Public Quantitative Disclosure Framework (PQD) and have not been verified by the ESRB.

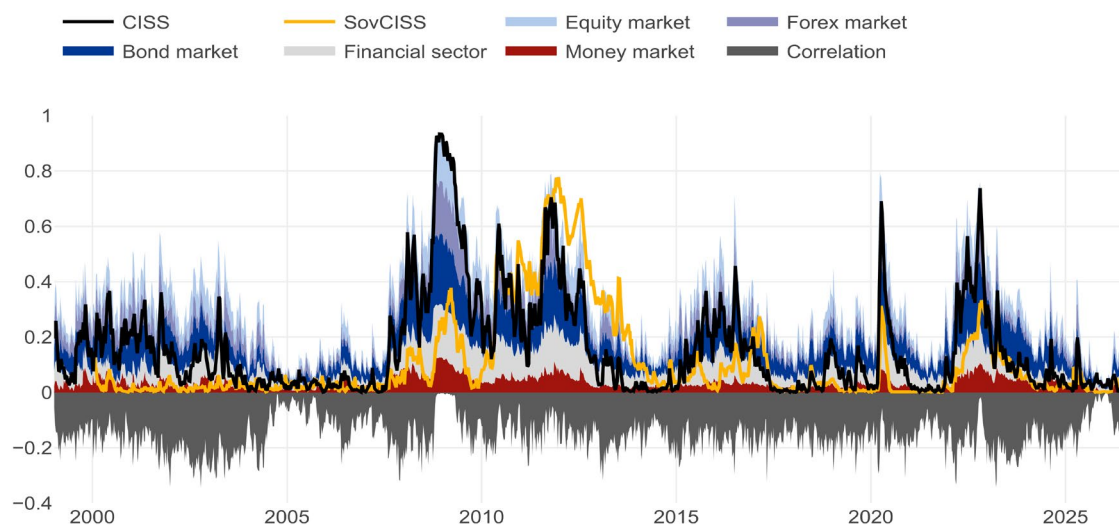
The accuracy of the following indicators may be affected by data quality issues in the underlying Public Quantitative Disclosure data. Furthermore, the ESRB Secretariat cannot rule out the presence of errors owing to the non-standardised nature of the source data.



1 Interlinkages and composite measures of systemic risk

1.1 Composite indicator of systemic stress

(Euro area; indicator)



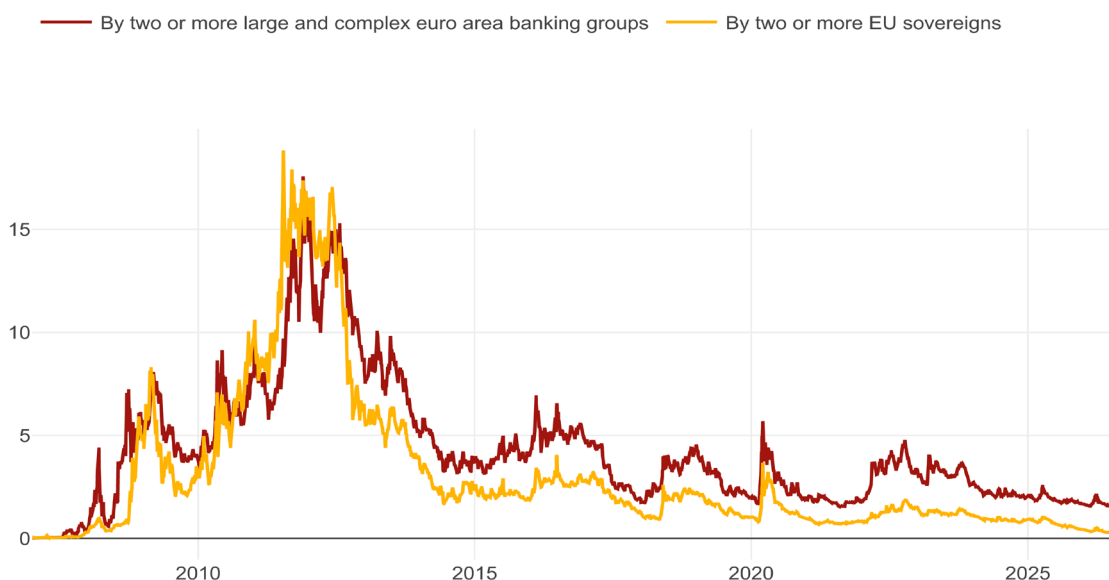
Last observation: 17 September 2026

Source: LSEG, ECB and ECB calculations.

Note: The CISS is unit-free and constrained to lie within the interval (0, 1). See Hollo, D., Kremer, M. and Lo Duca, M., "CISS - a composite indicator of systemic stress in the financial system", Working Paper Series, No 1426, ECB, March 2012. The Sovereign CISS applies the same methodological concept of the CISS. On aggregation of different measures of stress in different euro area sovereign bond markets see García-de-Andoain, C. and Kremer, M., "Beyond spreads: measuring sovereign market stress in the euro area", Economics Letters, Vol. 159, 2017, pp. 153-156.

1.2 Probability of a simultaneous default

(EU; probability of default; percentage points)



Last observation: 15 September 2026

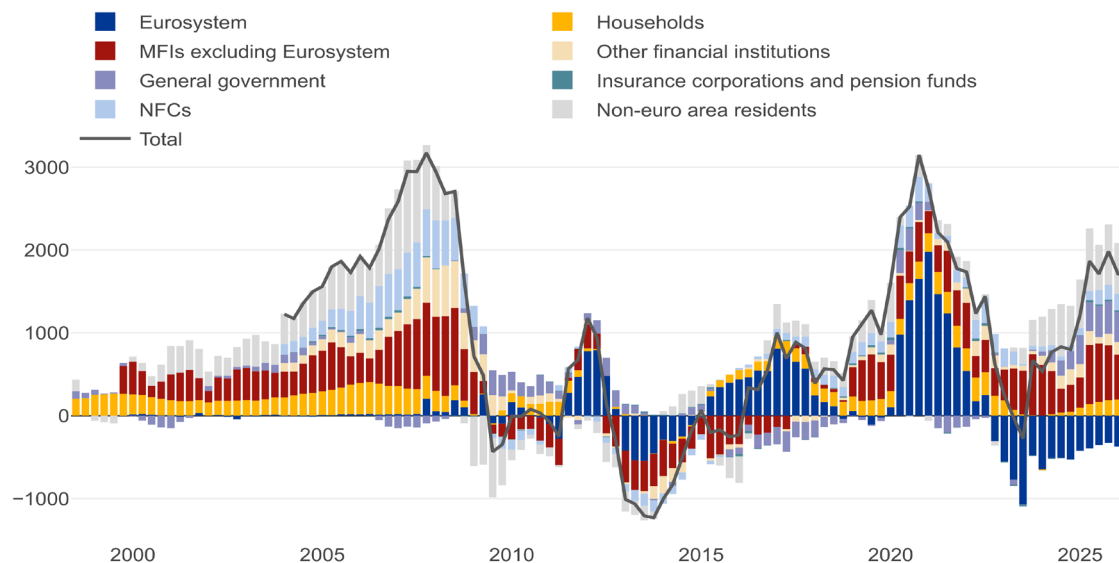
Source: ICE (former CMA) and ECB calculations.

Note: See Box 8, Financial Stability Review, ECB, June 2012.



1.3.a MFI credits by counterpart sectors - Four-quarter cumulated flows

(Euro area; EUR billions)



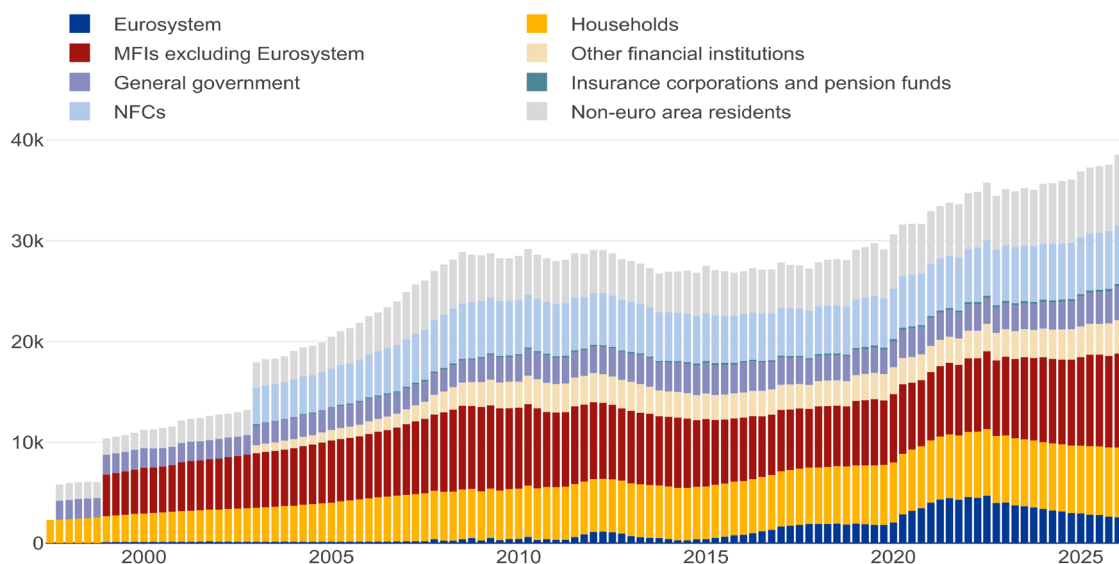
Last observation: Q2 2026

Source: ECB.

Note: 1) MFIs excluding the Eurosystem. 2) Credit comprises loans and holdings of securities. 2) Eurosystem credit comprises only loans. 3) Households include non-profit institutions serving households.

1.3.b MFI credits by counterpart sectors - Outstanding amounts

(Euro area; EUR billions)



Last observation: Q2 2026

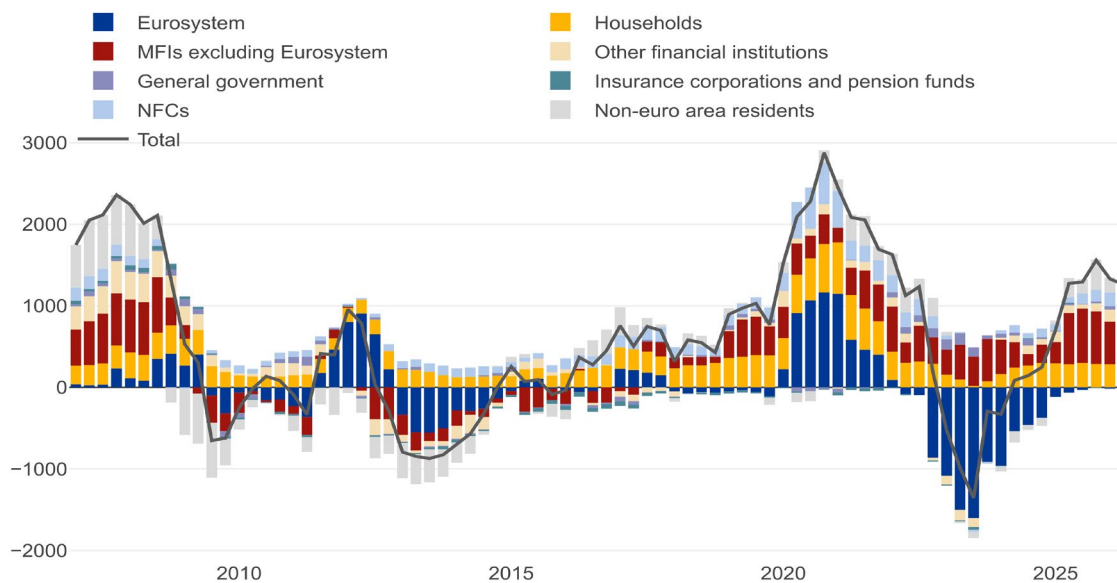
Source: ECB.

Note: 1) MFIs excluding the Eurosystem. 2) Credit comprises loans and holdings of securities. 2) Eurosystem credit comprises only loans. 3) Households include non-profit institutions serving households.



1.4.a MFI deposits by counterpart sector - Four-quarter cumulated flows

(Euro area; EUR billions)



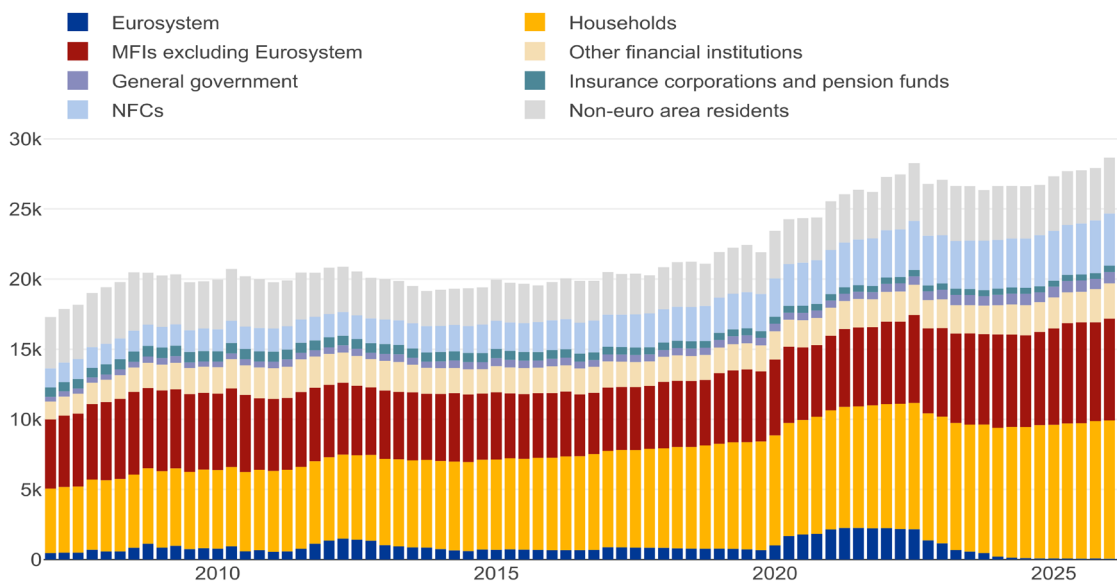
Last observation: Q2 2026

Source: ECB.

Note: 1) MFIs excluding the Eurosystem. 2) Households include non-profit institutions serving households.

1.4.b MFI deposits by counterpart sector - Outstanding amounts

(Euro area; EUR billions)



Last observation: Q2 2026

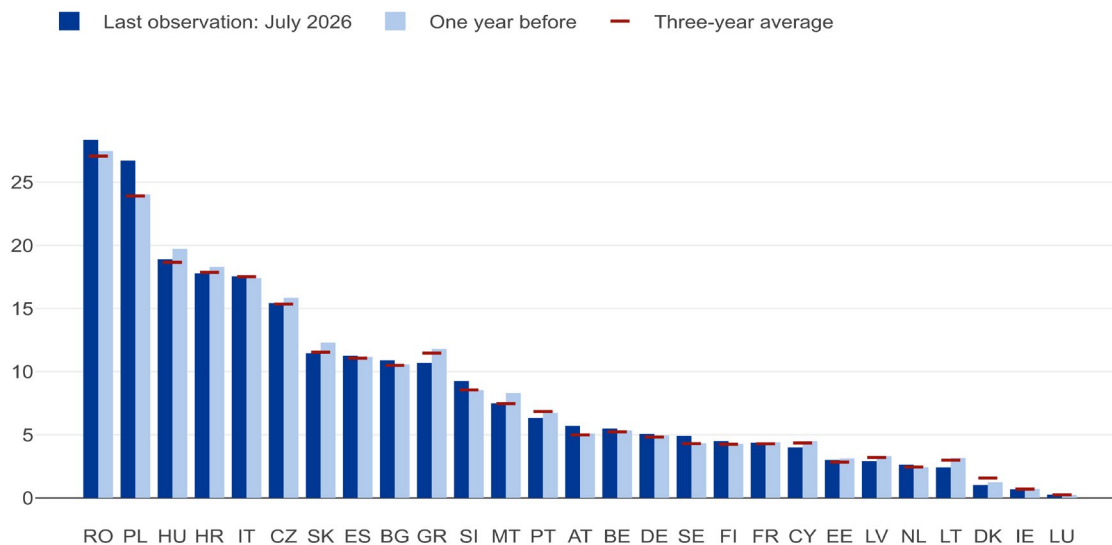
Source: ECB.

Note: 1) MFIs excluding the Eurosystem. 2) Households include non-profit institutions serving households.



1.5 MFI credits to general government

(EU; share of total assets; percentages)



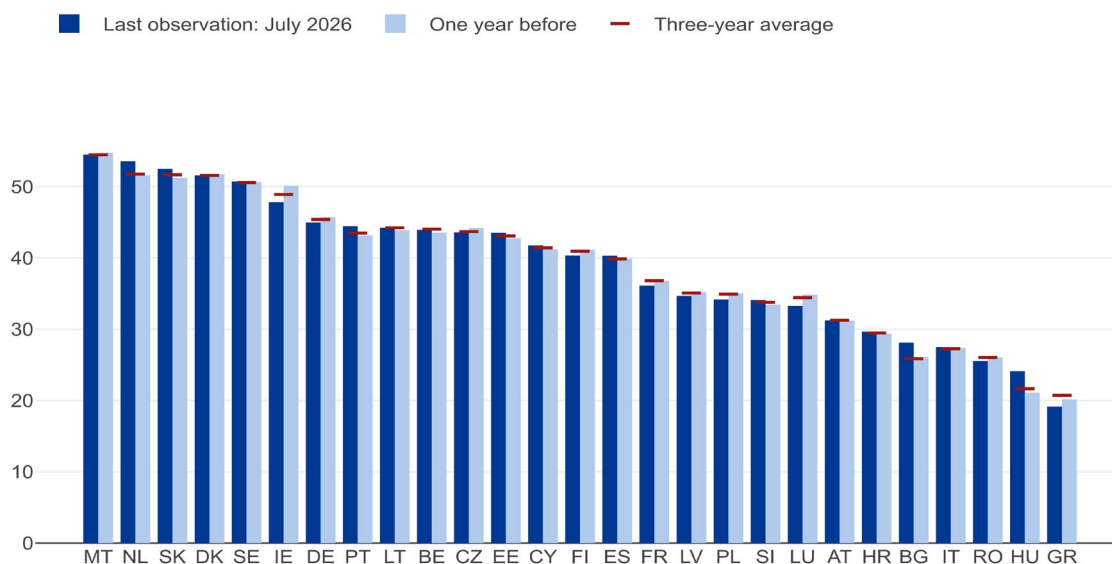
Last observation: July 2026

Source: ECB.

Note: 1) Credit extended by MFIs excluding the ESCB to domestic general government. 2) Credit comprises granted loans and holdings of debt securities issued. 3) Total assets excludes remaining assets. 4) For some countries, such as Italy and France, government-owned agencies mandated to finance primarily public administrations are listed as MFIs.

1.6 MFI loans for house purchase

(EU; share of credit to private sector; percentages)



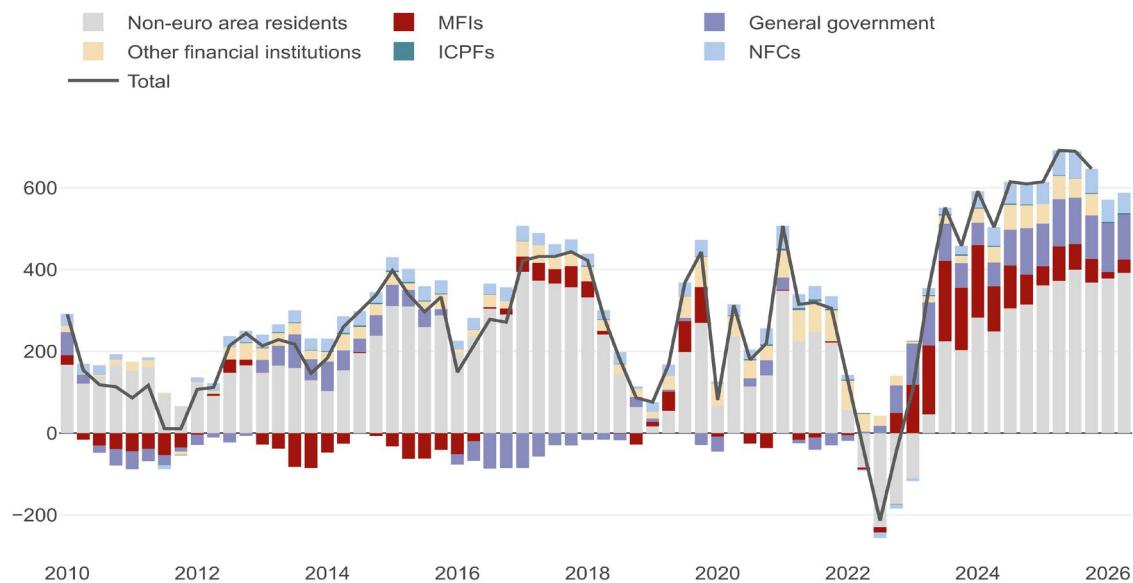
Last observation: July 2026

Source: ECB.

Note: 1) MFIs excluding the ESCB. 2) Data refer to loans granted to domestic households for house purchase purpose. 3) Credit comprises loans and holdings of debt securities.

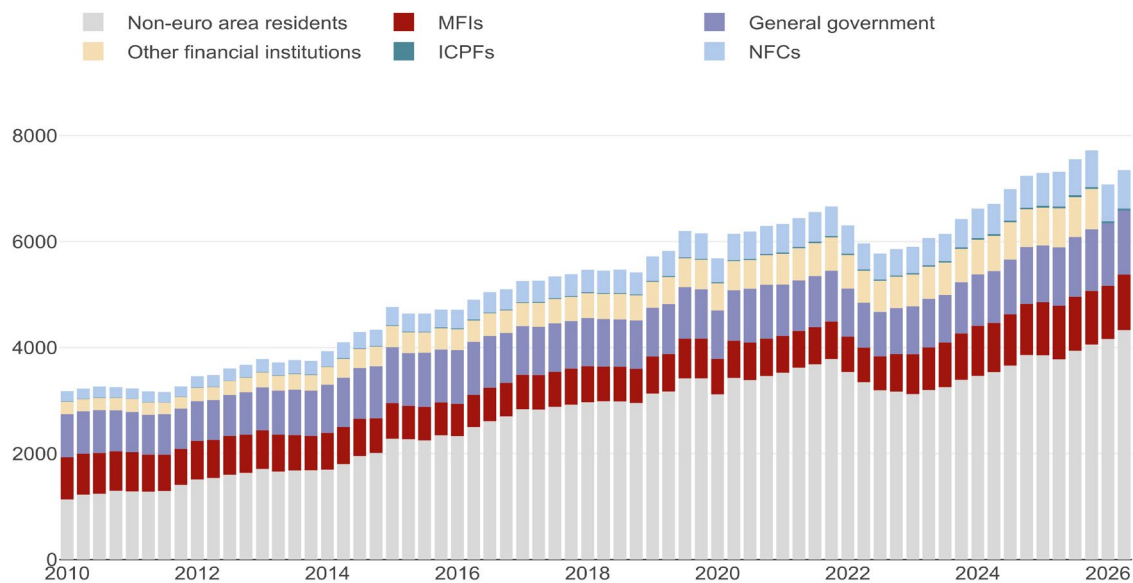


1.7.a Investment funds' holdings of debt securities by counterpart sector - Four-quarter cumulated flows
(Euro area; EUR billions)



Last observation: Q2 2026
Source: ECB.
Note: The indicator for other financial institutions was discontinued as of 2026 Q1 reference period.

1.7.b Investment funds' holdings of debt securities by counterpart sector - Outstanding amounts
(Euro area; EUR billions)

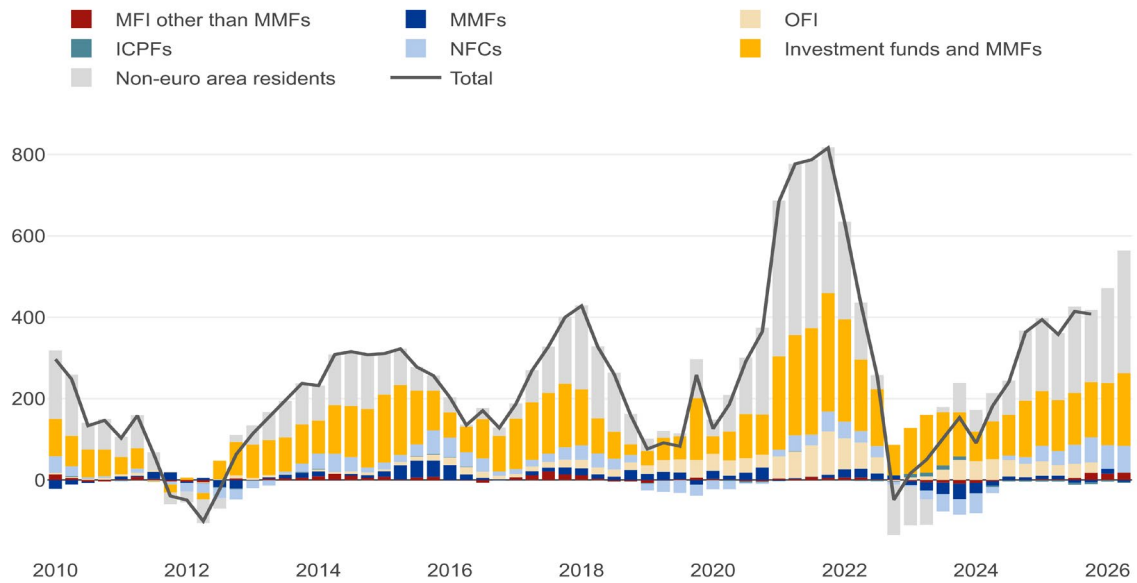


Last observation: Q2 2026
Source: ECB.
Note: The indicator for other financial institutions was discontinued as of 2026 Q1 reference period.



1.8.a Investment funds' holdings of equity and investment fund shares by counterpart sector - Four-quarter cumulated flows

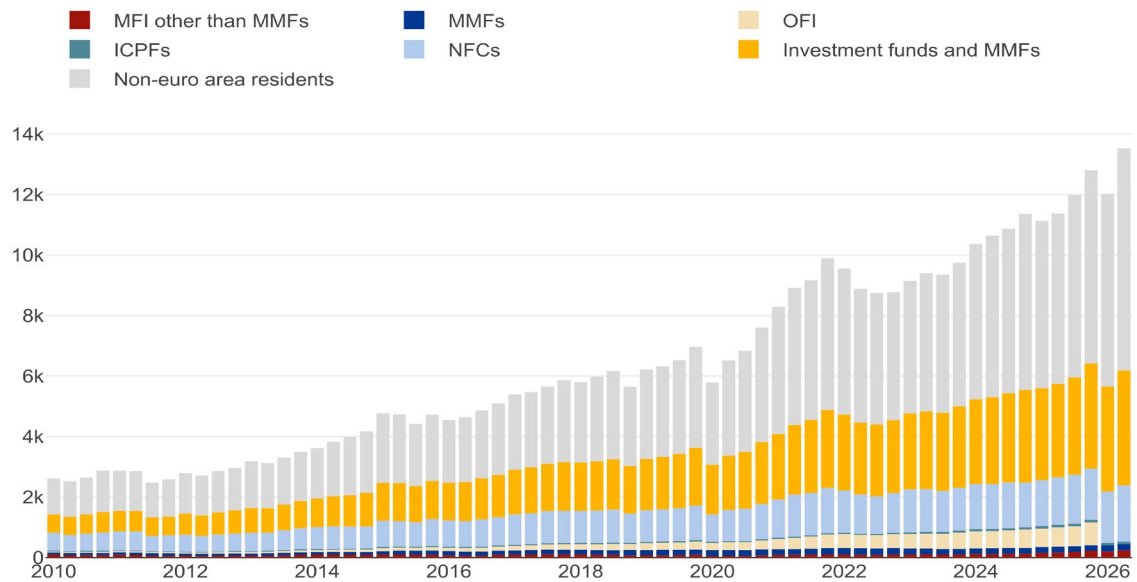
(Euro area; EUR billions)



Last observation: Q2 2026
Source: ECB.
Note: The indicator for other financial institutions (OFI) was discontinued as of 2026 Q1 reference period.

1.8.b Investment funds' holdings of equity and investment fund shares by counterpart sector - Outstanding amounts

(Euro area; EUR billions)

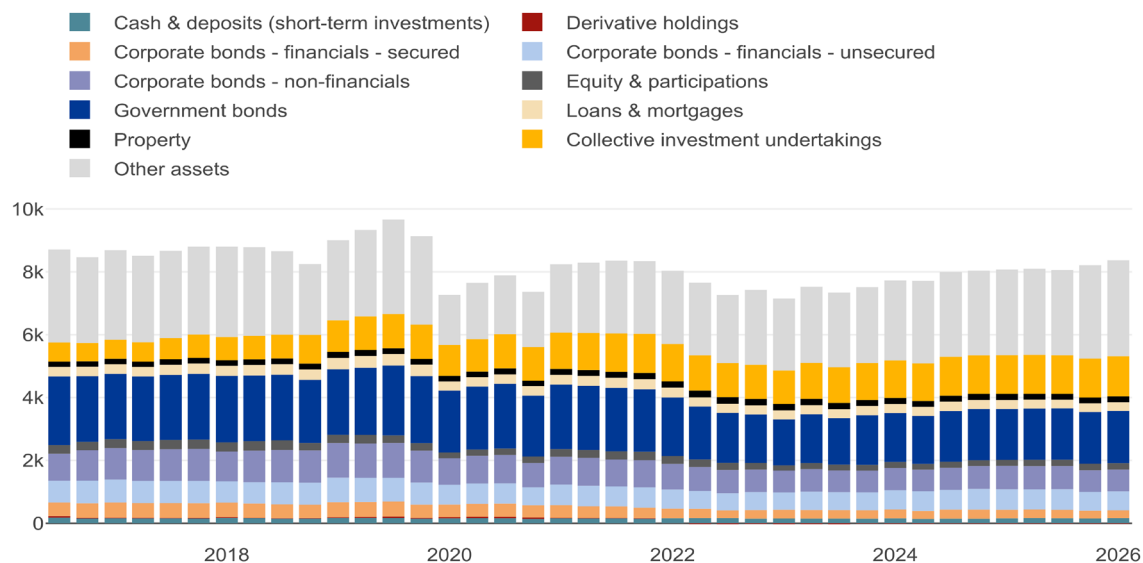


Last observation: Q2 2026
Source: ECB.
Note: The indicator for other financial institutions (OFI) was discontinued as of 2026 Q1 reference period.



1.9 Insurance corporations' assets allocation (including derivative holdings)

(EU; outstanding amounts; EUR billions)



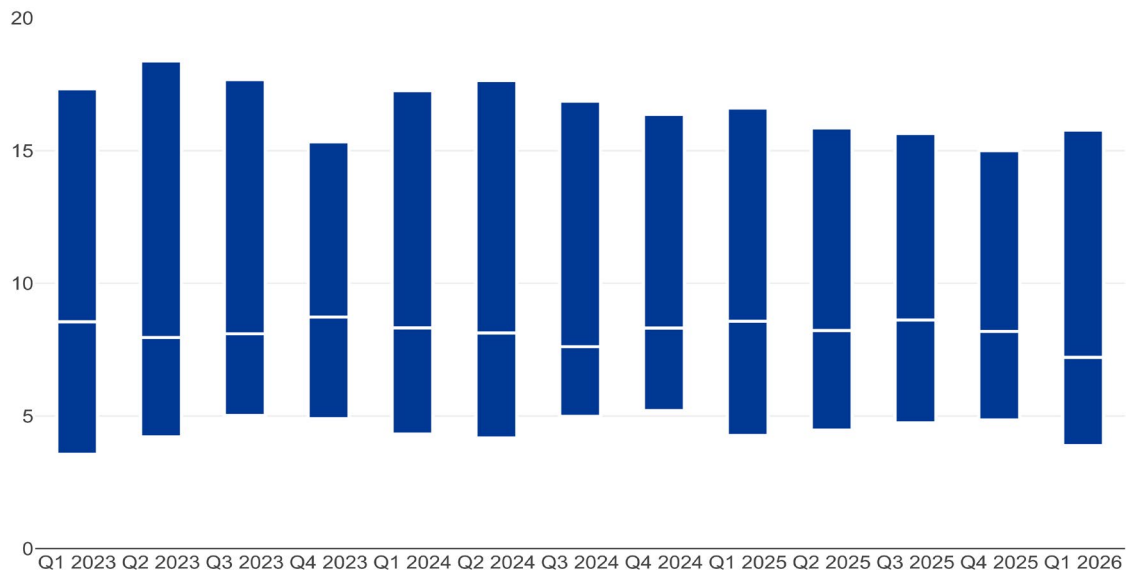
Last observation: Q1 2026

Source: EIOPA, based on Solvency II Reporting.

Note: For more details on the Solvency II reporting please see Annex I to the risk dashboard. The other assets category comprises assets for unit- and index-linked insurance.

1.10 Reinsurance part of premiums

(EU; interquartile range and median; percentages)



Last observation: Q1 2026

Source: EIOPA, based on Solvency II Reporting.

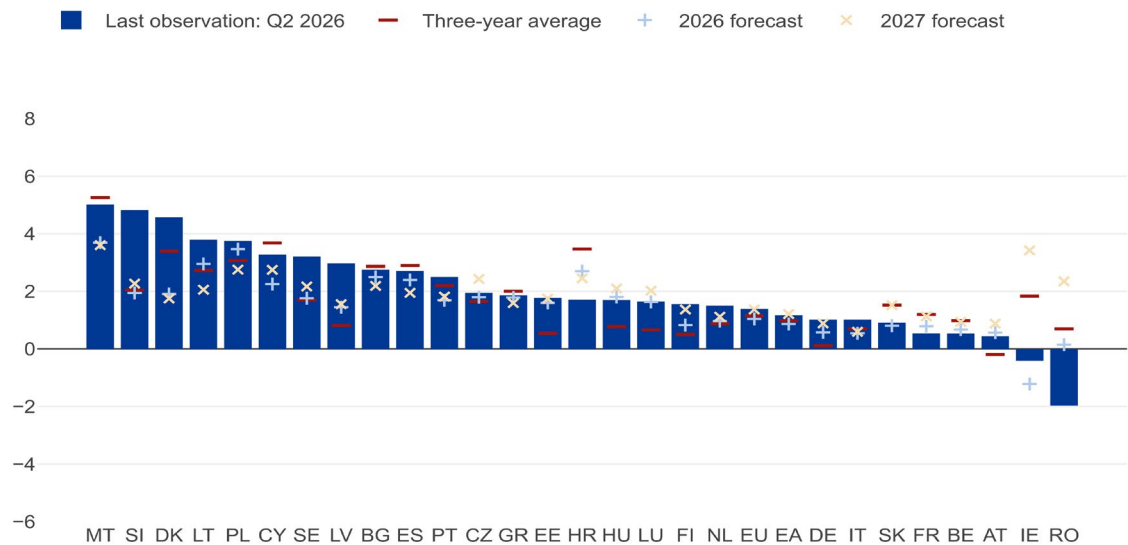
Note: The reinsurance part of premiums is defined as the share of the premiums that is ceded to reinsurers. It is calculated as the complement to 1 of the retention ratio which, in turn is defined as the net premiums written divided by gross premiums written. For more details on the Solvency II reporting please see Annex I to the risk dashboard.



2 Macro risk

2.1 Current and forecast real GDP growth

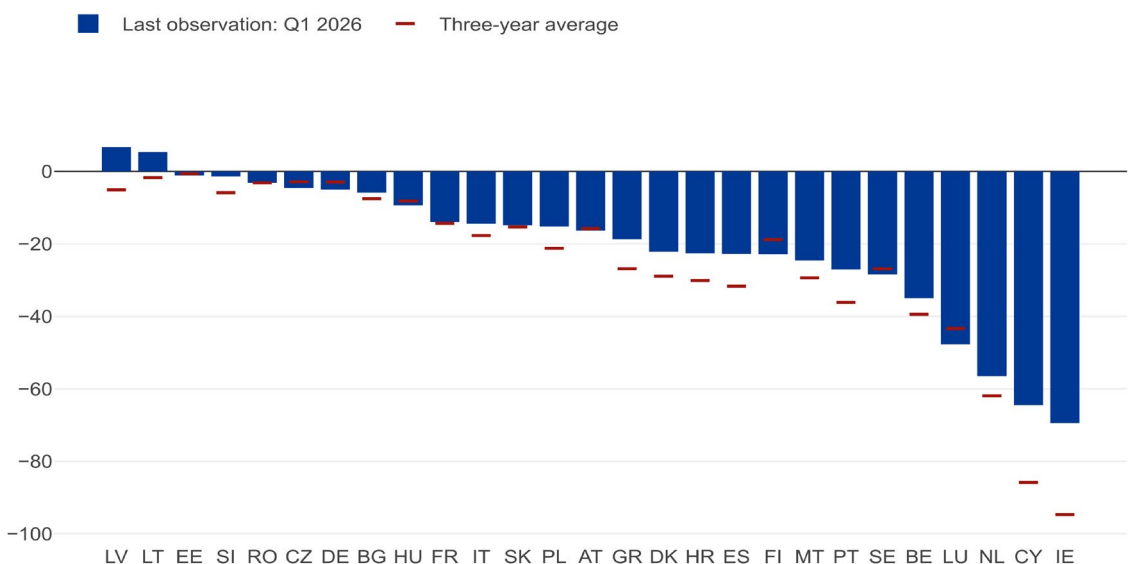
(EU; year-on-year growth; percentage changes)



Last observation: Q2 2026
The following datapoints are based on older data:
(LU, Q1 2026)
Source: European Commission and the European Commission Spring 2026.
Note: The three-year historical average is the average of the year-on-year growth rates over the last 12 quarters.

2.2 Domestic credit-to-GDP gap

(EU; percentage points)

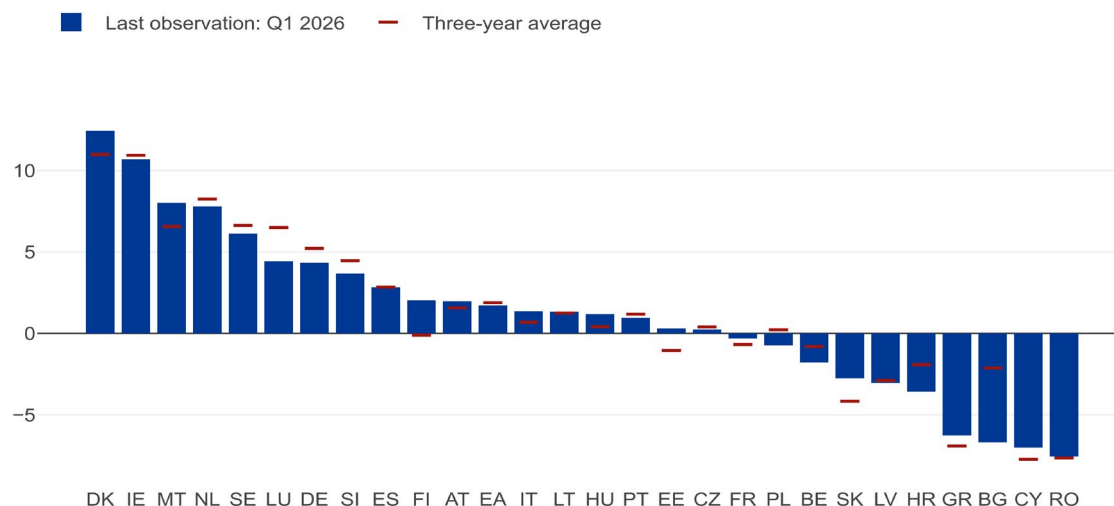


Last observation: Q1 2026
Source: European Commission, BIS, ECB and ECB calculations.
Note: See ESRB recommendation of 18 June 2014 on guidance for setting countercyclical buffer rates (ESRB/2014/1). ECB calculations and national calculations may differ.



2.3 Current account balance-to-GDP ratio

(EU; four-quarter moving sum; percentages)



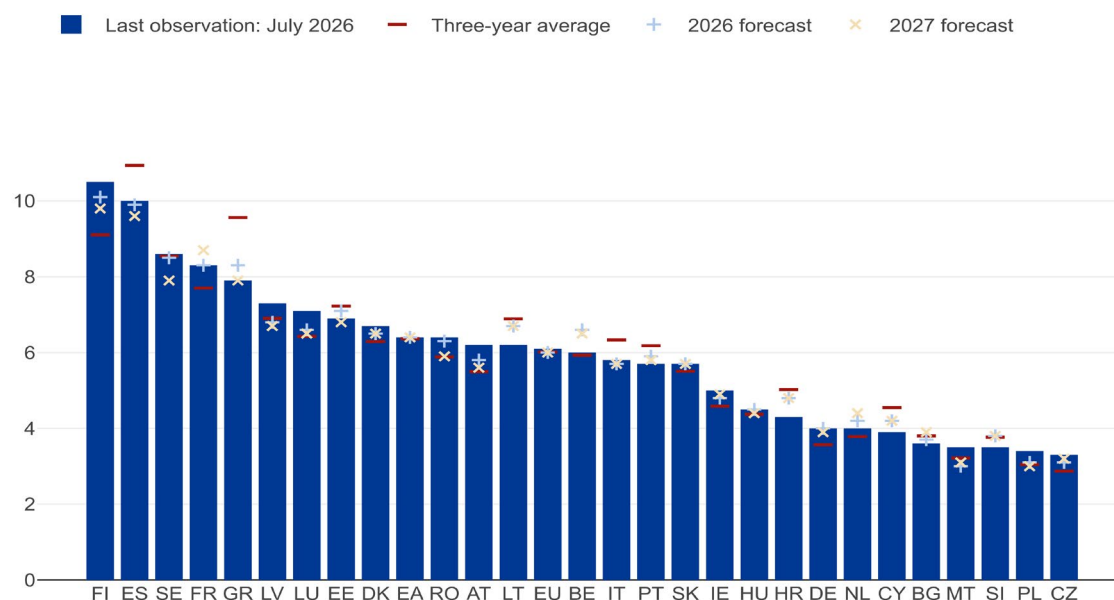
Last observation: Q1 2026

Source: ECB and European Commission.

Note: Quarterly data represent the sum of the four quarters up to and including the quarter of reference. The three-year average is compiled on the basis of the annualised ratio of the last 12 quarters. The indicator includes amounts relating to special purpose entities (SPEs). Large proportions of their activities and their lending and indebtedness practices are not related to the domestic market. For countries with a relevant presence of resident SPEs (in particular CY, HU, IE, LU, MT and NL), the impact on this indicator and its changes can be very significant. Additional information on the effect of SPEs may be obtained from the relevant national compilers.

2.4 Unemployment rate

(EU; seasonally adjusted; percentage of labour force)



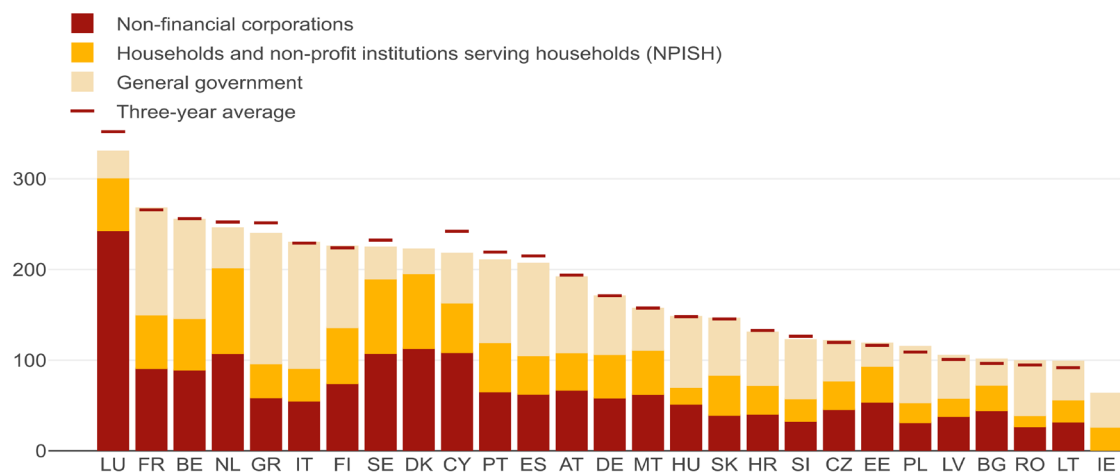
Last observation: July 2026

Source: European Commission and the European Commission forecast.



2.5.a Aggregate debt-to-GDP ratio - Level

(EU; percentage points)



Last observation: Q1 2026

The following datapoints are based on older data:

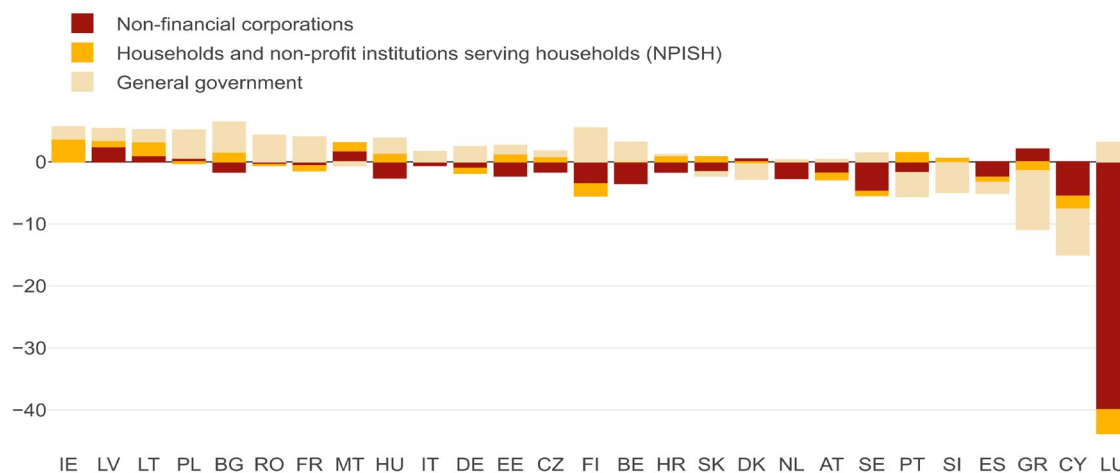
(DK, Q4 2025)

Source: ECB and European Commission.

Note: Debt-to-GDP ratios for NFCs and general government are based on consolidated debt figures. The indicator includes amounts relating to special purpose entities (SPEs). Large proportions of their activities and their lending and indebtedness practices are not related to the domestic market. For countries with a relevant presence of resident SPEs (in particular CY, HU, IE, LU, MT and NL) the impact on this indicator and its changes can be very significant. Additional information on the effect of SPEs may be obtained from the relevant national compilers. DK data for Q1 2026 related to the 'Three-Year Average' is unavailable due to missing underlying data. IE data for 2025-Q4 and 2026-Q1 are suppressed due to confidentiality reasons.

2.5.b Aggregate debt-to-GDP ratio - Year-on-Year change

(EU; percentage points)



Last observation: Q1 2026

The following datapoints are based on older data:

(DK, Q4 2025)

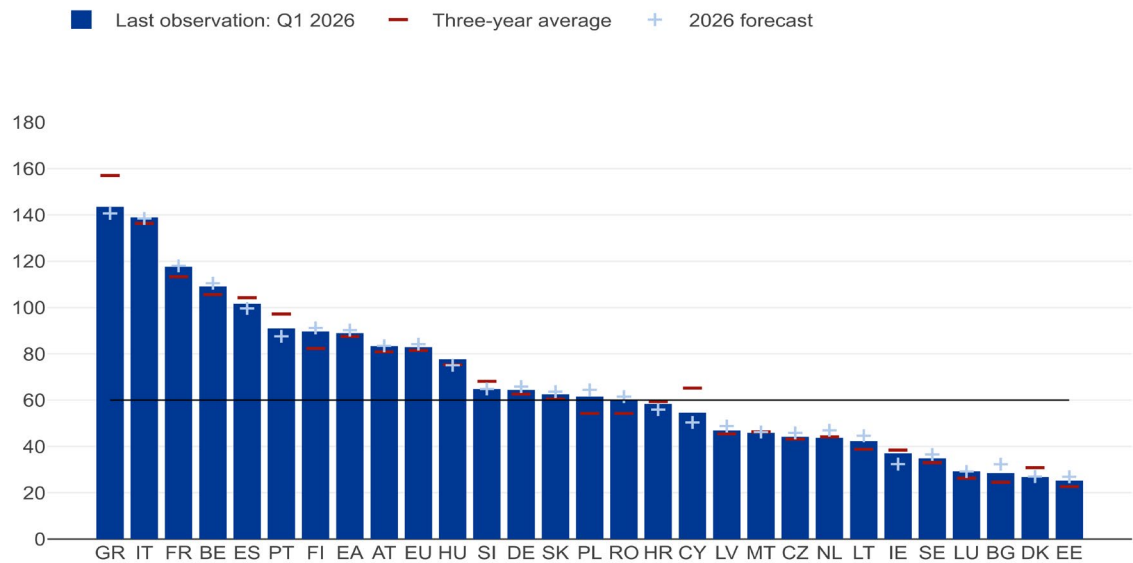
Source: ECB and European Commission.

Note: Debt-to-GDP ratios for NFCs and general government are based on consolidated debt figures. The indicator includes amounts relating to special purpose entities (SPEs). Large proportions of their activities and their lending and indebtedness practices are not related to the domestic market. For countries with a relevant presence of resident SPEs (in particular CY, HU, IE, LU, MT and NL) the impact on this indicator and its changes can be very significant. Additional information on the effect of SPEs may be obtained from the relevant national compilers. DK data for Q1 2026 related to the 'Three-Year Average' is unavailable due to missing underlying data. IE data for 2025-Q4 and 2026-Q1 are suppressed due to confidentiality reasons.



2.6 General government debt-to-GDP ratio

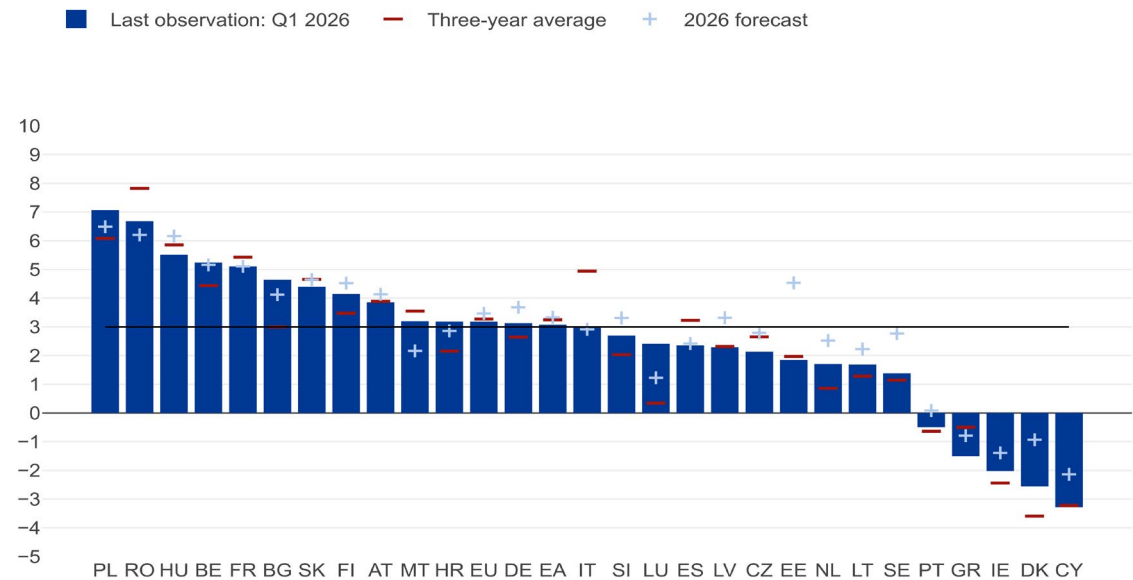
(EU; percentages)



Last observation: Q1 2026
Source: European Commission and the European Commission Spring 2026 forecast.
Note: Intra-general government transactions are consolidated. The black line represents the threshold of 60% for the government debt-to-GDP ratio under the Stability and Growth Pact.

2.7 General government deficit-to-GDP ratio

(EU; four-quarter moving sum; percentages)

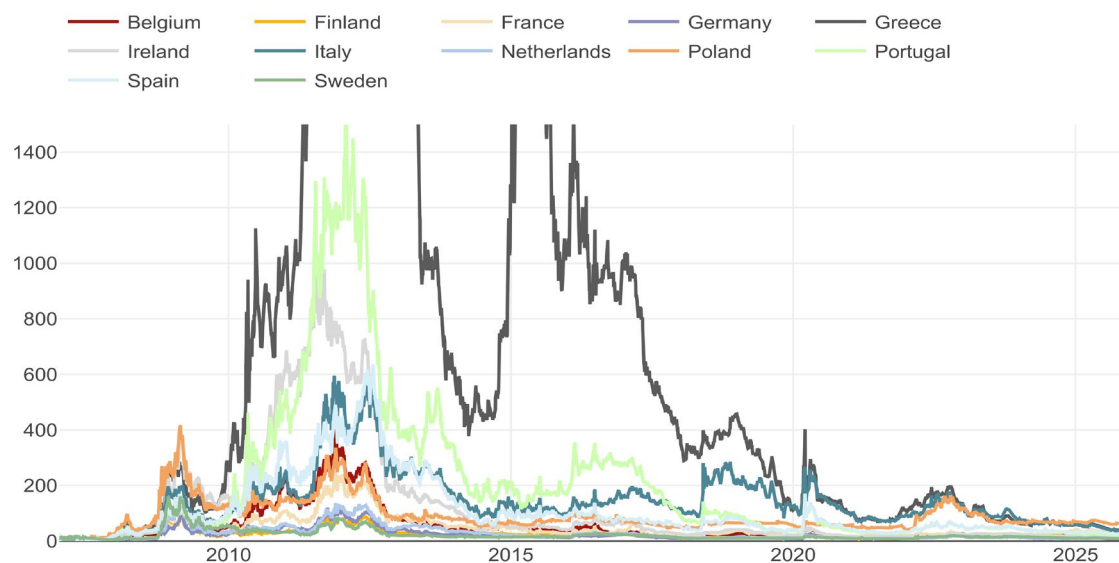


Last observation: Q1 2026
Source: European Commission and the European Commission Spring 2026 forecast.
Note: The black line represents the threshold of 3% for the budget deficit under the Stability and Growth Pact.



2.8.a CDS premia on sovereign debt - Historical data

(Sample of EU countries; five-year maturities; basis points)



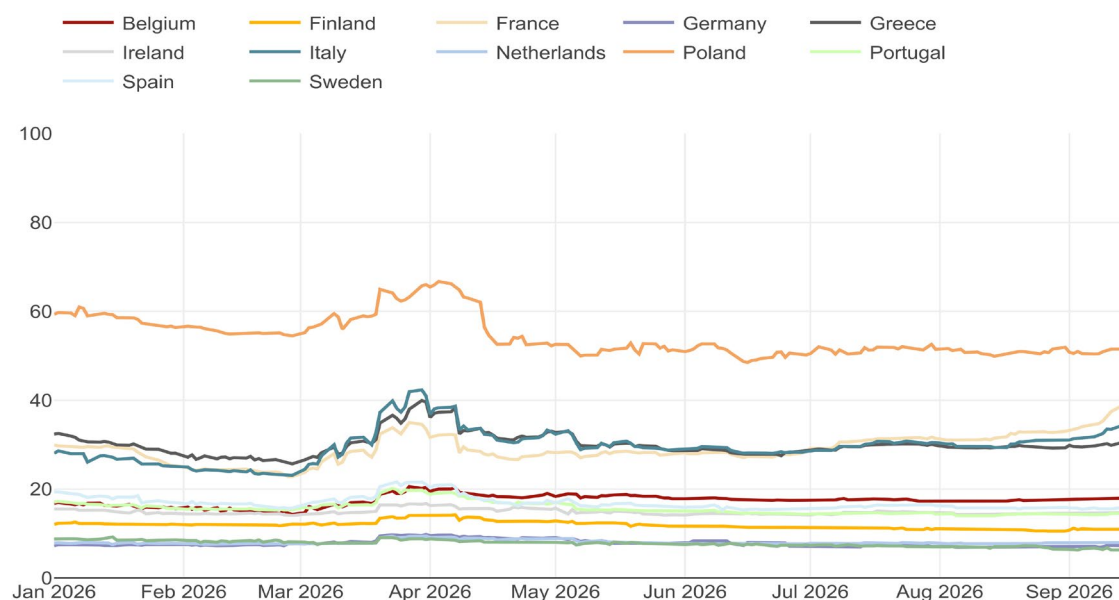
Last observation: 1 January 2026

Source: LSEG.

Note: Greek sovereign CDS were not traded between 9 March 2012 and 11 April 2012 following the decision by the ISDA that a credit event had occurred. Due to the lack of contributors, data were also not available between 1 March and 21 May 2013. For presentational reasons, this chart has been truncated.

2.8.b CDS premia on sovereign debt - Latest data

(Sample of EU countries; five-year maturities; basis points)



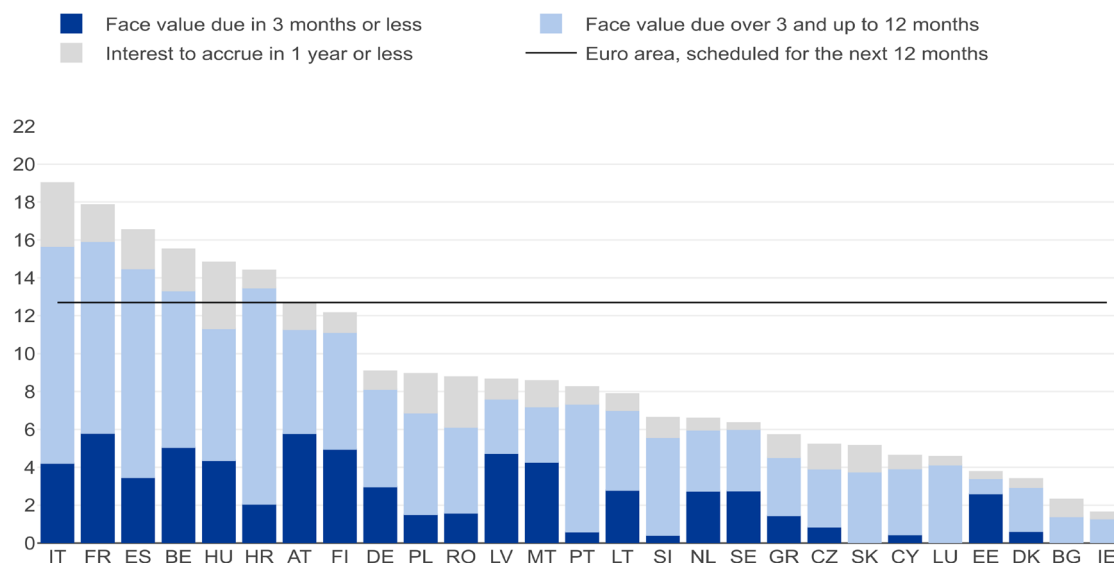
Last observation: 16 September 2026

Source: LSEG.



2.9 Government debt service

(EU; percentage of GDP)



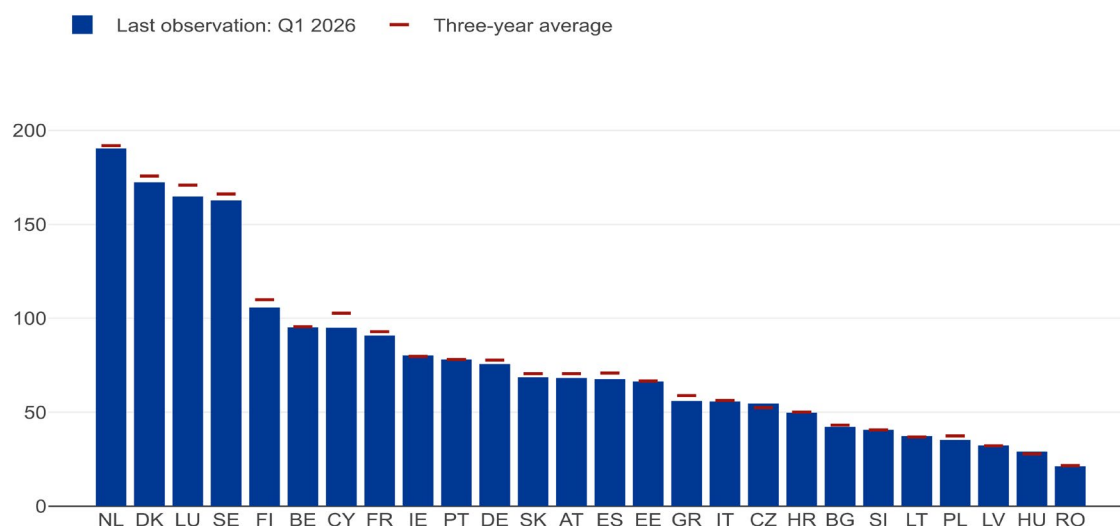
Last observation: July 2026

Source: ECB.

Note: Debt service is a set of payments, including the principal amount and interest, to be made by the debtor over the life of a debt. It is calculated on government debt securities and measured for the coming 12 months.

2.10 Household debt-to-gross disposable income ratio

(EU; percentage points)



Last observation: Q1 2026

The following datapoints are based on older data:

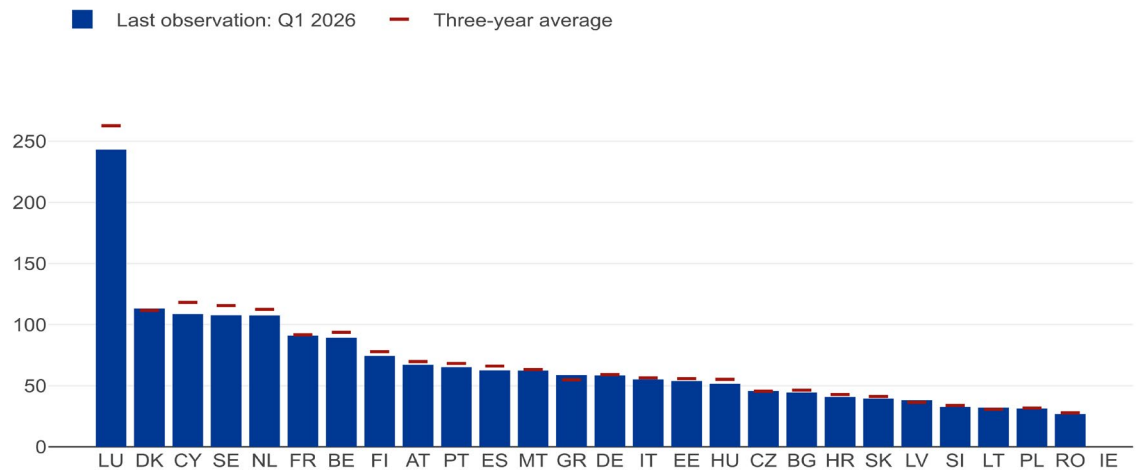
(BG, Q4 2022), (HR, Q4 2024), (CY, Q4 2024), (EE, Q4 2024), (LV, Q4 2024), (LT, Q4 2024), (LU, Q4 2024), (SK, Q4 2024), (SI, Q4 2024)

Source: ECB and European Commission.

Note: Data for MT are not available.



2.11 NFC debt-to-GDP ratio
(EU; percentage points)



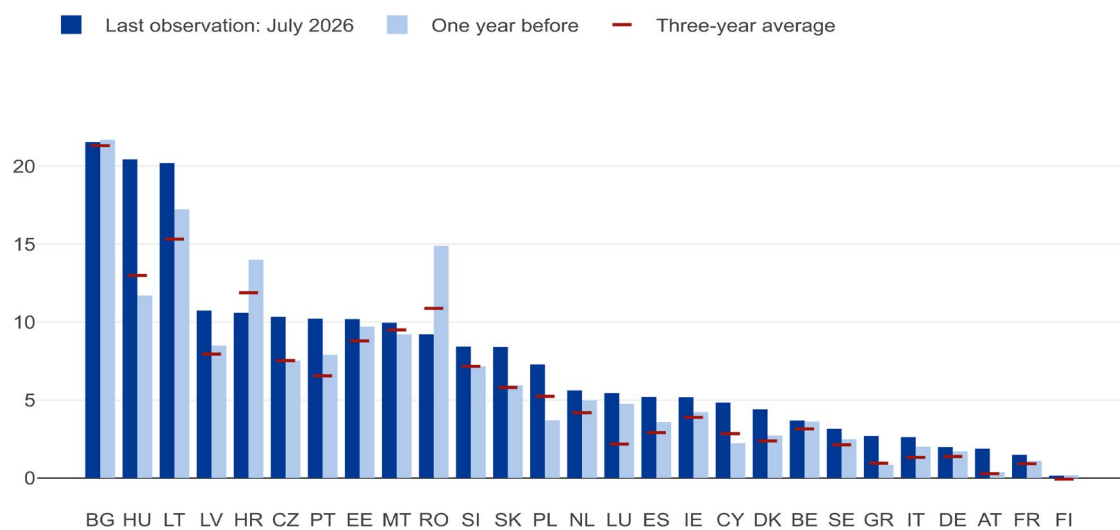
Last observation: Q1 2026
The following datapoints are based on older data:
(DK, Q4 2025)
Source: ECB and European Commission.
Note: Debt-to-GDP ratios for NFCs and general government are based on consolidated debt figures. NL data are consolidated at the level of the resident enterprise group. The indicator includes amounts relating to special purpose entities (SPEs). Large proportions of their activities and their lending and indebtedness practices are not related to the domestic market. For countries with a relevant presence of resident SPEs (in particular CY, HU, IE, LU, MT and NL), the impact on this indicator and its changes can be very significant. Additional information on the effect of SPEs may be obtained from the relevant national compilers. IE data for 2025-Q4 and 2026-Q1 are suppressed due to confidentiality reasons.



3 Credit risk

3.1 Annual growth rates of MFIs loans to households

(EU; percentages)



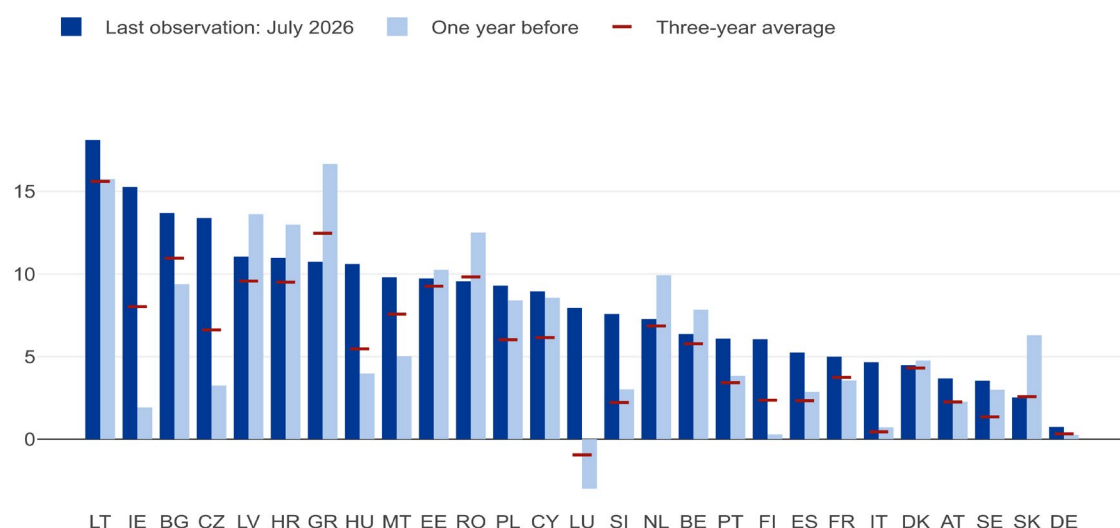
Last observation: July 2026

Source: ECB.

Note: 1) Loans extended by MFIs excluding the ESCB. 2) Data for euro area Member States refer to loans granted to euro area households, while for non-euro area Member States to loans to domestic households. 3) Euro area Member States data are adjusted for loan sales and securitisation (resulting in derecognition from the MFI statistical balance sheet) as well as for positions arising from notional cash pooling services provided by MFIs. 4) The figure is based on growth in the index of notional stocks.

3.2 Annual growth rates of MFI loans to NFCs

(EU; percentages)



Last observation: July 2026

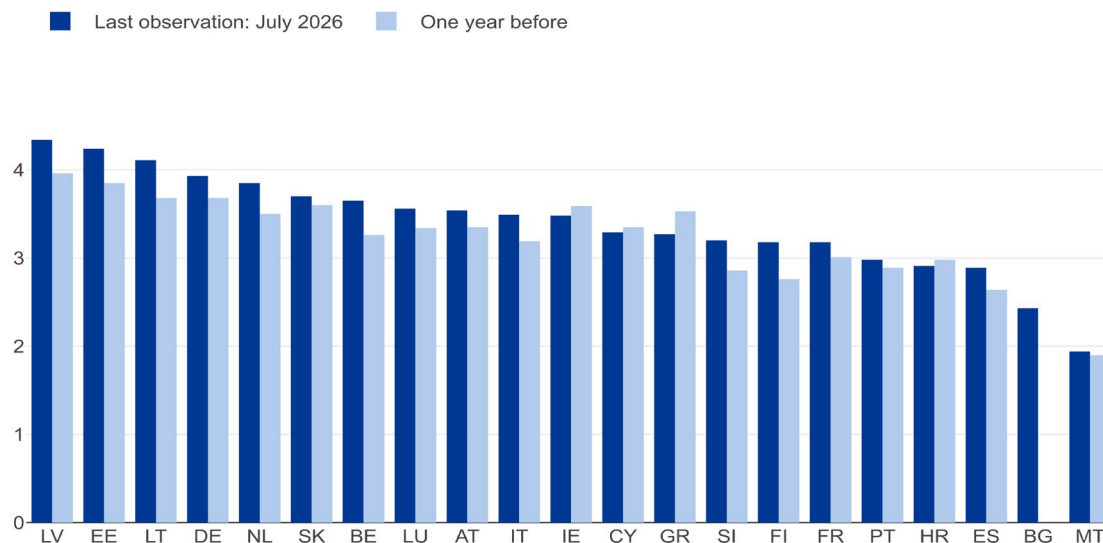
Source: ECB.

Note: 1) Loans extended by MFIs excluding the ESCB. 2) Data for euro area Member States refer to loans granted to euro area NFCs, while for non-euro area Member States to loans to domestic NFCs. 3) Euro area Member States data are adjusted for loan sales and securitisation (resulting in derecognition from the MFI statistical balance sheet) as well as for positions arising from notional cash pooling services provided by MFIs. 4) The figure is based on growth in the index of notional stocks.



3.3 Cost of borrowing from MFIs for households (for house purchase)

(Euro area; percentage points)



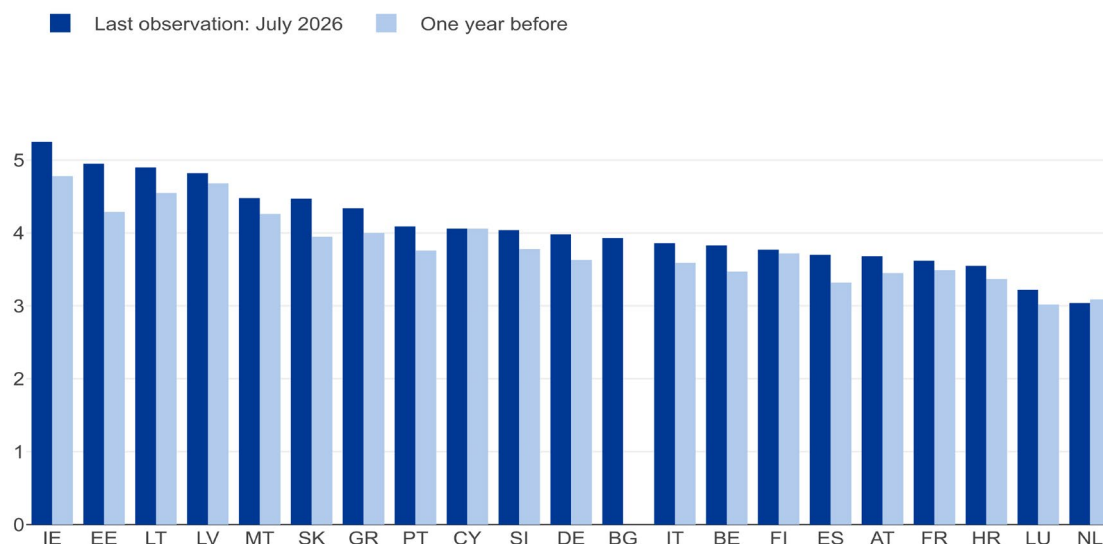
Last observation: July 2026

Source: ECB.

Note: 1) MFIs excluding ESCB. 2) The cost of borrowing from MFIs is calculated as the weighted average of rates on short-term (i.e. initial period of interest rate fixation up to one year) and long-term (i.e. initial period of interest rate fixation over one year) MFI loans, weighted by the volumes of new business (smoothed by the moving average of the previous two years). 3) The BG data is only available starting from Jan. 2026.

3.4 Cost of borrowing from MFIs for NFCs

(Euro area; percentage points)



Last observation: July 2026

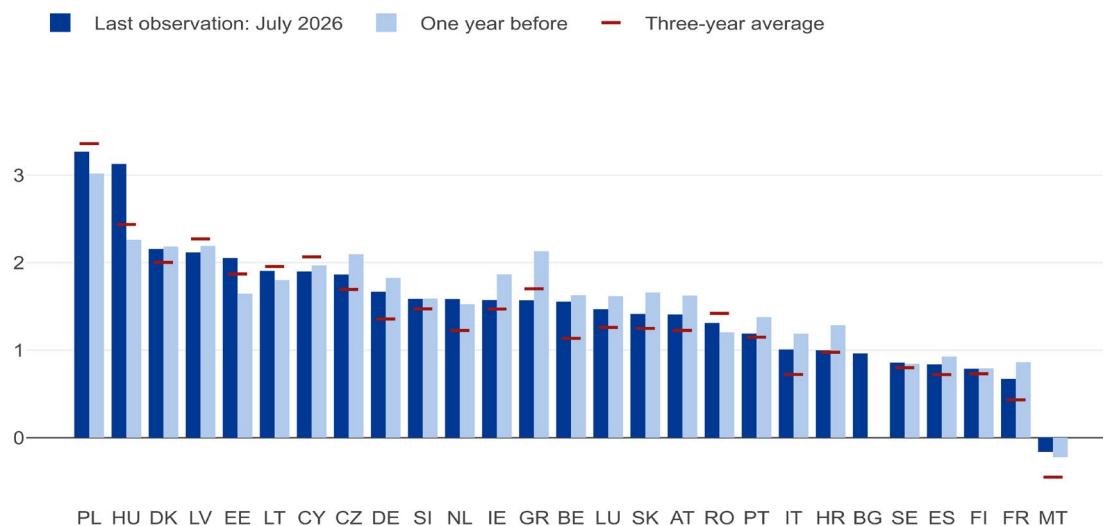
Source: ECB.

Note: 1) MFIs excluding ESCB. 2) The cost of borrowing from MFIs is calculated as the weighted average of rates on short-term (i.e. initial period of interest rate fixation up to one year) and long-term (i.e. initial period of interest rate fixation over one year) MFI loans, weighted by the volumes of new business (smoothed by the moving average of the previous two years). 3) The BG data is only available starting from Jan. 2026.



3.5 Lending margins of MFIs - loans to households (for house purchase)

(EU; percentage points)



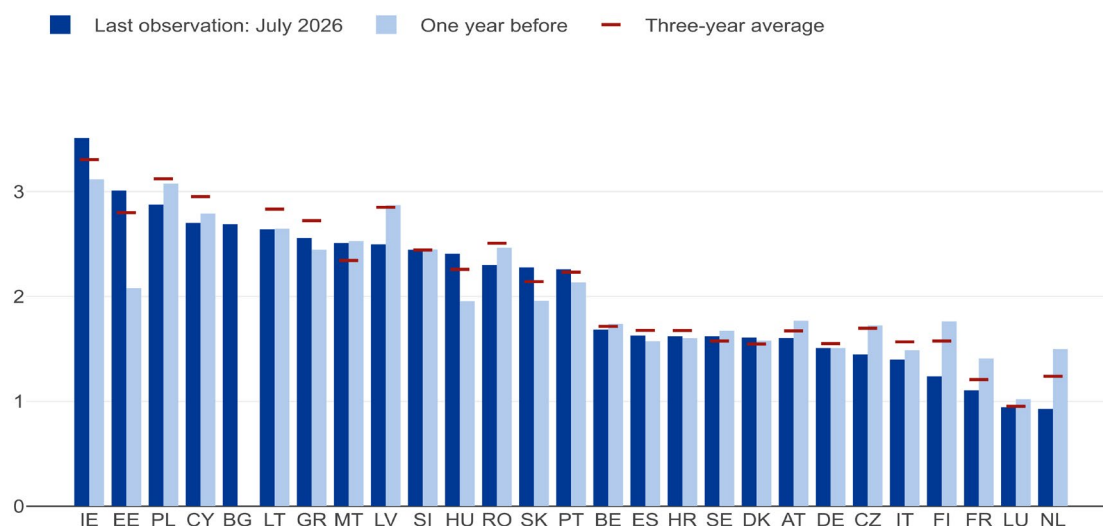
Last observation: July 2026

Source: ECB.

Note: 1) Lending margins are measured as the difference between MFIs' interest rates for new business loans for house purchase and a weighted average rate of new deposits from households. 2) In this chart, new deposits refer to deposits with agreed maturity. 3) For non-euro area countries, rates for loans and deposits in both euro and the national currency are taken into account. 4) For euro area countries, rates refer to loans granted to euro area residents, whereas for non-euro area countries rates refer to loans granted to domestic residents. 5) The BG data is only available starting from Jan. 2026.

3.6 Lending margins of MFIs - loans to NFCs

(EU; percentage points)



Last observation: July 2026

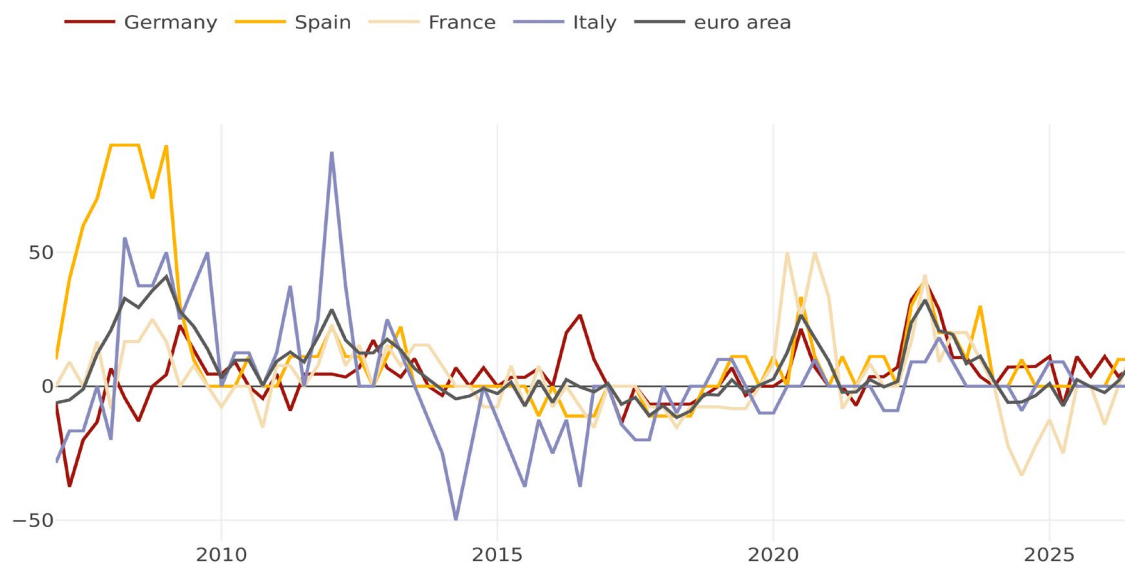
Source: ECB.

Note: 1) Lending margins are measured as the difference between MFIs' interest rates for new business loans to non-financial corporations and a weighted average rate of new deposits from NFCs. 2) In this chart, new deposits refer to deposits with agreed maturity. 3) For non-euro area countries, rates for loans and deposits in both euro and the national currency are taken into account. For euro area countries, rates refer to loans granted to euro area residents, whereas for non-euro area countries rates refer to loans granted to domestic residents. 4) The BG data is only available starting from Jan. 2026.



3.7 Changes in credit standards for loans to households (for house purchase)

(Euro area and four largest euro area countries; net percentage of banks)



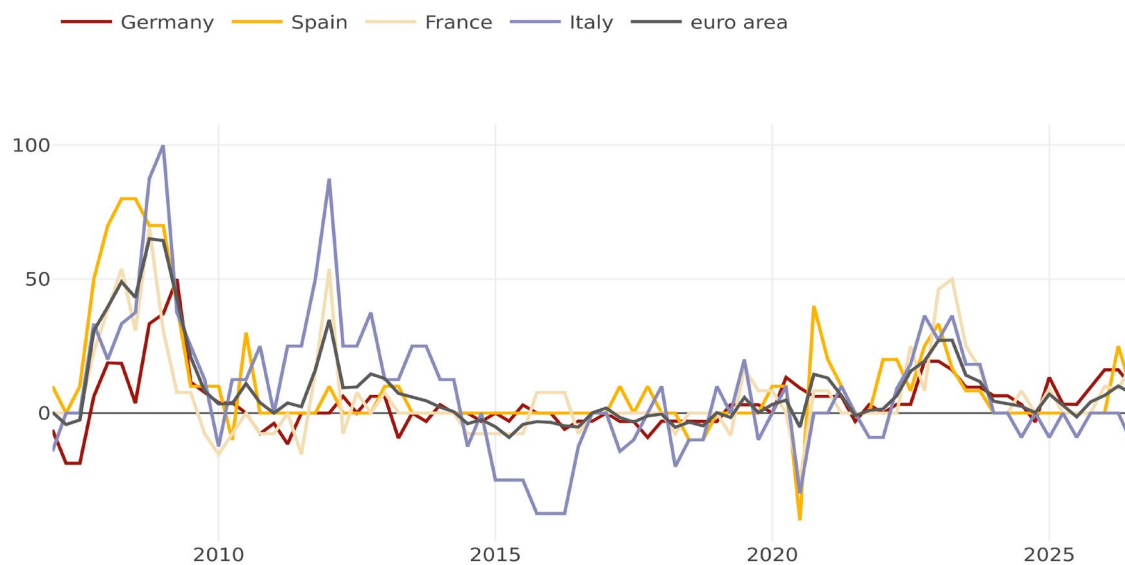
Last observation: Q3 2026

Source: ECB.

Note: Net percentages of banks contributing to the tightening of standards over the previous three months. The last observation refers to the quarter in which the most recent BLS was published.

3.8 Changes in credit standards for loans to NFCs

(Euro area and four largest euro area countries; net percentage of banks)



Last observation: Q3 2026

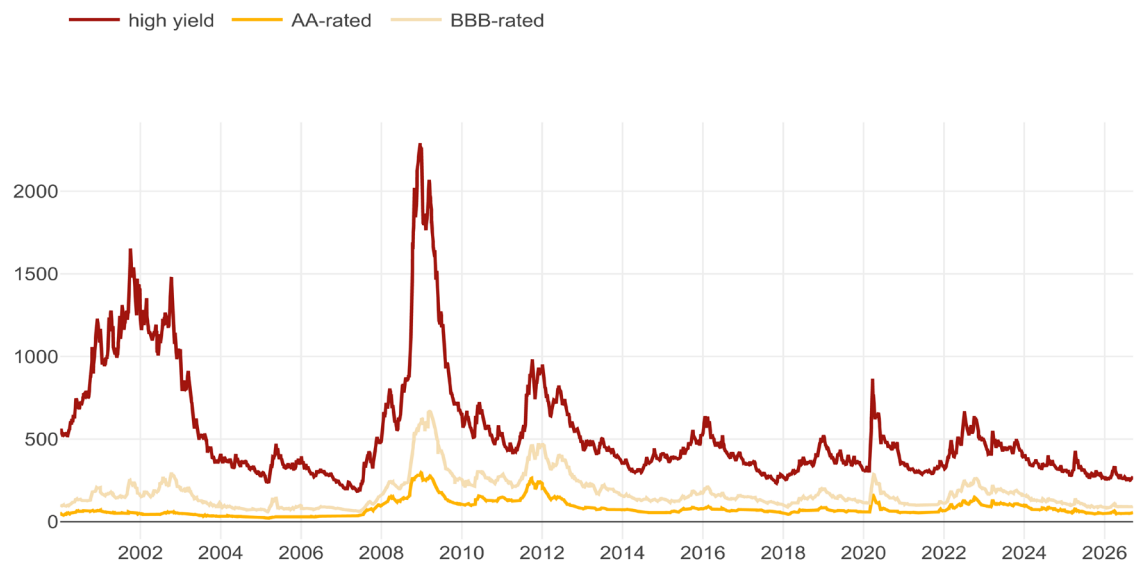
Source: ECB.

Note: Net percentages of banks contributing to the tightening of standards over the previous three months. The last observation refers to the quarter in which the most recent BLS was published.



3.9 Option-adjusted spreads on euro area corporate bonds

(Euro area; basis points)



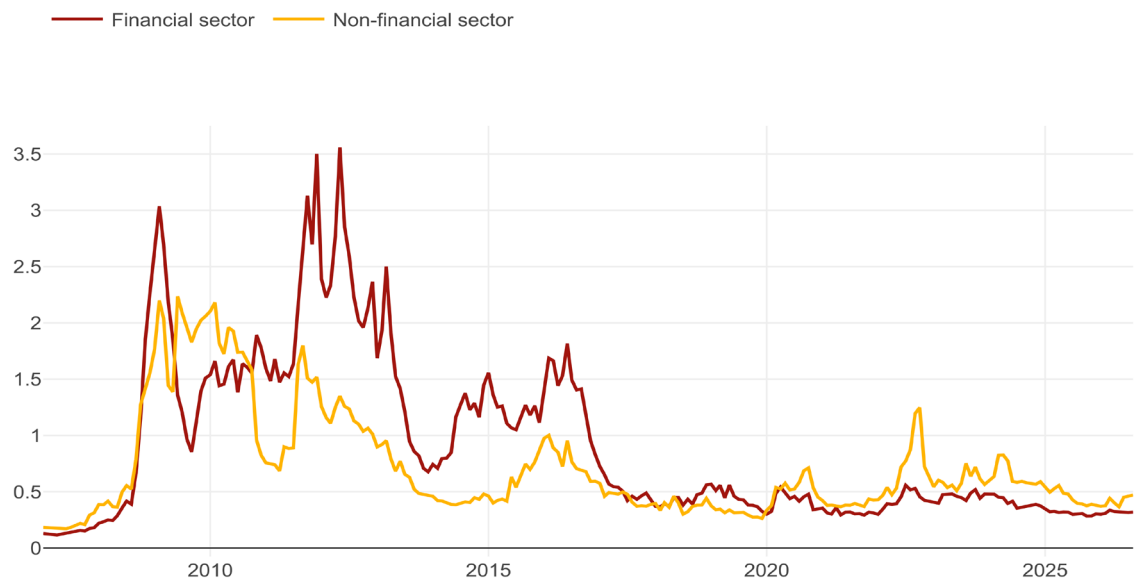
Last observation: 16 September 2026

Source: Bank of America Merrill Lynch and LSEG.

Note: Spreads over German government bonds for both plain vanilla bonds and bonds with embedded options (for which the value of the option is stripped using proprietary models).

3.10 Expected default frequency of the corporate sector

(EU; average weighted by liabilities; percentage points)



Last observation: August 2026

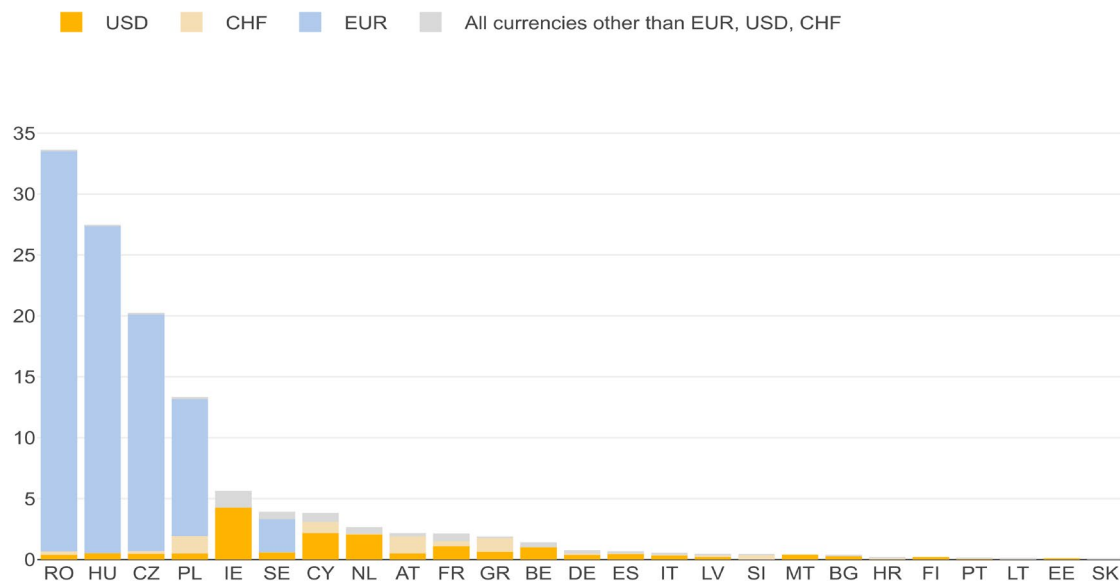
Source: Moody's Analytics and ECB calculations.

Note: The figures refer to listed companies. The weighted average is based on the amounts of non-equity liabilities.



3.11.a Foreign currency loans - By currency

(EU; percentages)



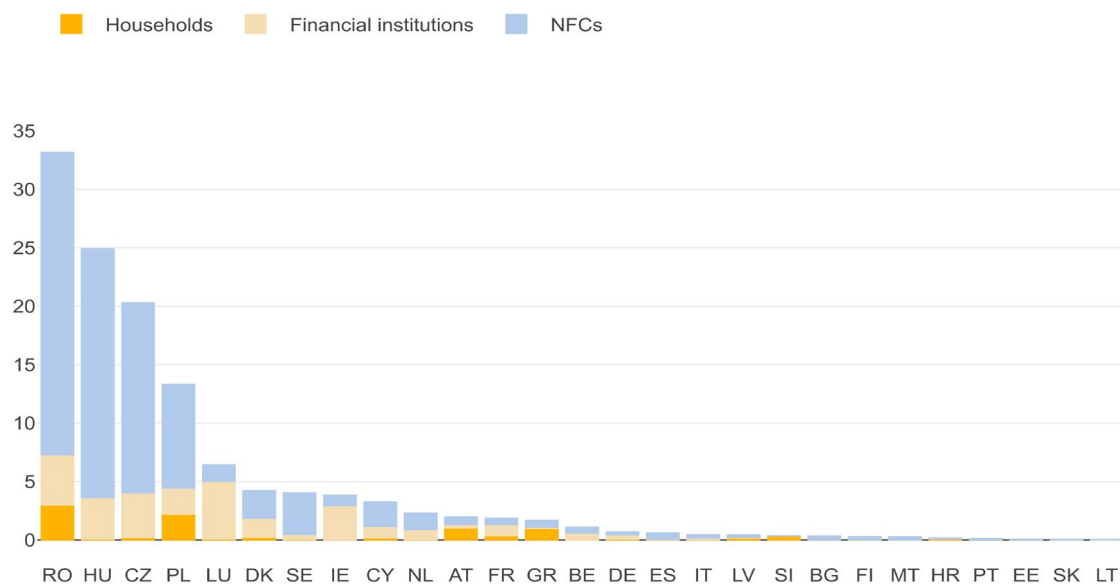
Last observation: Q2 2026

Source: ECB.

Note: DK have a regime of fixed exchange rates vis-à-vis the euro.

3.11.b Foreign currency loans - By sector

(EU; percentages)



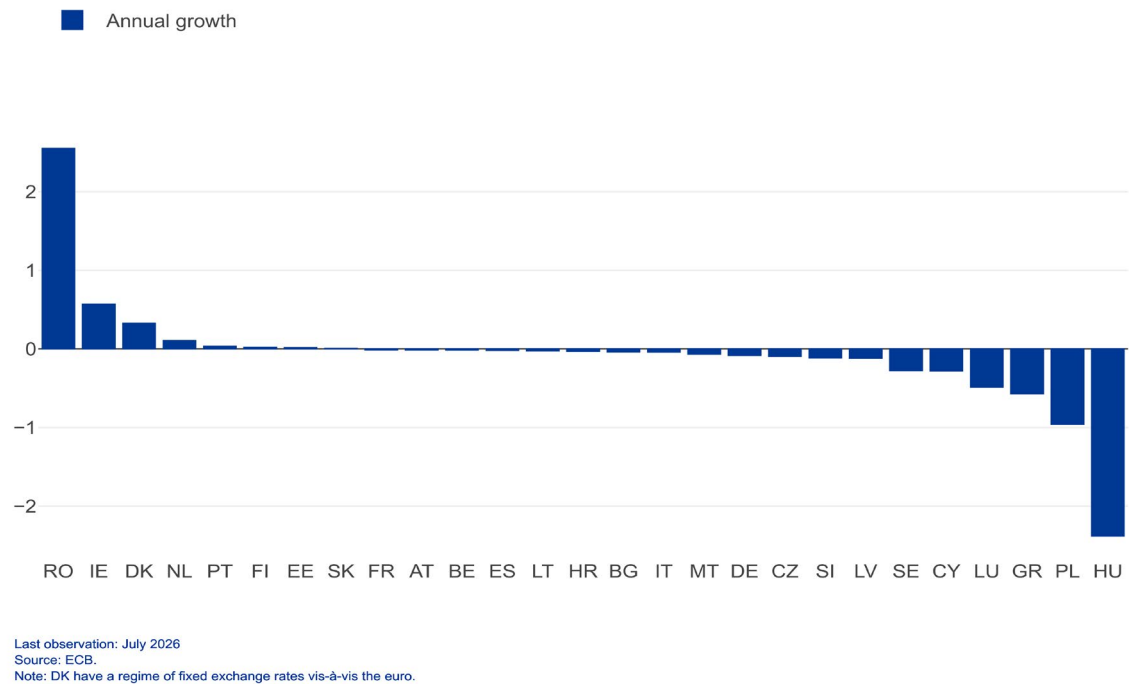
Last observation: July 2026

Source: ECB.

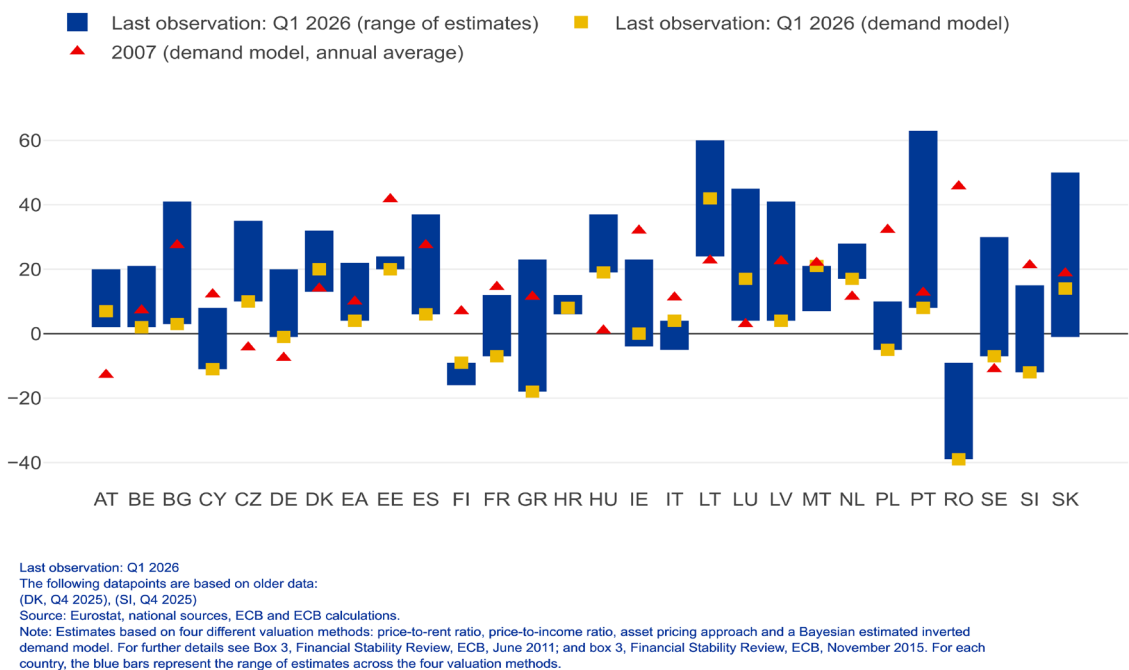
Note: DK have a regime of fixed exchange rates vis-à-vis the euro.



3.11.c Foreign currency loans - Annual changes
(EU; percentage points)

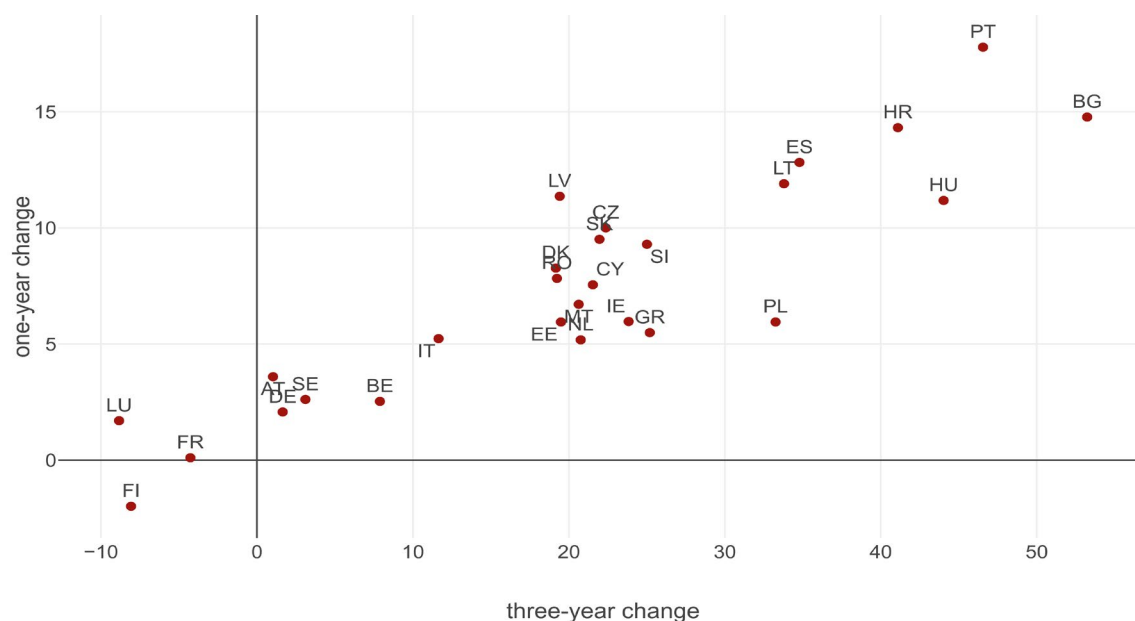


3.12 Over/undervaluation of residential property prices
(EU; percentage points)



3.13 Change in nominal residential property prices

(EU; percentage points)



Last observation: Q2 2026

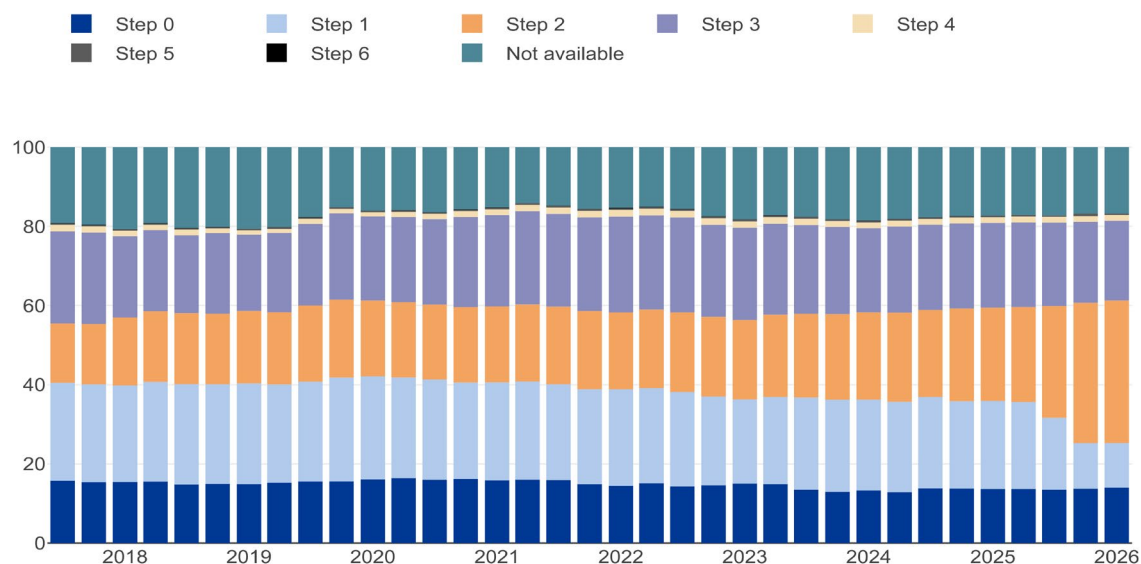
The following datapoints are based on older data:

(BE, Q1 2026), (BG, Q1 2026), (HR, Q1 2026), (CY, Q1 2026), (CZ, Q1 2026), (DK, Q1 2026), (EE, Q1 2026), (FI, Q1 2026), (FR, Q1 2026), (HU, Q1 2026), (IT, Q1 2026), (LT, Q1 2026), (LU, Q1 2026), (MT, Q1 2026), (NL, Q1 2026), (PL, Q1 2026), (PT, Q1 2026), (RO, Q1 2026), (SI, Q1 2026), (ES, Q1 2026), (SE, Q1 2026)

Source: ECB, national sources and ECB calculations.

3.14 Insurance groups' credit quality steps

(EU; share of total bond portfolio; percentages)



Last observation: Q1 2026

Source: EIOPA, based on Solvency II Reporting.

Note: Indicator presents breakdown of the insurers' bond portfolio according to the different credit quality steps. For more details on the Solvency II reporting please see Annex I to the risk dashboard.



4 Funding & Liquidity

4.1 Interbank interest rate spread

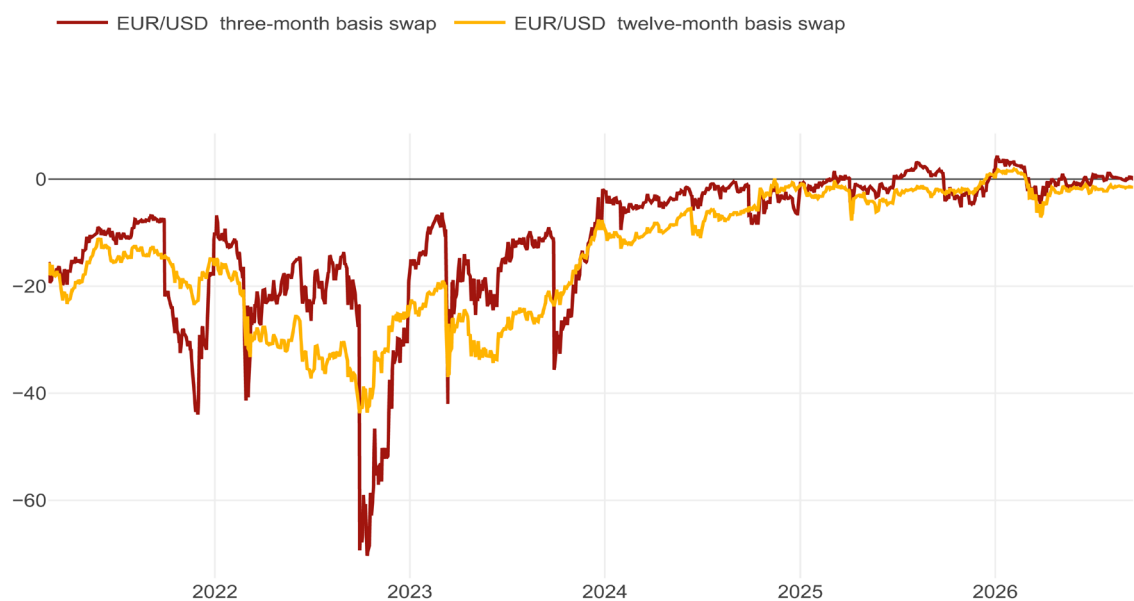
(Three-month maturity; Euro; basis points)



Last observation: 16 September 2026
Source: LSEG and ECB calculations.
Note: Difference between interbank interest rates and overnight indexed swap.

4.2 EUR/USD cross-currency basis swap spreads

(Basis points)

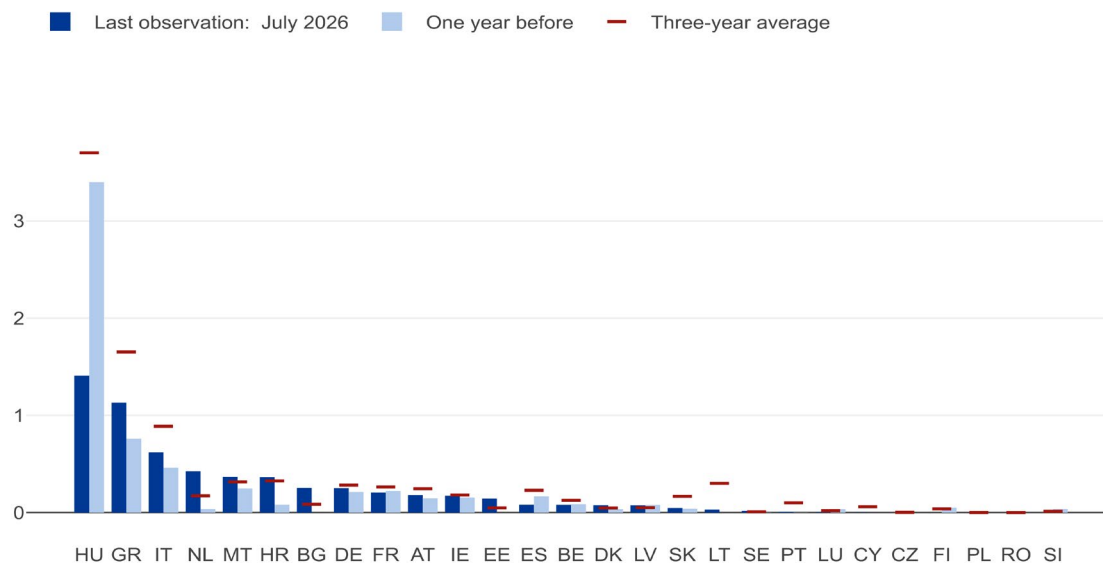


Last observation: 16 September 2026
Source: Bloomberg Finance L.P.



4.3 Banks' funding by central banks

(EU; share of total liabilities; percentages)



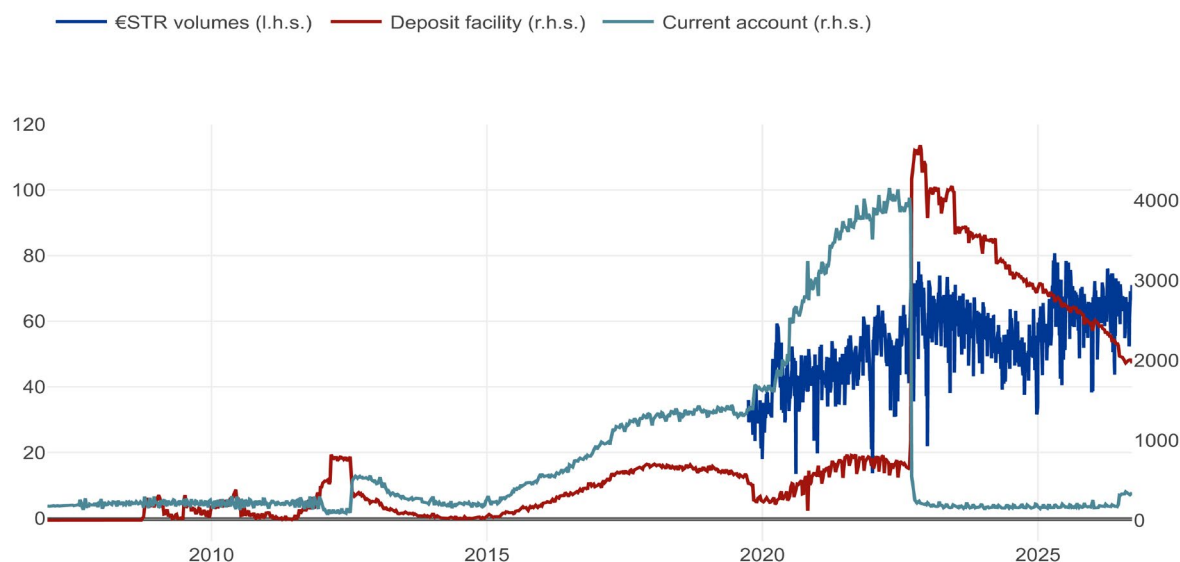
Last observation: July 2026

Source: ECB and ECB calculations.

Note: 1) MFIs excluding the ESCB and Money Market Funds. 2) Banks' funding by central banks comprises all loans granted by the ESCB. 3) Total liabilities exclude capital and reserves as well as remaining liabilities. 4) The BG data is only available starting from Jan. 2026.

4.4 Money markets and the Eurosystem's standing facilities

(Euro area; EUR billions)



Last observation: 17 September 2026

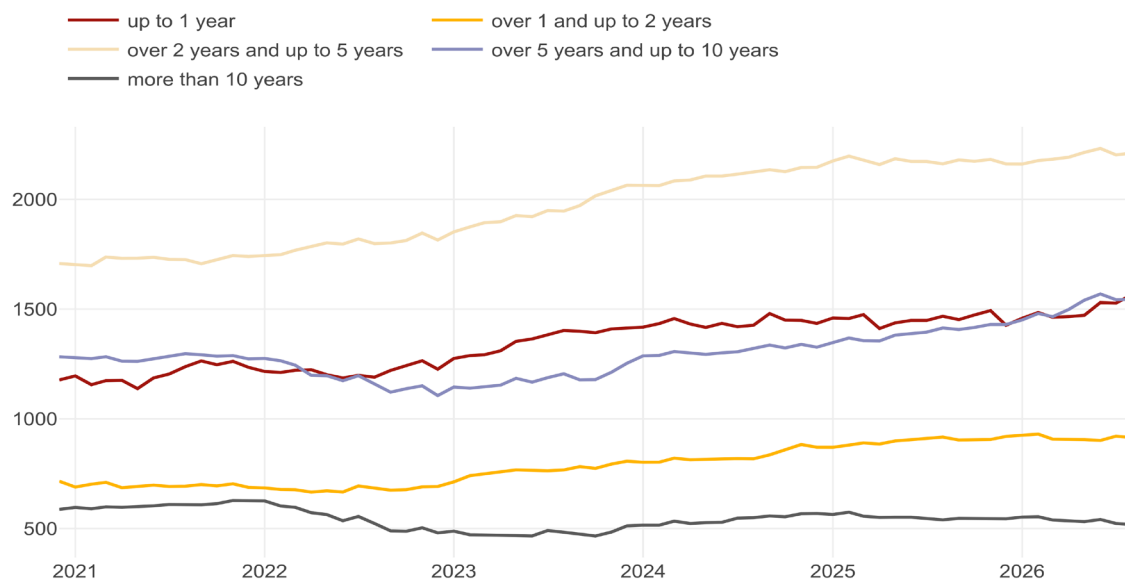
Source: ECB and Bloomberg Finance L.P.

Note: 1) Eurosystem's current account includes minimum reserves. 2) Starting from October 2019 the EONIA rate has been officially replaced with the new interbank rate €STR.



4.5 Maturity profile of banks' outstanding debt securities

(EU27 fixed composition; EUR billions)



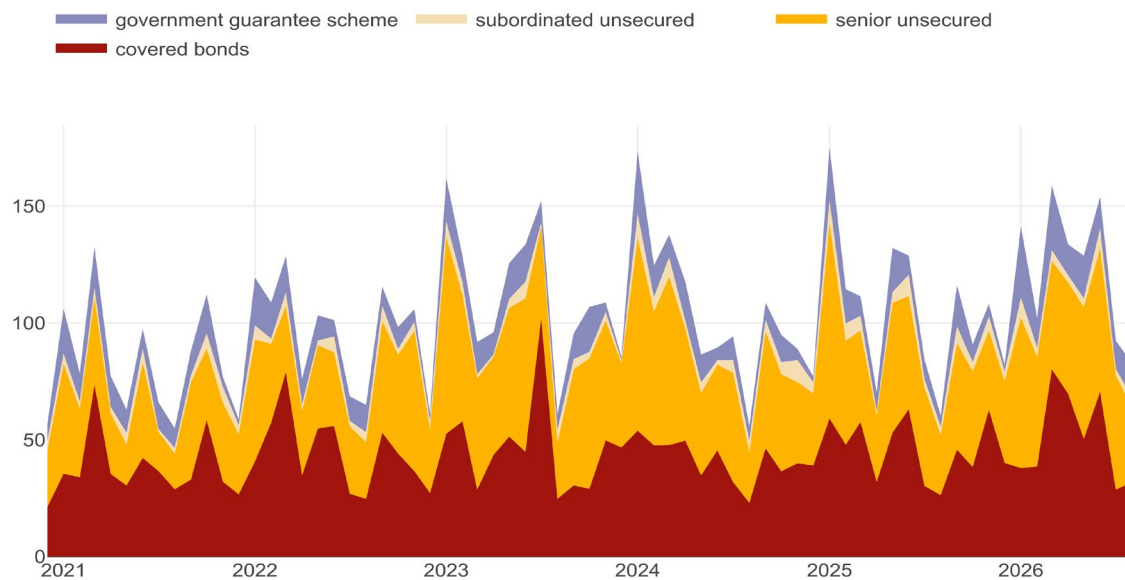
Last observation: August 2026

Source: ECB.

Note: Outstanding amounts of debt securities at market value. The maturity profile refers to the residual maturity of debt securities.

4.6 Banks' long-term debt securities issuance by type of bond

(EU27 fixed composition; EUR billions)



Last observation: August 2026

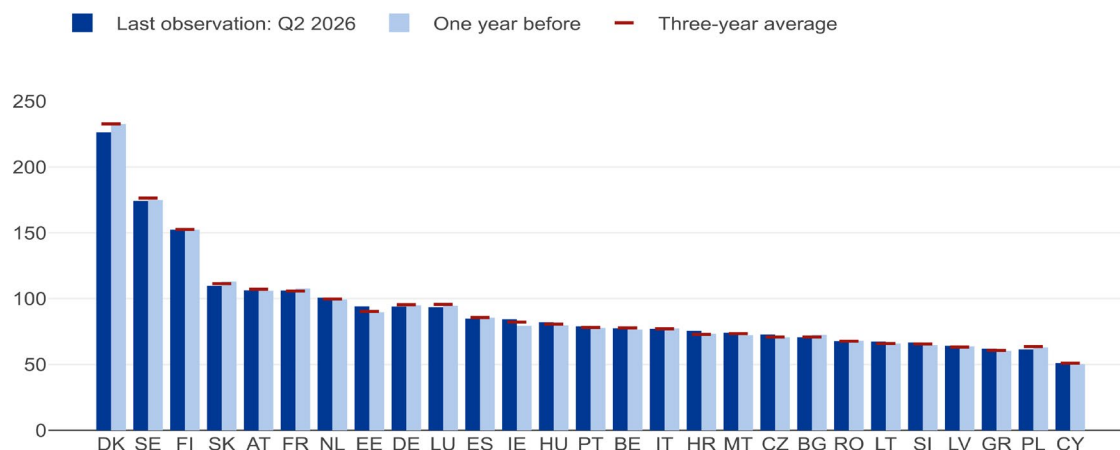
Source: ECB.

Note: Long-term debt securities issuances, excluding ABS, MBS and other debt securities without seniority information.



4.7 Loan-to-deposit ratio

(EU; percentages)



Last observation: Q2 2026

The following datapoints are based on older data:

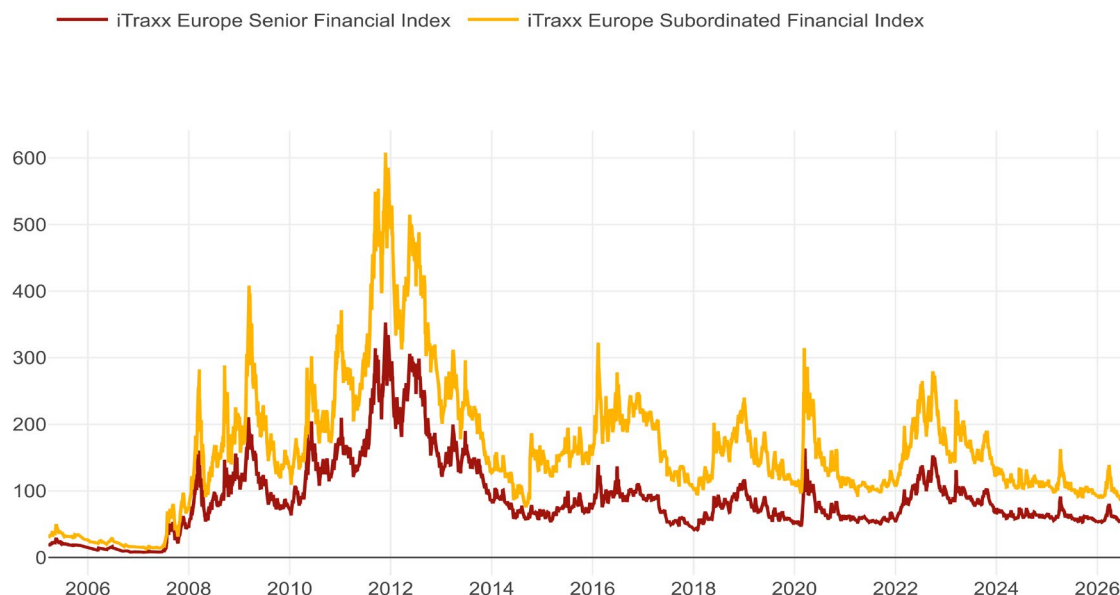
(AT, Q1 2026), (BE, Q1 2026), (BG, Q1 2026), (HR, Q1 2026), (CY, Q1 2026), (EE, Q1 2026), (FI, Q1 2026), (FR, Q1 2026), (DE, Q1 2026), (GR, Q1 2026), (IE, Q1 2026), (IT, Q1 2026), (LV, Q1 2026), (LT, Q1 2026), (LU, Q1 2026), (MT, Q1 2026), (NL, Q1 2026), (PT, Q1 2026), (SK, Q1 2026), (SI, Q1 2026), (ES, Q1 2026)

Source: ECB.

Note: 1) MFI sector excluding the ESCB. 2) Data refer to the ratio between total loans and total deposits vis-à-vis domestic and euro area households and NFCs, and non-domestic and non-euro area residents excluding banks and general government. 3) Mortgage banks in Denmark, which represent around 55% of total MFI loans to domestic NFCs, are not allowed to take deposits owing to regulations, but must fund their lending through issuance of covered bonds only. Excluding mortgage banks from the indicator, Denmark's loan-to-deposit ratio fluctuates around 60%.

4.8 CDS spread of senior and subordinated debt

(EU; five-year maturities; basis points)

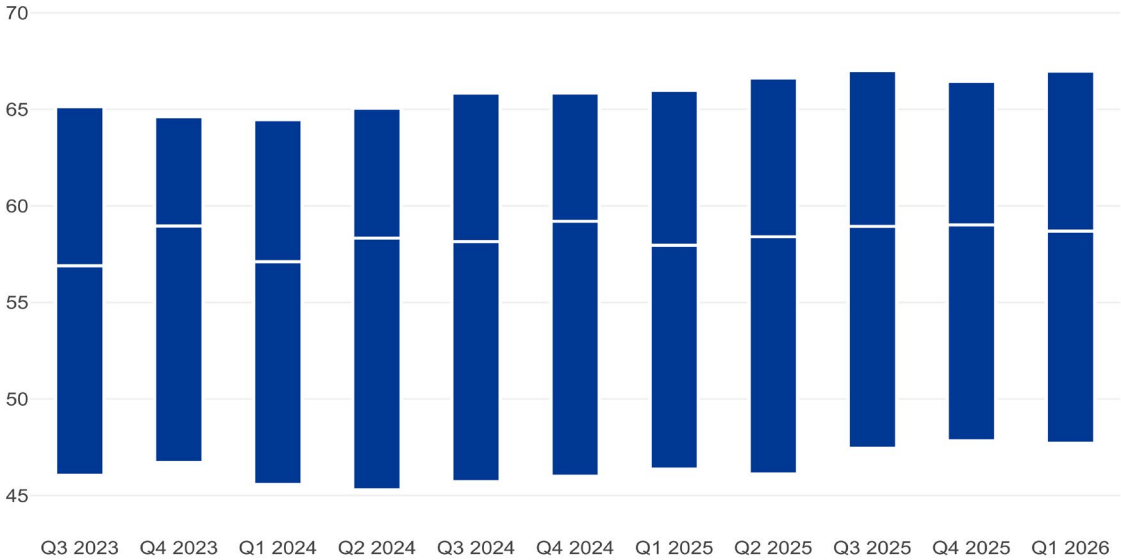


Last observation: 16 September 2026

Source: LSEG and iTraxx.



4.9 Insurance groups' liquid asset ratio
(EU; interquartile range and median; percentages)



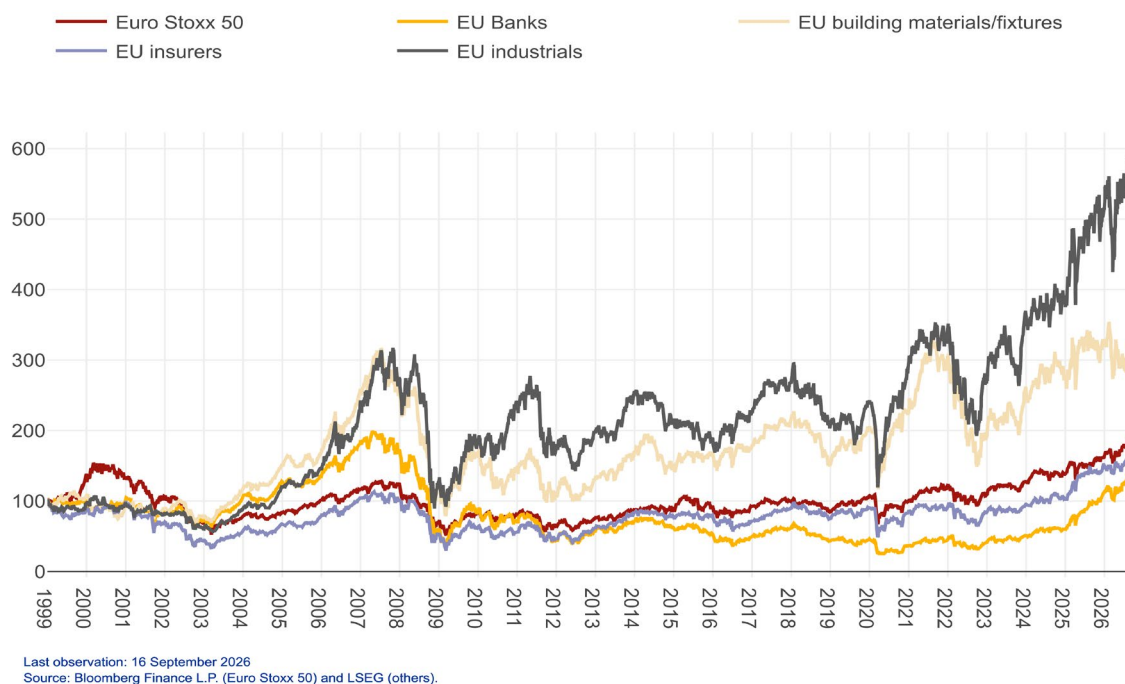
Last observation: Q1 2026
Source: EIOPA, based on Solvency II Reporting.
Note: Liquid asset ratio is expressed as proportion of liquid assets to total assets. For more details on the Solvency II reporting please see Annex I to the risk dashboard.



5 Market risk

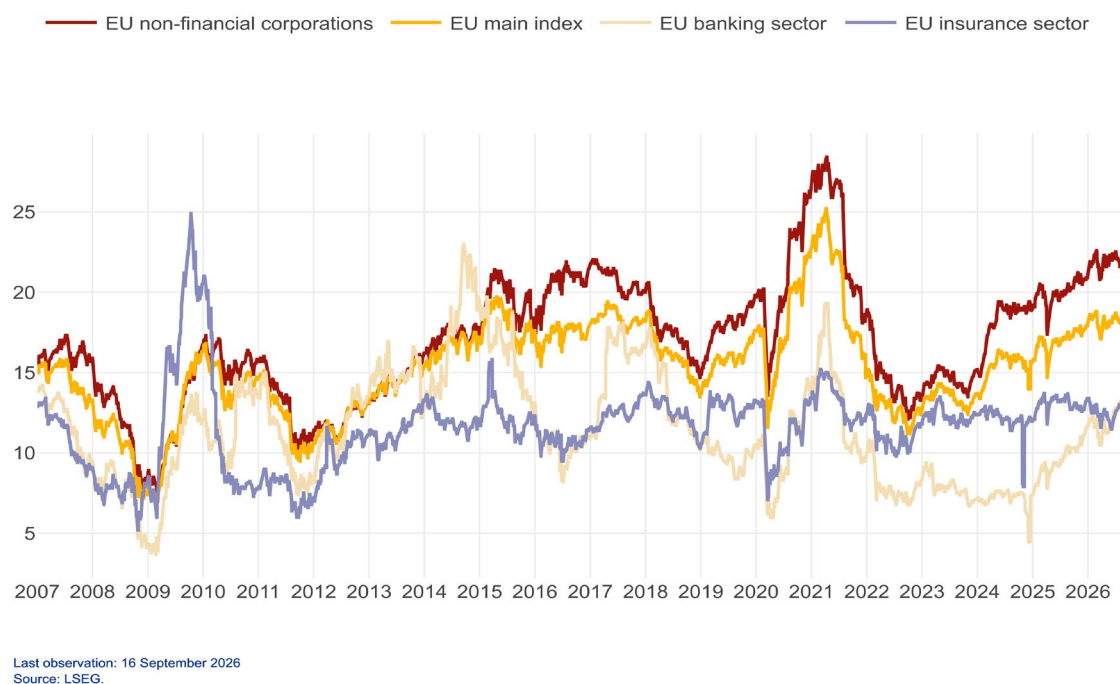
5.1 Equity indices

(EU; Equity indices, by sector; levels (January 1999 = 100))



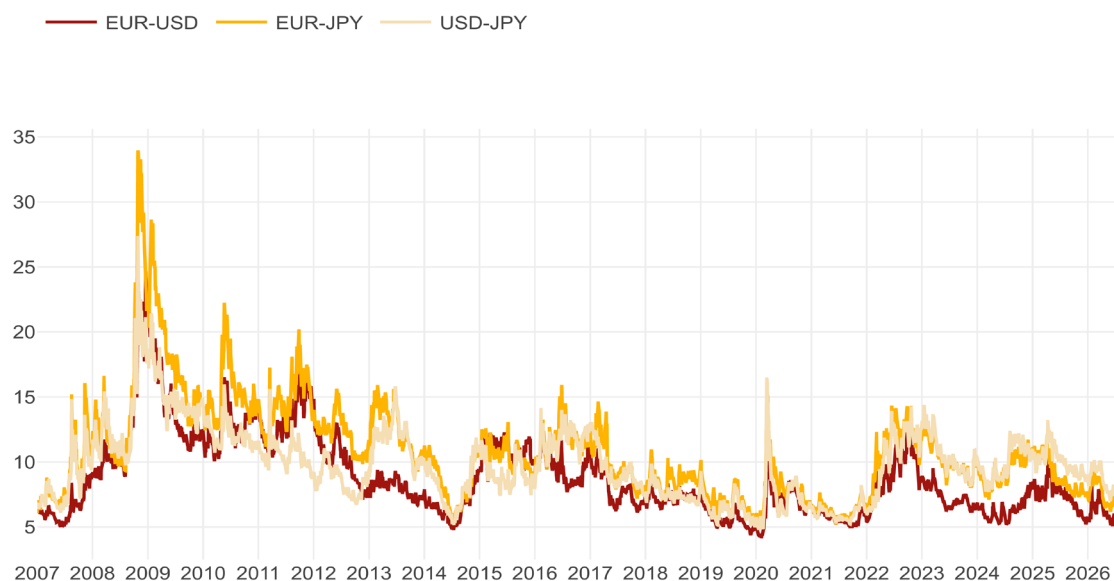
5.2 Price/earnings ratio of equity indices

(EU; Price/earnings ratio of equity indices; levels)



5.3 Exchange rate volatility

(EUR/JPY/USD; Exchange rate volatility (cross-currency volatility ATM forward rate); percentage points)



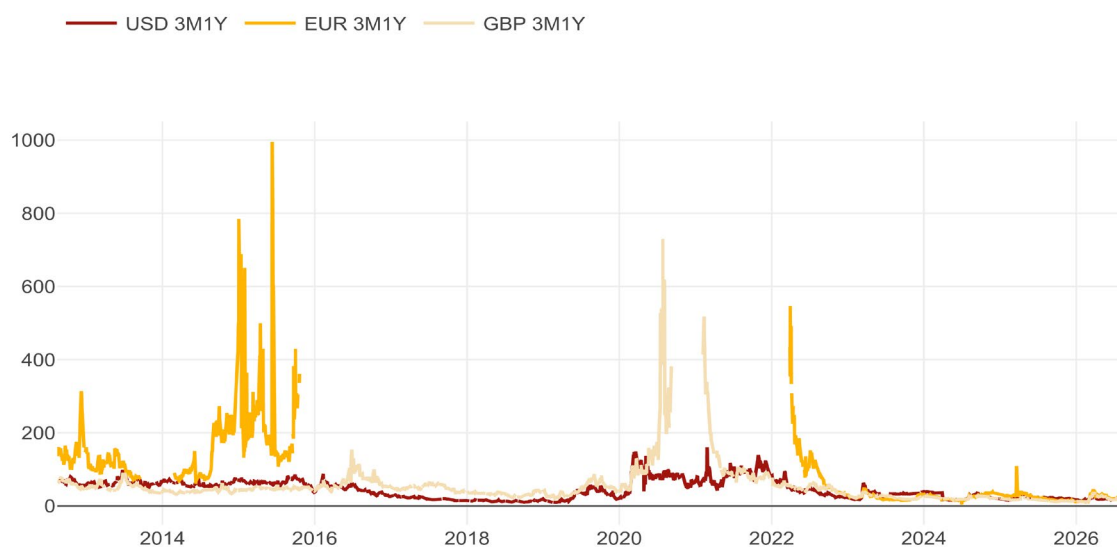
Last observation: 17 September 2026

Source: Bloomberg Finance L.P.

Note: Volatility is implied by at-the-money option prices observed in the market for major currencies, based on three-month maturity.

5.4 Short-term interest rates - implied volatility

(EUR/GBP/USD; Short-term interest rates - implied volatility (three-month to one-year maturities ATM forward rate); percent per annum)



Last observation: 16 September 2026

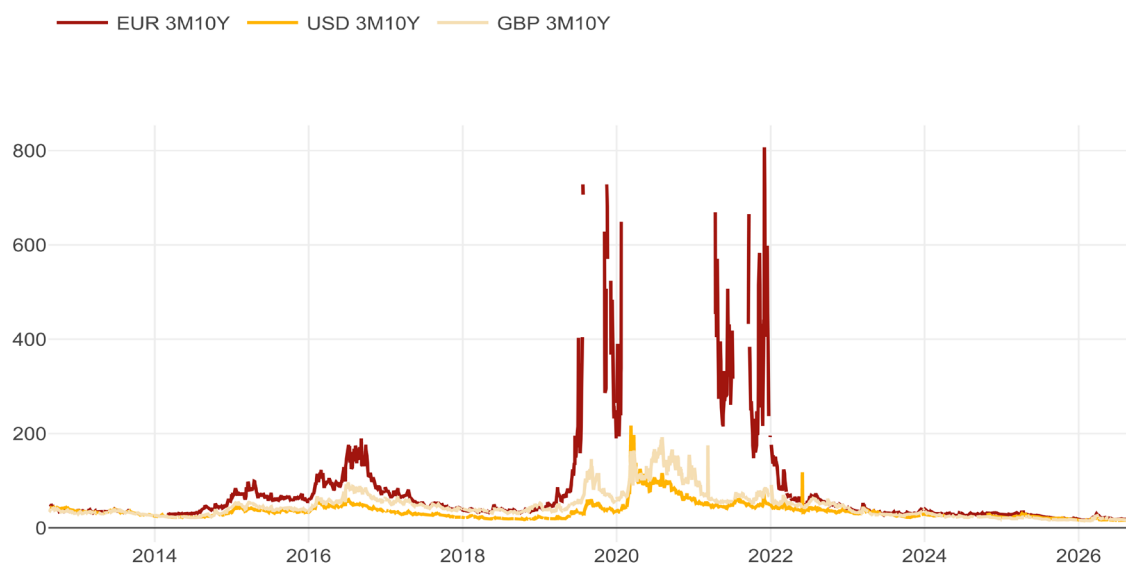
Source: LSEG.

Note: 1) Volatility is implied by at-the-money swaption prices observed in the market. 2) For technical reasons related to negative interest rates EUR 3M1Y rate is not available after 15 December 2014. Data become available as of 29 March 2022. 3) GBP 3M1Y rate is not available after 7 September 2020 as it was discontinued by the data supplier. Data become available as of 5 February 2021.



5.5 Long-term interest rates - implied volatility

(EUR/GBP/USD; Long-term interest rates - implied volatility (three-month to ten-year maturities ATM forward rate); percent per annum)



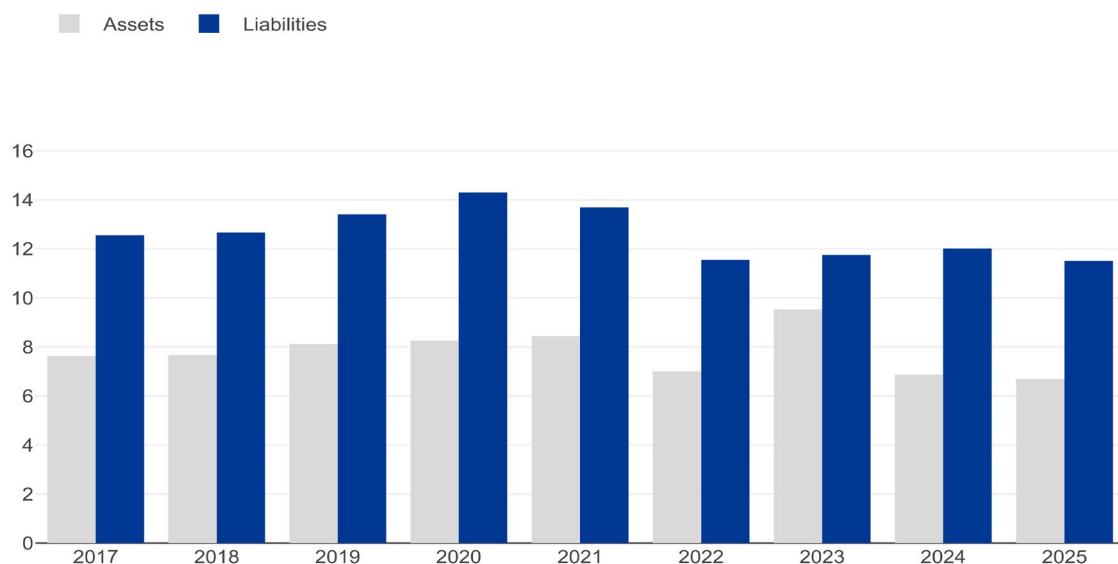
Last observation: 16 September 2026

Source: LSEG.

Note: 1) Volatility is implied by at-the-money swaption prices observed in the market. 2) For technical reasons related to negative interest rates the EUR 3M10Y rate is not available after 28 June 2019. Data become available as of 17 September 2021.

5.6 Insurance groups' assets and liabilities duration

(EU; average duration; years)



Last observation: 2025

Source: EIOPA, based on Solvency II Reporting.

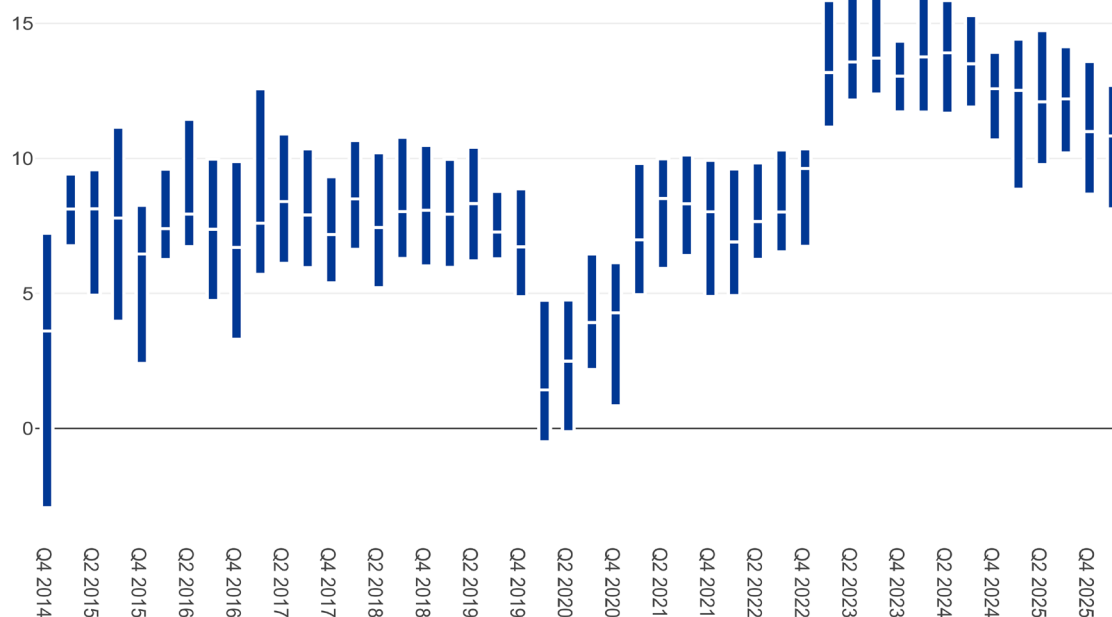
Note: Asset duration is calculated as Weighted Average Modified Duration. Liability duration is calculated as Weighted Average Modified Duration from 2023, and as Weighted Average Macaulay Duration in previous years. For more details on the Solvency II reporting, please see Annex I to the risk dashboard.



6 Profitability and Solvency

6.1.a Banking groups' profitability indicators - Return on equity

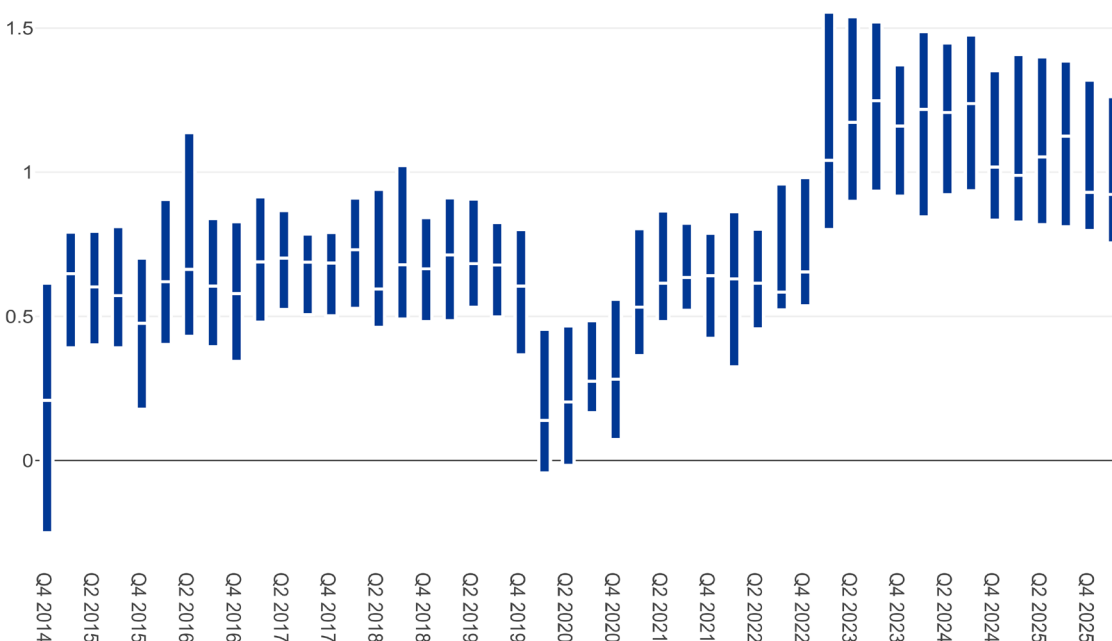
(EU; interquartile range and median; percentage points)



Last observation: Q1 2026
Source: ECB.
Note: Quarterly flows are annualised.

6.1.b Banking groups' profitability indicators - Return on assets

(EU; interquartile range and median; percentage points)

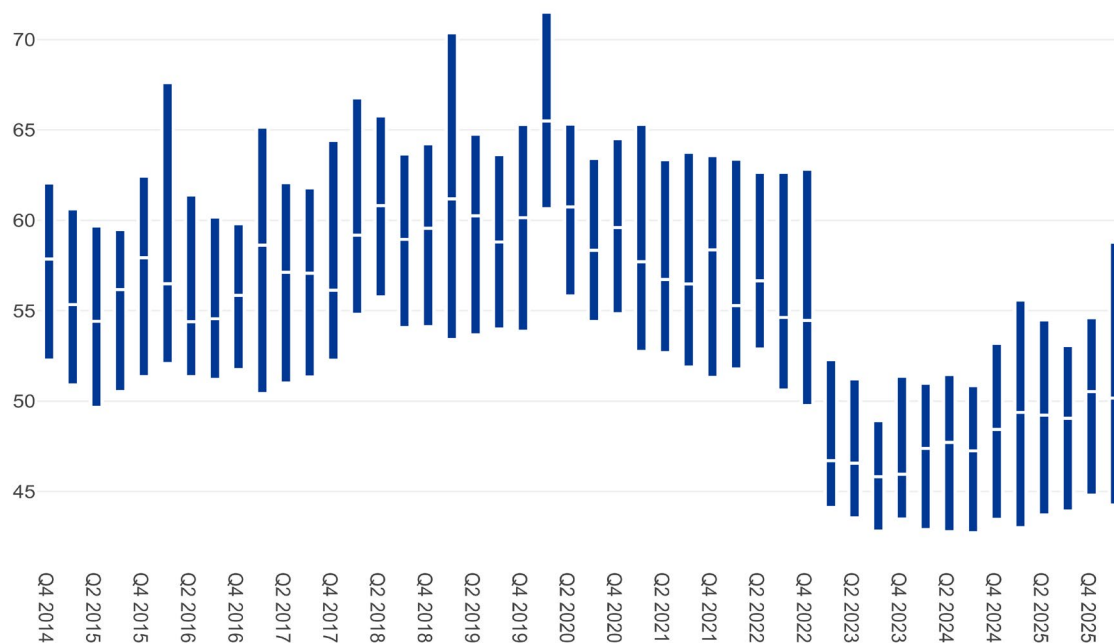


Last observation: Q1 2026
Source: ECB.
Note: Quarterly flows are annualised.



6.1.c Banking groups' profitability indicators - Cost-income ratio

(EU; interquartile range and median; percentage points)



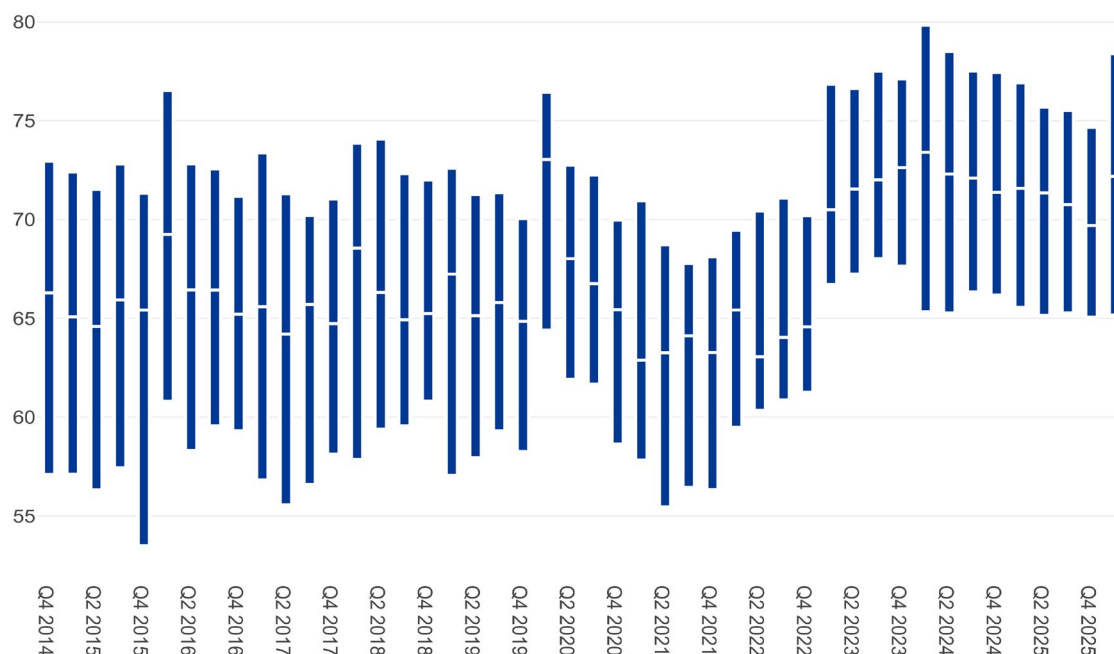
Last observation: Q1 2026

Source: ECB.

Note: Quarterly data refer to cumulative flows over the corresponding year.

6.1.d Banking groups' profitability indicators - Net interest income to total operating income

(EU; interquartile range and median; percentage points)



Last observation: Q1 2026

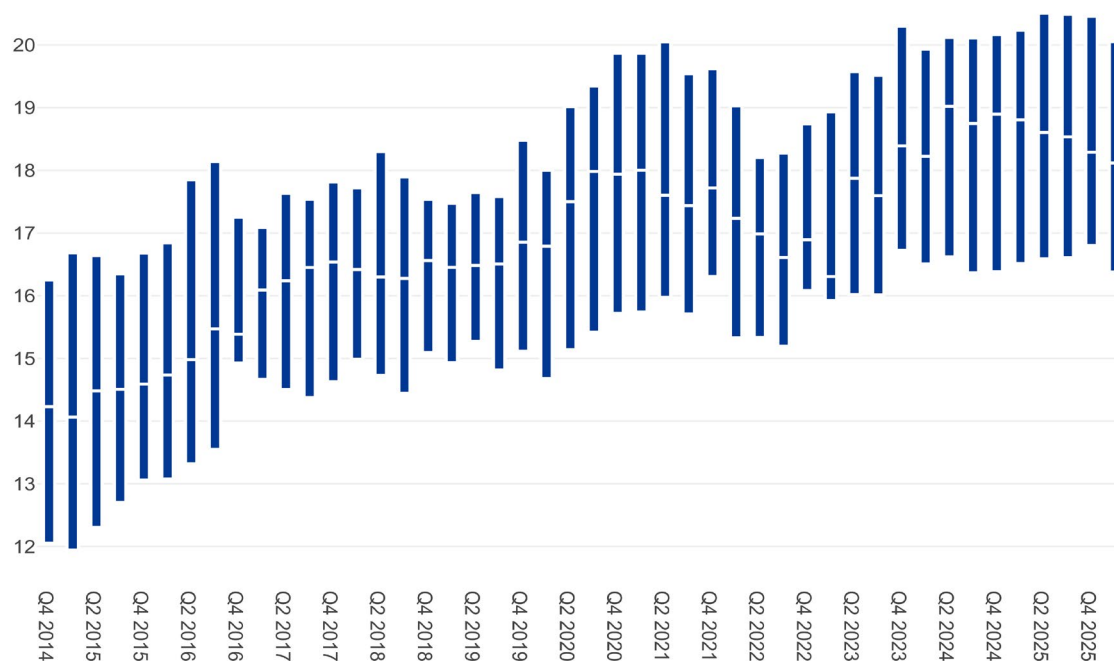
Source: ECB.

Note: Quarterly data refer to cumulative flows over the corresponding year.



6.2.a Banking groups' solvency, liquidity and balance sheet structure indicators - CET1 ratio

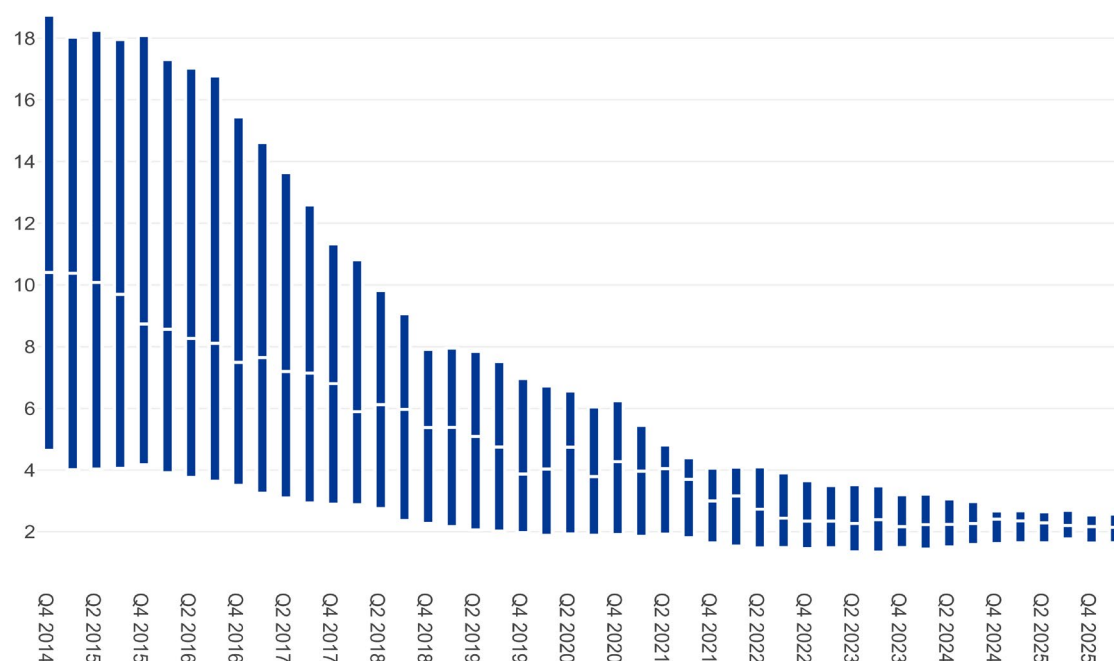
(EU; interquartile range and median; percentage points)



Last observation: Q1 2026
Source: ECB.

6.2.b Banking groups' solvency, liquidity and balance sheet structure indicators - Gross non-performing loans and advances to total of gross loans and advances

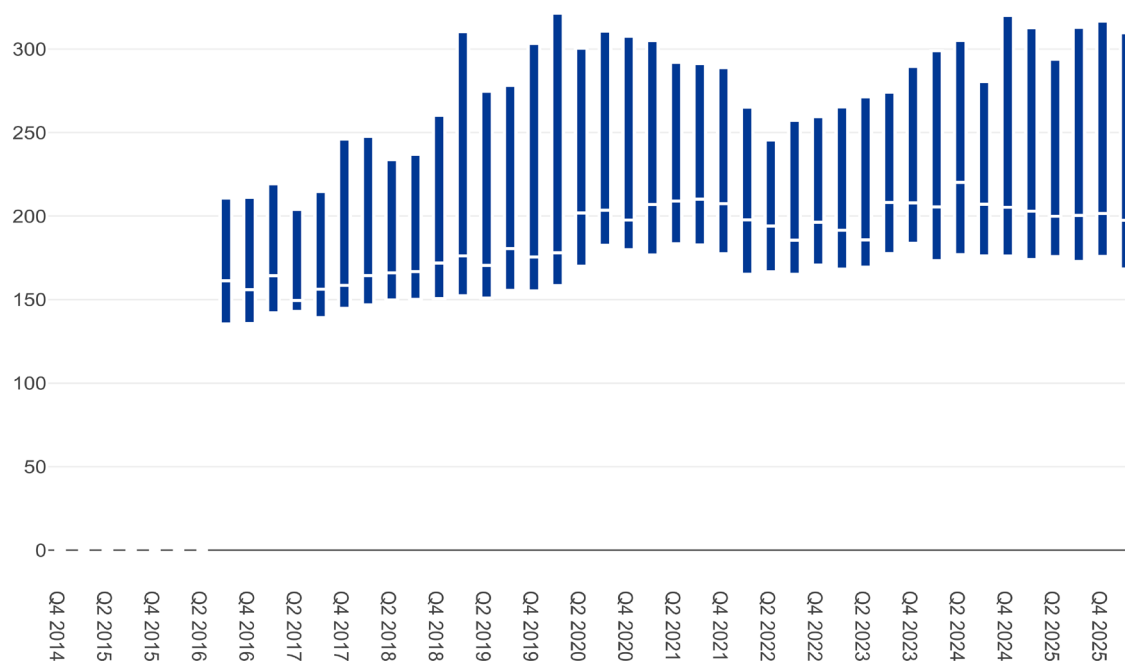
(EU; interquartile range and median; percentage points)



Last observation: Q1 2026
Source: ECB.

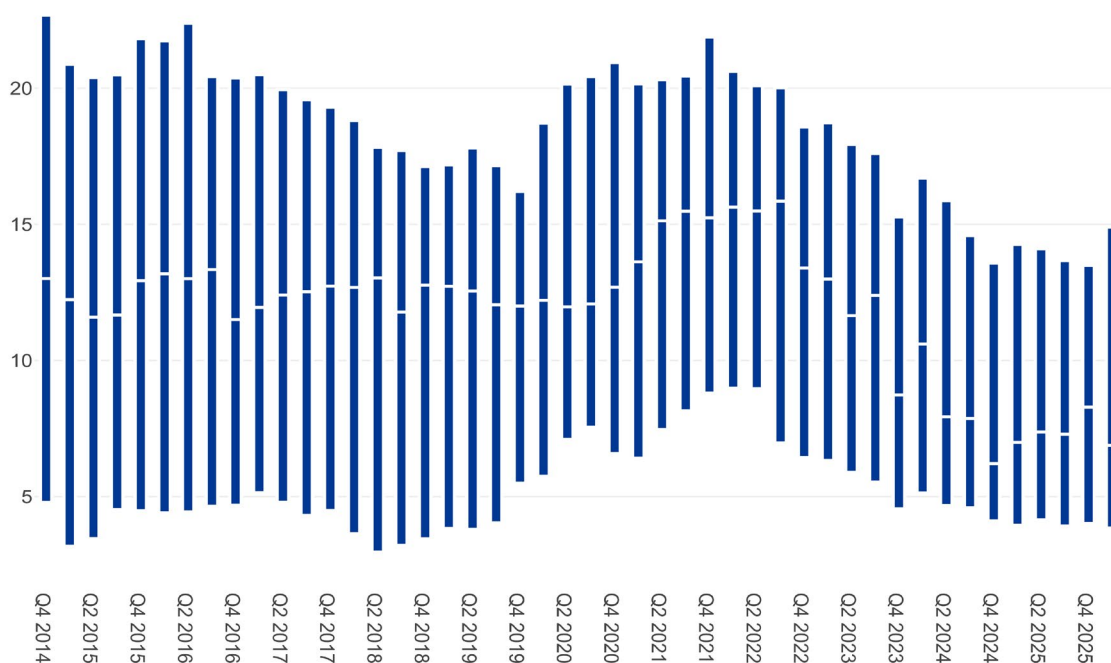


6.2.c Banking groups' solvency, liquidity and balance sheet structure indicators - Liquidity Coverage Ratio
(EU; interquartile range and median; percentage points)



Last observation: Q1 2026
Source: ECB.

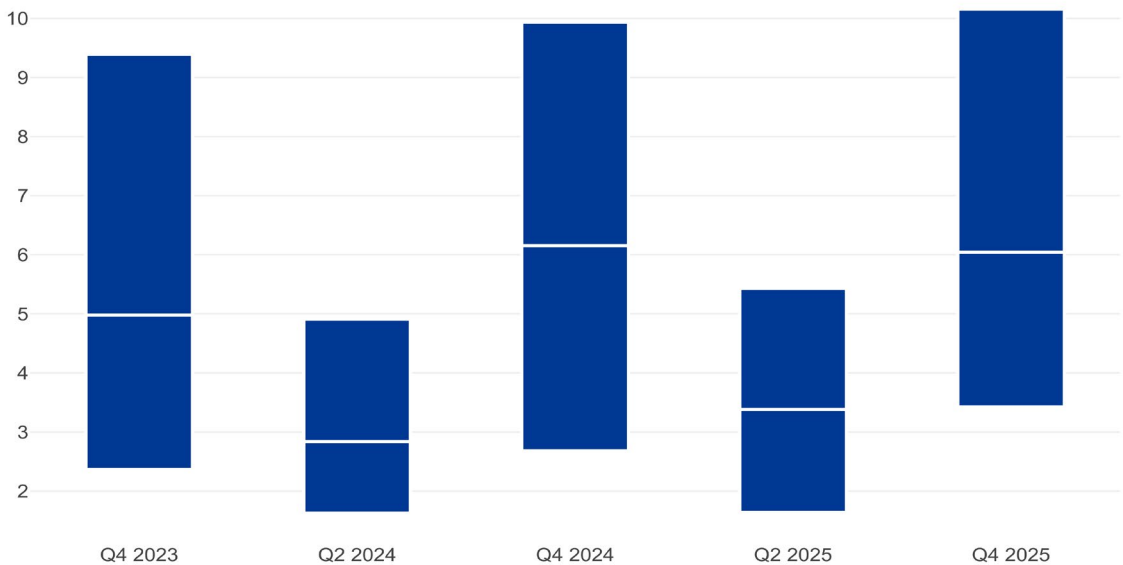
6.2.d Banking groups' solvency, liquidity and balance sheet structure indicators - Asset encumbrance ratio
(EU; interquartile range and median; percentage points)



Last observation: Q1 2026
Source: ECB.

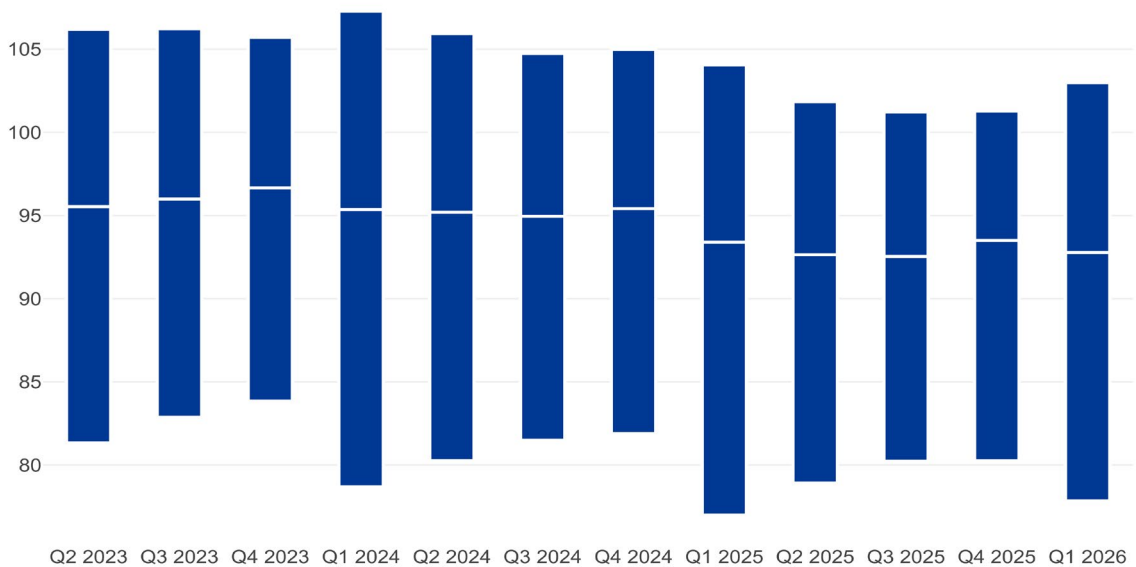


6.3.a Insurance groups' profitability indicators - Return on equity
(EU; interquartile range and median; percentages)



Last observation: Q4 2025
Source: EIOPA, based on Solvency II Reporting.
Note: The return on equity is defined as the cumulated profit (loss) after tax and before dividends, divided by the excess of assets over the liabilities for the current quarter. Data not annualised. For more details on the Solvency II reporting please see Annex I to the risk dashboard.

6.3.b Insurance groups' profitability indicators - Combined ratio - non-life insurance
(EU; interquartile range and median; percentages)

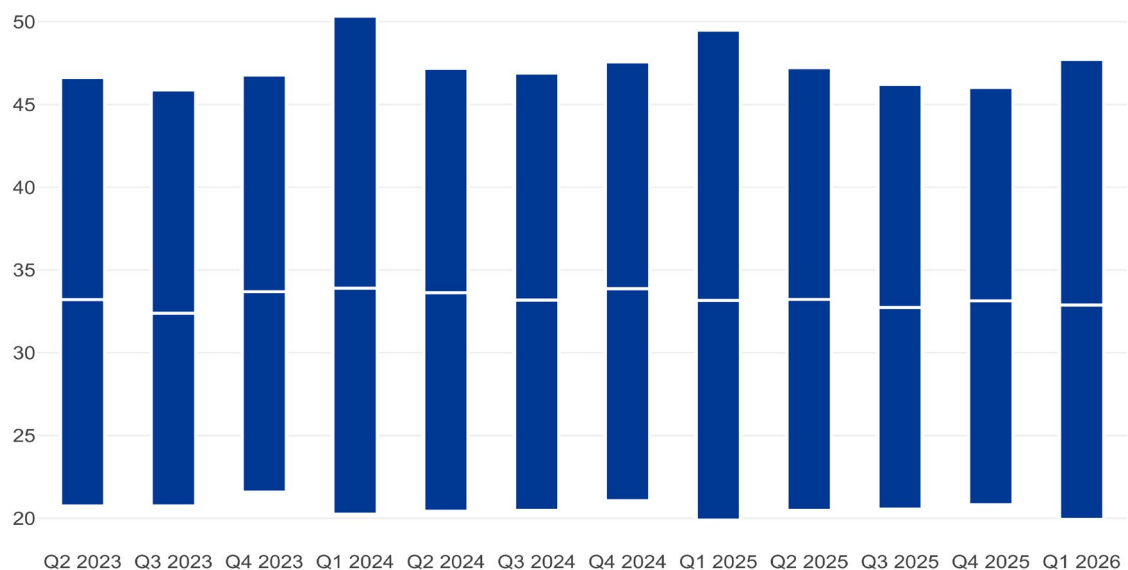


Last observation: Q1 2026
Source: EIOPA, based on Solvency II Reporting.
Note: The combined ratio is defined as net claims incurred and expenses incurred divided by net written premiums. For more details on the Solvency II reporting please see Annex I to the risk dashboard.



6.3.c Insurance groups' profitability indicators - Expense ratio - non-life insurance

(EU; interquartile range and median; percentages)



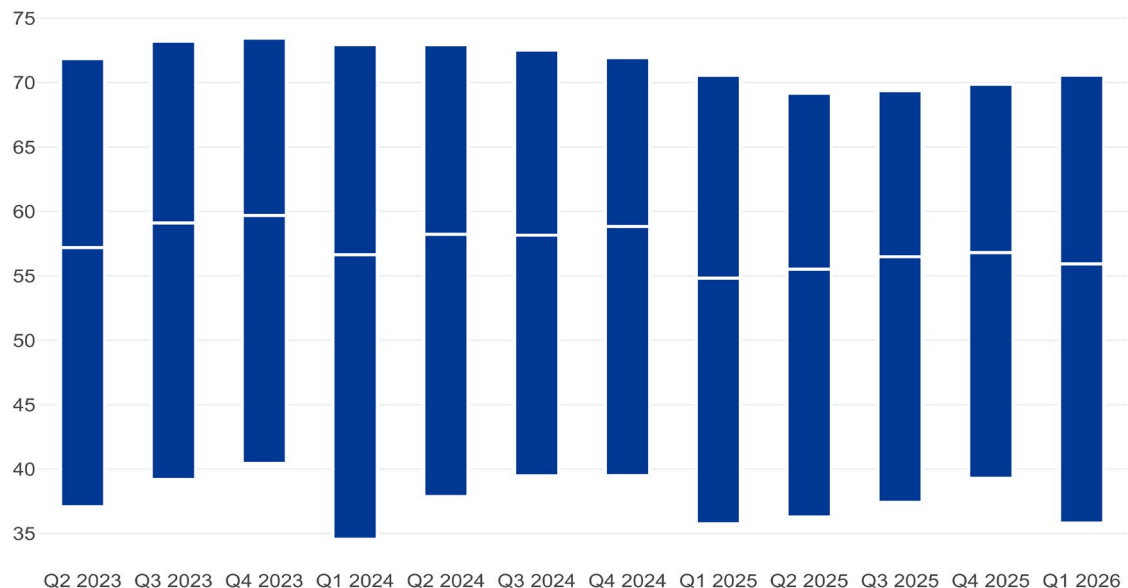
Last observation: Q1 2026

Source: EIOPA, based on Solvency II Reporting.

Note: Expense ratio is defined as expenses incurred divided by net written premiums. For more details on the Solvency II reporting please see Annex I to the risk dashboard.

6.3.d Insurance groups' profitability indicators - Loss ratio - non-life insurance

(EU; interquartile range and median; percentages)



Last observation: Q1 2026

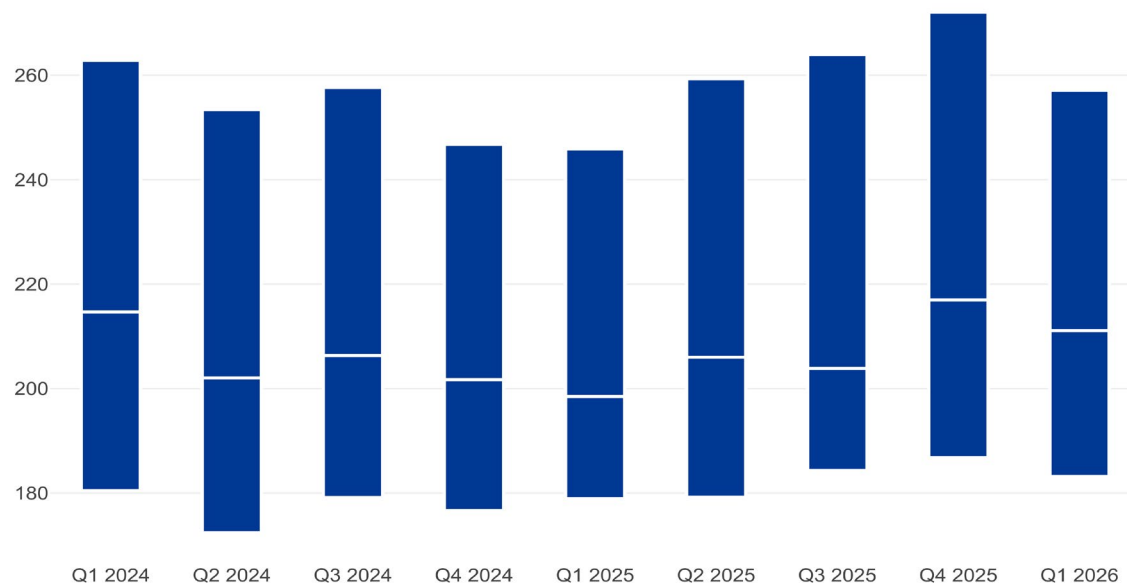
Source: EIOPA, based on Solvency II Reporting.

Note: Loss ratio is defined as net claims incurred divided by net written premiums. For more details on the Solvency II reporting please see Annex I to the risk dashboard.



6.4.a Insurance groups' solvency indicators - Solvency ratio

(EU; interquartile range and median; percentages)



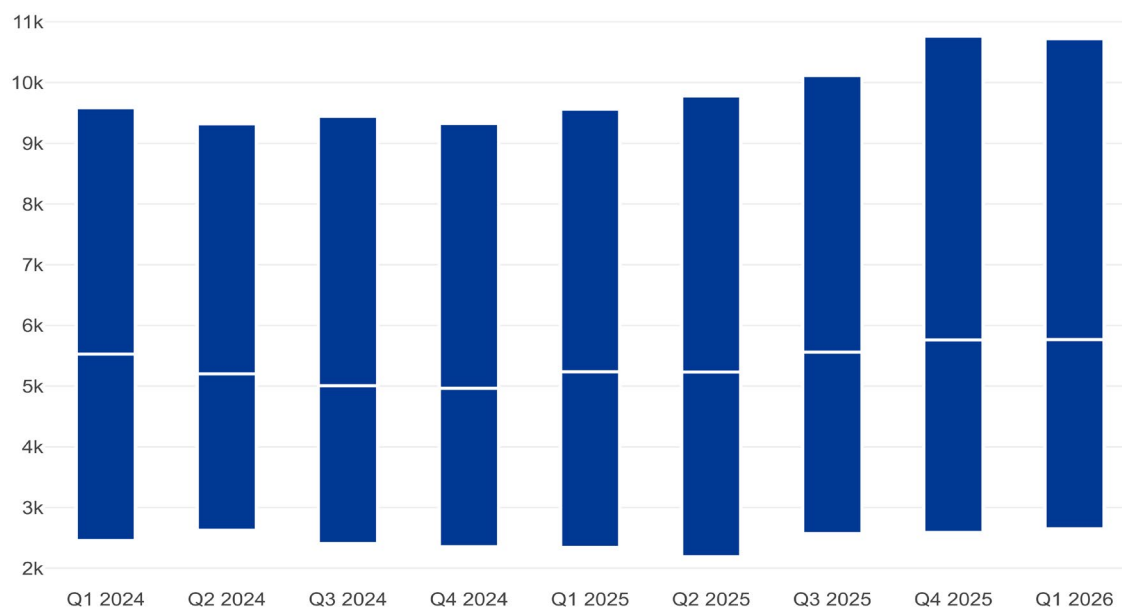
Last observation: Q1 2026

Source: EIOPA, based on Solvency II Reporting.

Note: For more details on the Solvency II reporting please see Annex I to the risk dashboard.

6.4.b Insurance groups' solvency indicators - Excess of assets over liabilities

(EU; interquartile range and median; EUR millions)



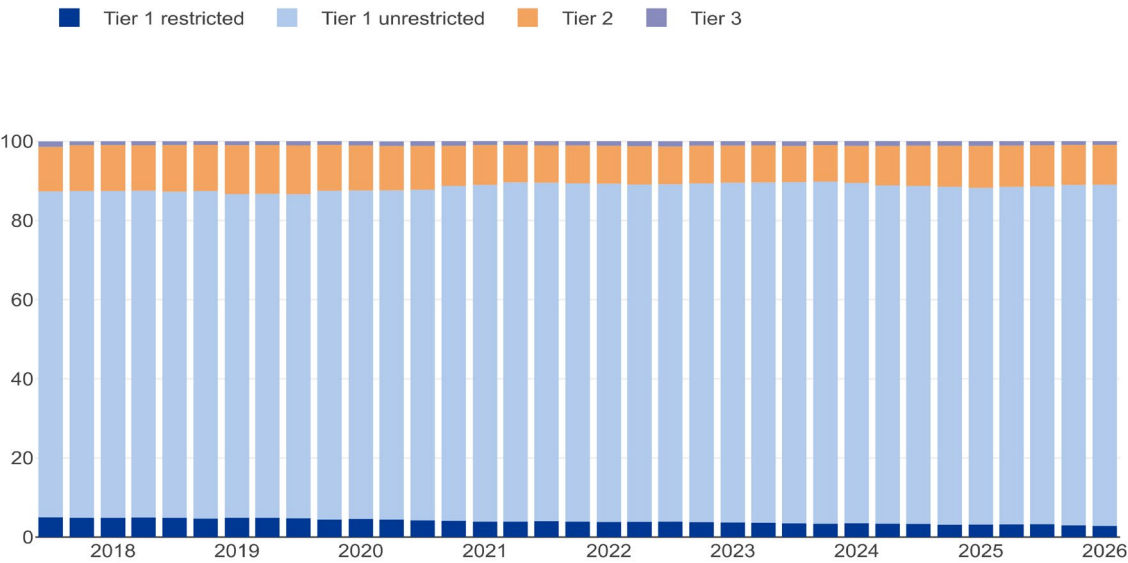
Last observation: Q1 2026

Source: EIOPA, based on Solvency II Reporting.

Note: For more details on the Solvency II reporting please see Annex I to the risk dashboard.



6.5 Insurance groups' quality of own funds
(EU; share of total eligible own funds; percentages)



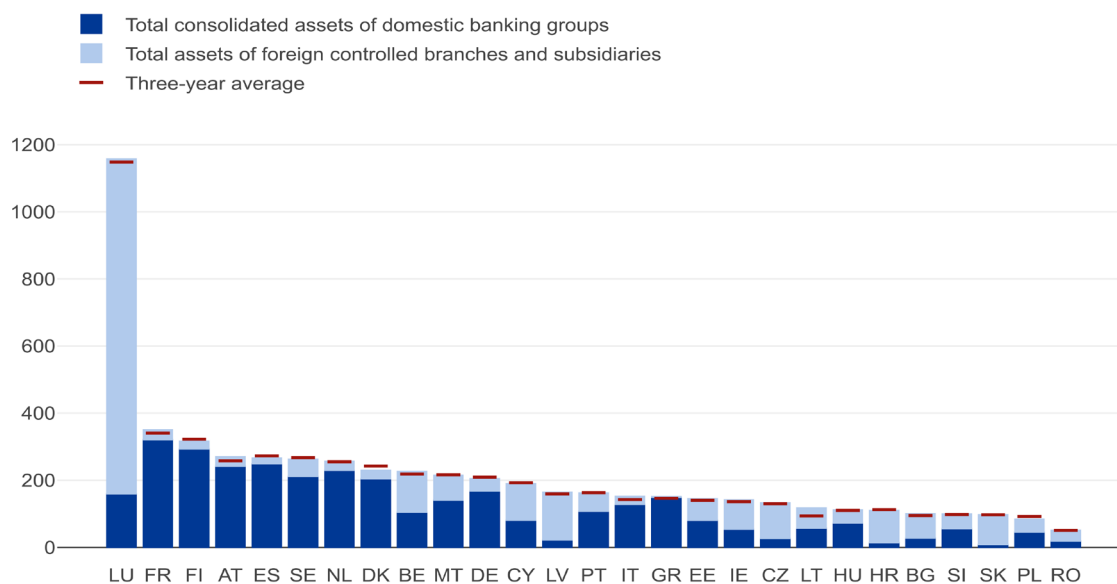
Last observation: Q1 2026
Source: EIOPA, based on Solvency II Reporting.
Note: Indicator presents breakdown of the quality of the Solvency II own funds according to the different tiers. For more details on the Solvency II reporting please see Annex I to the risk dashboard.



7 Structural risk

7.1 Banking sector size

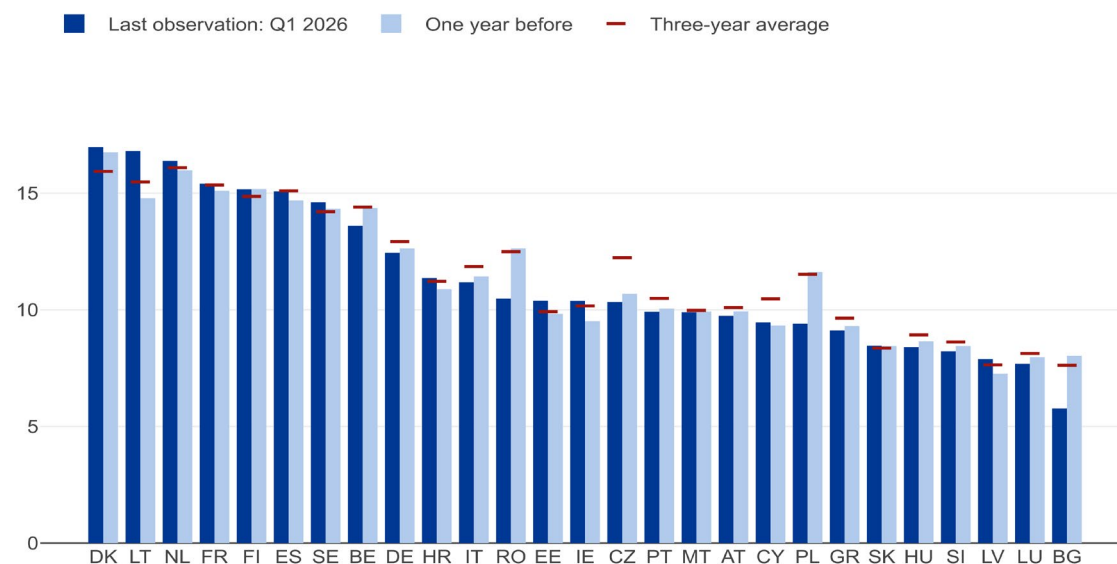
(EU; share of nominal GDP; percentage points)



Last observation: Q1 2026
Source: ECB and Eurostat.
Note: Based on Consolidated Banking Data. The three-year average is based on quarterly data.

7.2 Banking sector leverage

(EU; equity over total assets; percentage points)

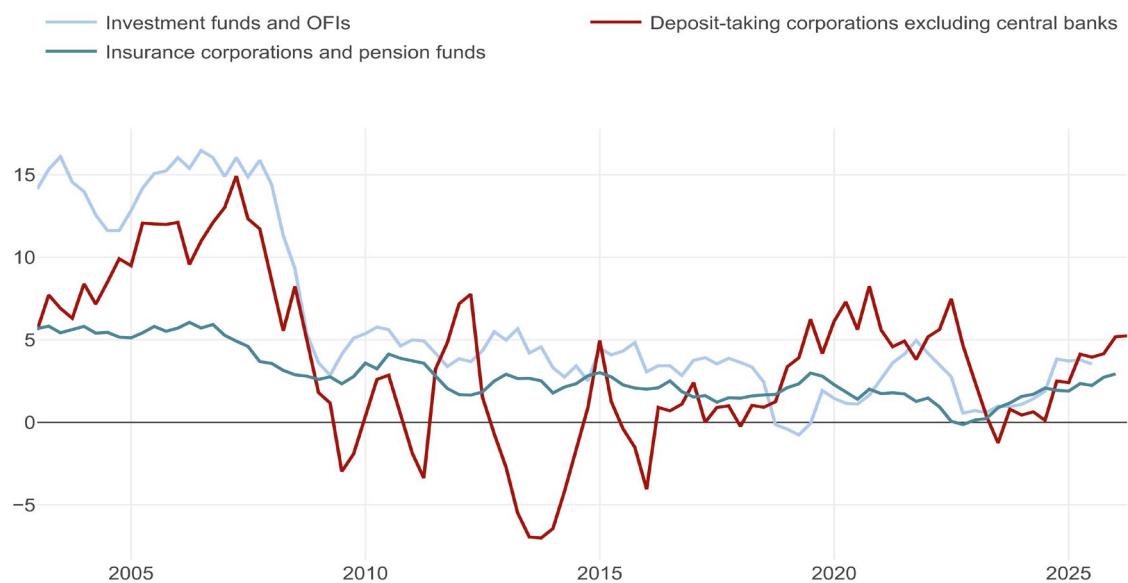


Last observation: Q1 2026
Source: ECB.
Note: Share of total assets in capital for domestic banking groups and stand-alone credit institutions. Consolidated data. The three-year average is based on quarterly data.



7.3 Growth of components of the EU financial sector

(EU; total assets annualised growth rates; percentages)



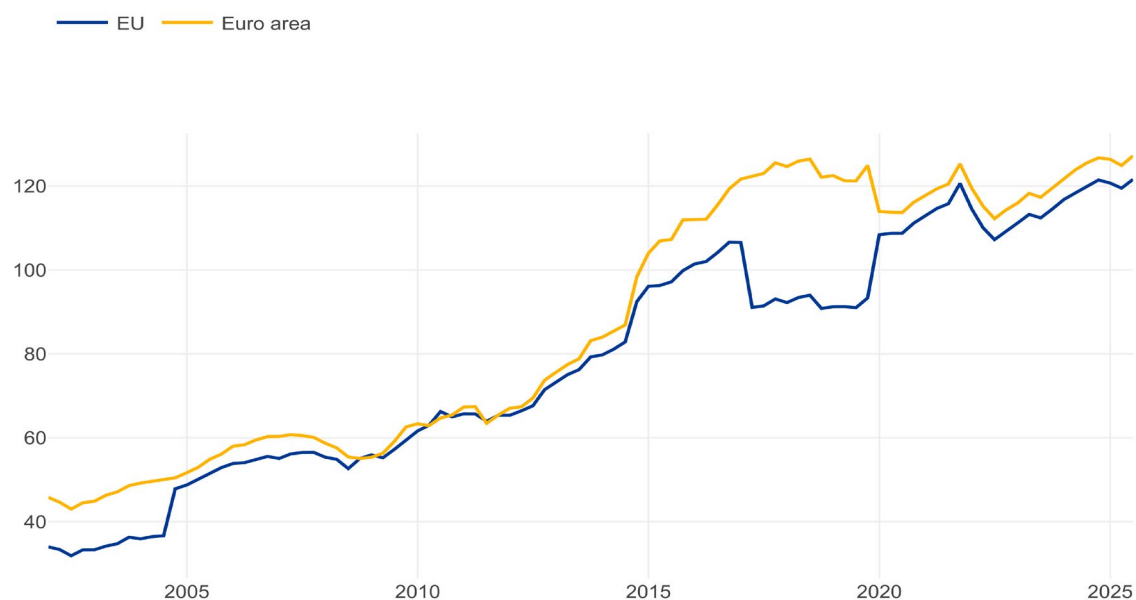
Last observation: Q2 2026

Source: ECB.

Note: 1) Data based on financial accounts and monetary statistics. 2) Data refer to the non-consolidated balance sheets of the respective entities.

7.4 Total assets of investment funds and OFIs

(as per cent of credit institutions' total assets)



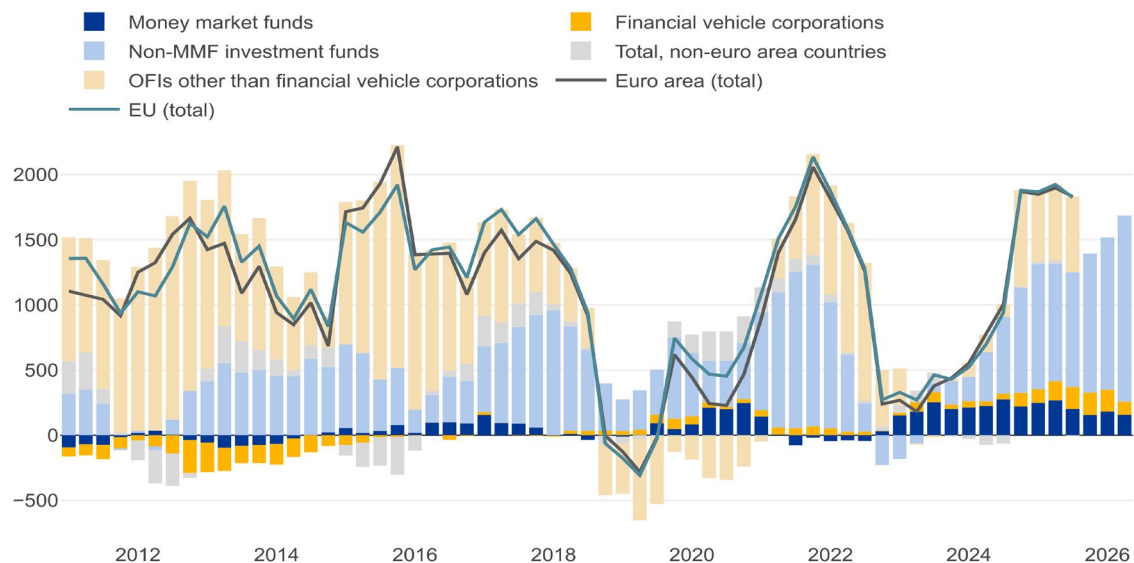
Last observation: Q2 2026

Source: ECB.



7.5 Total assets of investment funds and OFIs in the EU

(EU; EUR billions; four-quarter cumulated flows)



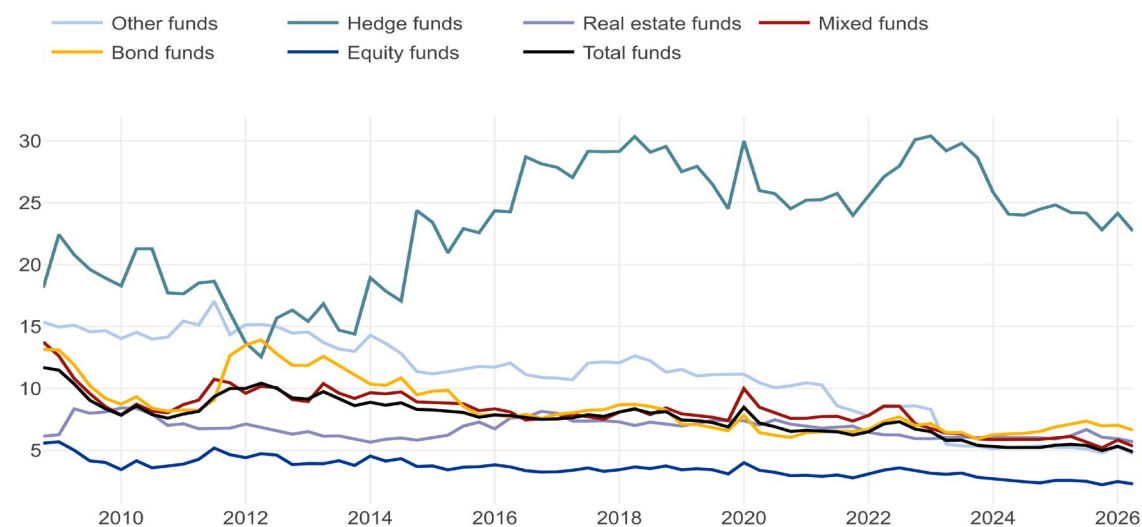
Last observation: Q2 2026

Source: ECB and European Commission.

Note: The full set of breakdowns is only available for euro area Member States. The observation for OFIs other than financial vehicle corporations is temporarily unavailable.

7.6 Non-MMF investment funds ratio of short term assets to short term liabilities

(Euro area; percentages)



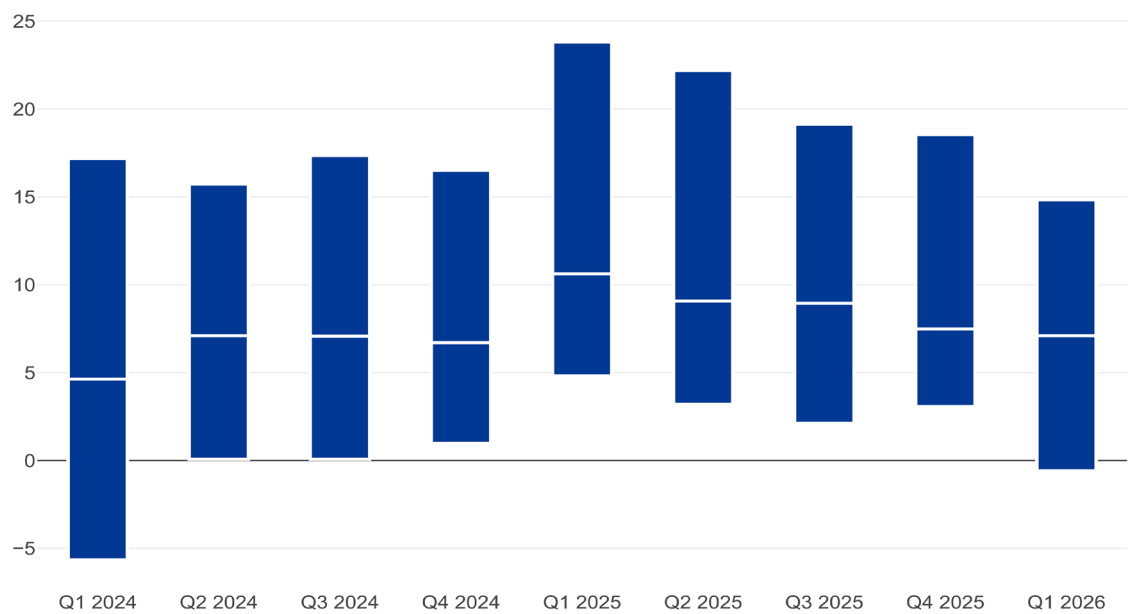
Last observation: Q2 2026

Source: ECB.

Note: 1) Short-term assets include non-MMF investment funds' holdings of debt securities and loans and deposits with original maturity up to one year; short-term liabilities include open-ended fund units issued and loans received with original maturity up to one year. 2) Maturity breakdowns for loans and deposits are available from 2014 Q4 and are estimated for prior periods based on the maturity breakdowns in 2015 for these instruments (for respective counterparty sectors).

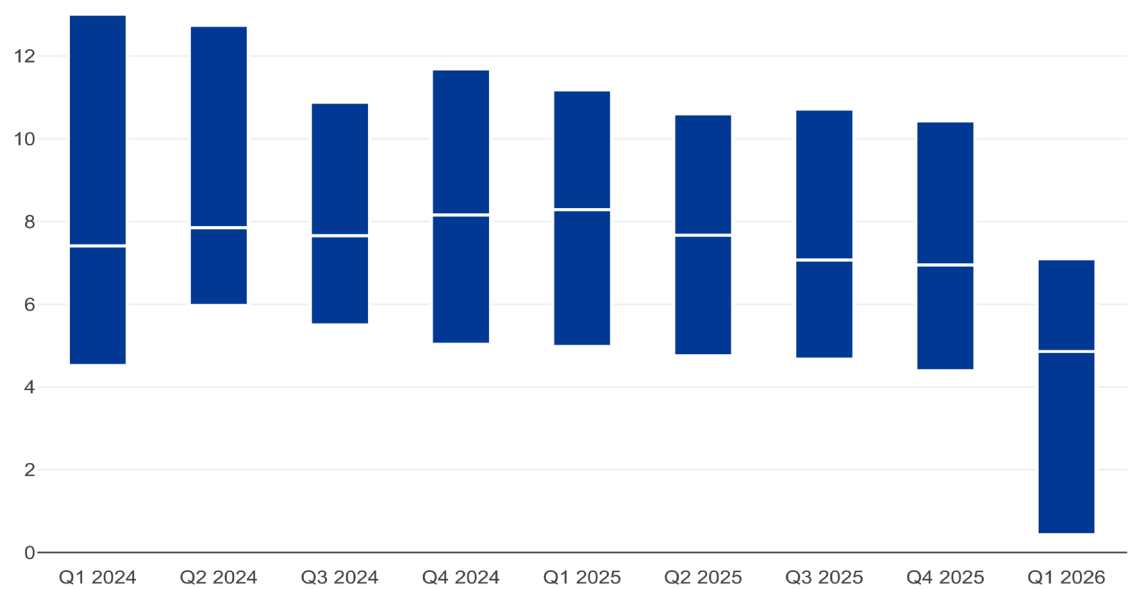


7.7.a Insurance groups' profitability indicators - Gross premiums written - Life insurance
(EU; annual growth rates; interquartile range and median; percentages)



Last observation: 2026
Source: EIOPA, based on Solvency II Reporting.
Note: For more details on the Solvency II reporting please see Annex I to the risk dashboard.

7.7.b Insurance groups' profitability indicators - Gross premiums written - Non-life insurance
(EU; annual growth rates; interquartile range and median; percentages)



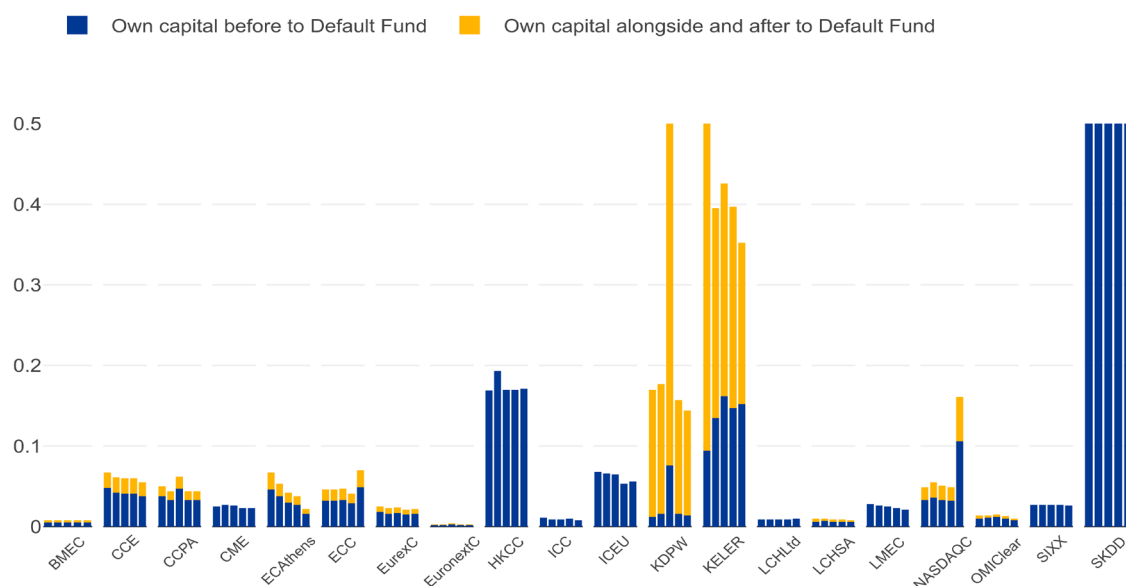
Last observation: 2026
Source: EIOPA, based on Solvency II Reporting.
Note: For more details on the Solvency II reporting please see Annex I to the risk dashboard.



8 Risk related to central counterparties

8.1 Prefunded default resources

(Ratio of own capital to default funds (quarter-end); ratio)



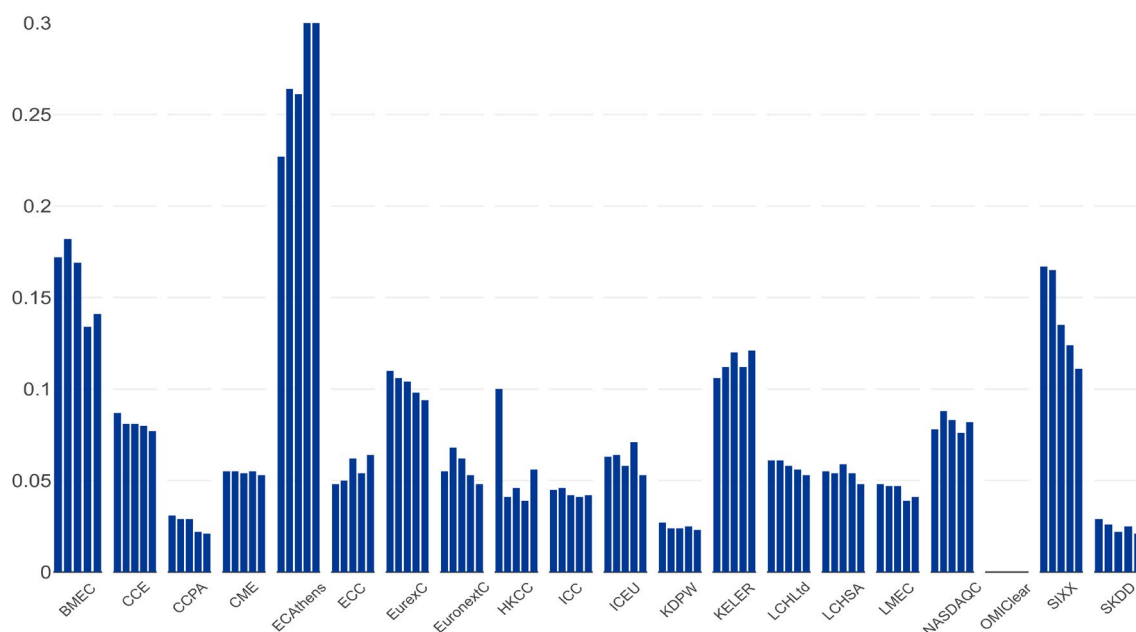
Last observation: Q1 2026

Source: CPM-IOSCO quantitative public disclosure data & ESRB Secretariat calculations.

Note: The chart shows a ratio of CCP's own capital (or skin-in-the-game, with graphical distinction of its subparts) to the default fund contributions provided by the clearing members. The primary purpose of skin-in-the-game is to ensure CCPs' incentives are aligned with those of their clearing members. For more details on the indicator please see Annex I to the risk dashboard. Each bar represents a quarter.

8.2 Haircut policies

(Haircut on non-cash initial margin (quarter-end); fractions)



Last observation: Q1 2026

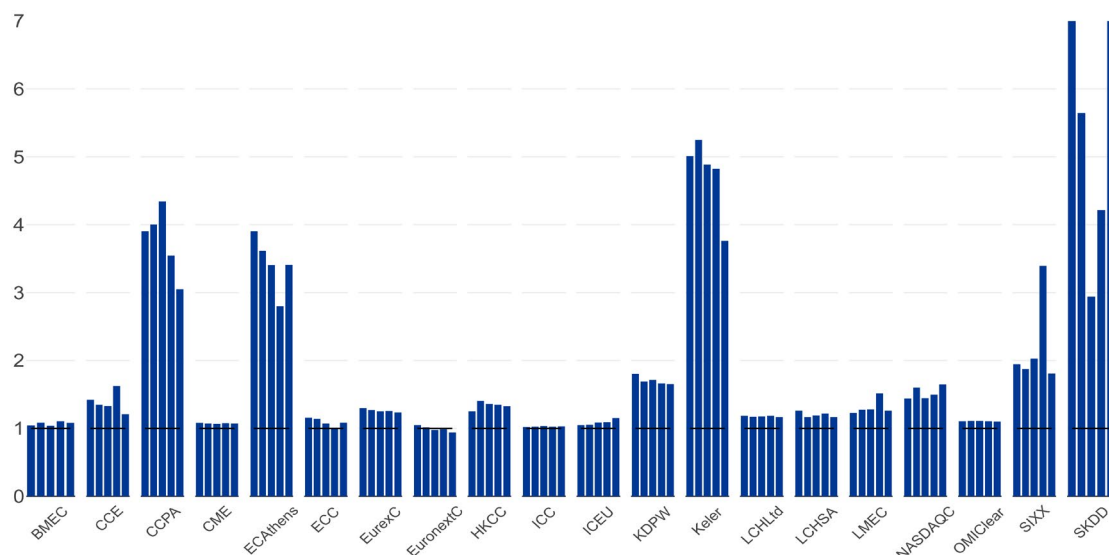
Source: CPM-IOSCO quantitative public disclosure data & ESRB Secretariat calculations.

Note: Haircuts are essential parts of the CCP risk management frameworks and aim to mitigate a fall in market value of collateral in case the collateral has to be sold. For more details on the indicator please see Annex I to the risk dashboard. OMIClear reports currently only cash collateral.



8.3 Collateral policies

(Collateralisation (quarter-end); ratio)



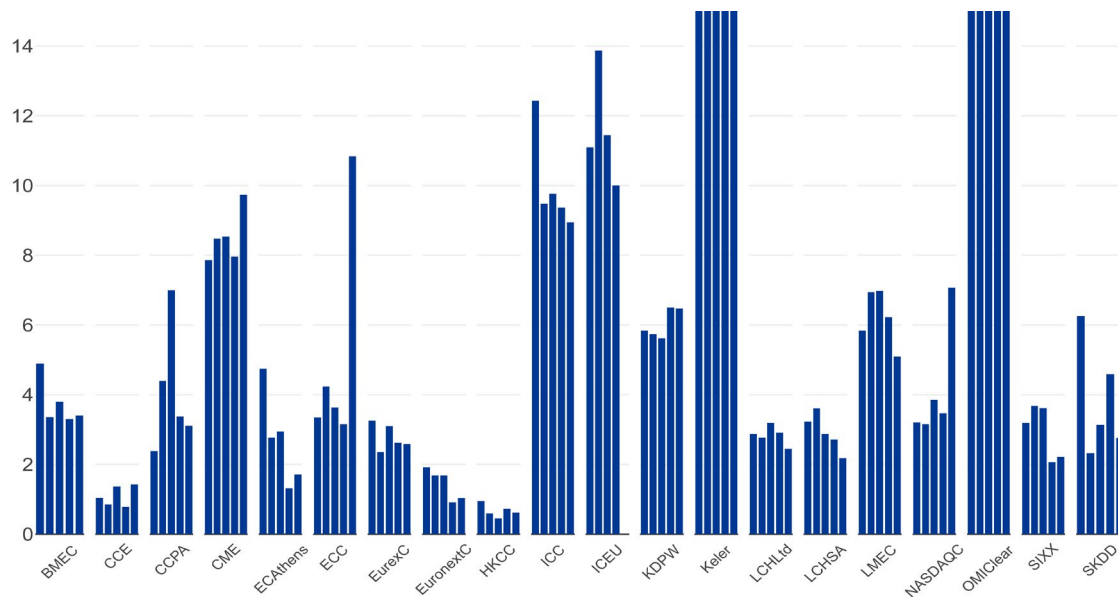
Last observation: Q1 2026

Source: CPMI-IOSCO quantitative public disclosure data & ESRB Secretariat calculations.

Note: This chart shows the ratio between initial margin required from a CCP to initial margin actually provided by its clearing members. Any collateral held above 1.0 reflects an amount of overcollateralisation. This is good for financial stability reasons - more overcollateralisation means less need to call for additional collateral and thus less procyclicality - but can be very costly for the clearing member that deposited this additional collateral. For more details on the indicator please see Annex I to the risk dashboard. Each bar represents a quarter. PQD 20.2.1 is added to PQD 6.2.15 for EuronextC as they do not include initial margin resulting from interoperability arrangements in PQD 6.2.15. The y-axis limit is set to 7 to enhance clarity, even though SKDD reported amounts above this threshold. Revisions have also been made for CCE, SIX X-clear, LCH SA and LCH Ltd in the calculation of PQD 6.2.15 for all quarters.

8.4 Liquidity policies: qualifying liquid resources to the estimated largest payment obligation

(Ratio of qualifying liquid resources over estimated largest same-day payment or multi-day obligation (quarter-end); ratio)



Last observation: Q1 2026

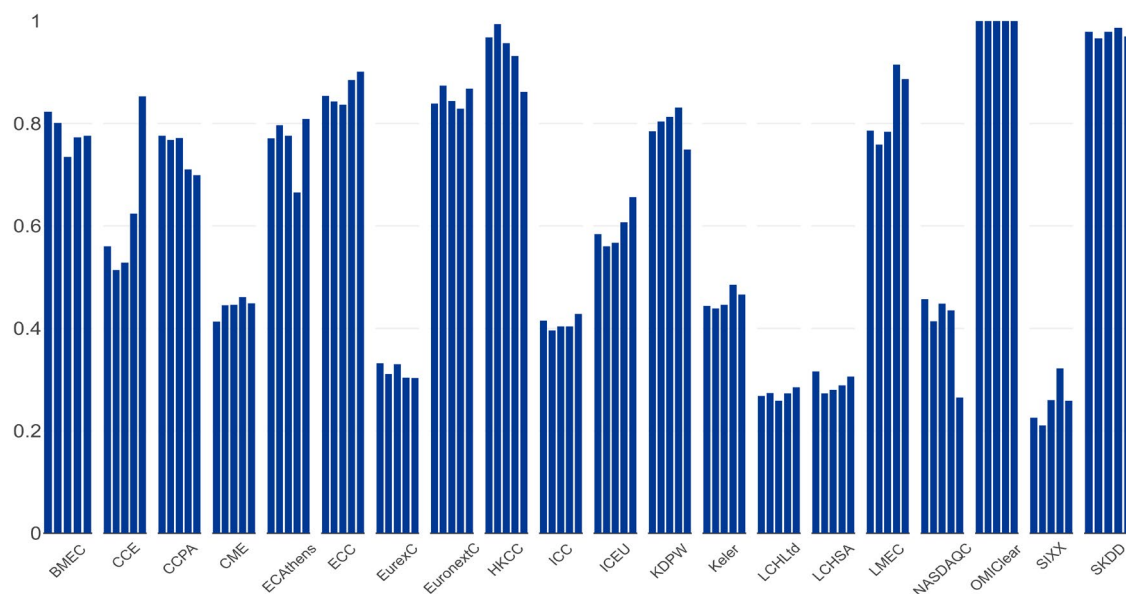
Source: CPMI-IOSCO quantitative public disclosure data & ESRB Secretariat calculations.

Note: EMIR requires CCPs to cover liquidity risk generated by the default of at least the two entities to which the CCP has the largest exposures. Average values have been taken for PQD 7.1.2-7.1.9 in order to align stocks with flows. For more details on the indicator please see Annex I to the risk dashboard. To better visualise lower values, the y-axis limit is set to 30. Each bar represents a quarter. Multi-day payment obligations are used for CCE, ICC and CME as they do not report same-day payment obligations in PQD 7.3.1.



8.5 Liquidity policies: cash ratio

(Cash ratio (quarter-end); ratio)



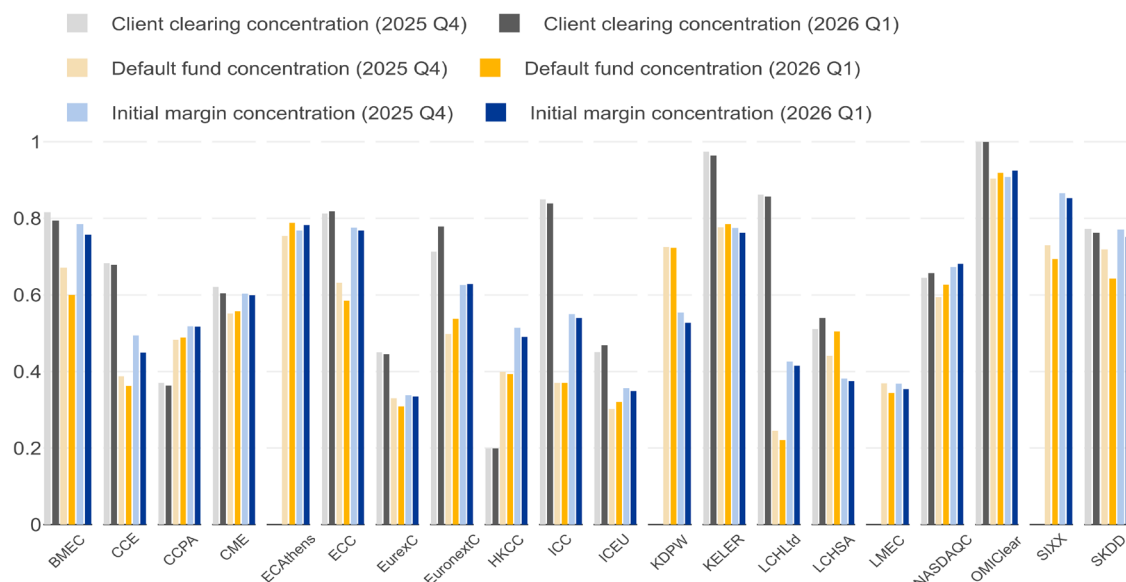
Last observation: Q1 2026

Source: CPMI-IOSCO quantitative public disclosure data & ESRB Secretariat calculations.

Note: This indicator shows the share of initial margin provided and held in cash. For more details on the indicator please see Annex I to the risk dashboard. Each bar represents a quarter. PQD 20.2.1 is added to PQD 6.2.15 for EuronextC as they do not include initial margin resulting from interoperability arrangements in PQD 6.2.15. The y-axis limit is set to 1 to enhance clarity, even though OMIClear report amounts above this threshold. Revisions have also been made for CCE, SIX X-clear, LCH SA and LCH Ltd in the calculation of PQD 6.2.15 for all quarters.

8.6 Concentration at CCP level

(Initial margin, default fund and client clearing concentration (average in quarter); ratio)



Last observation: Q1 2026

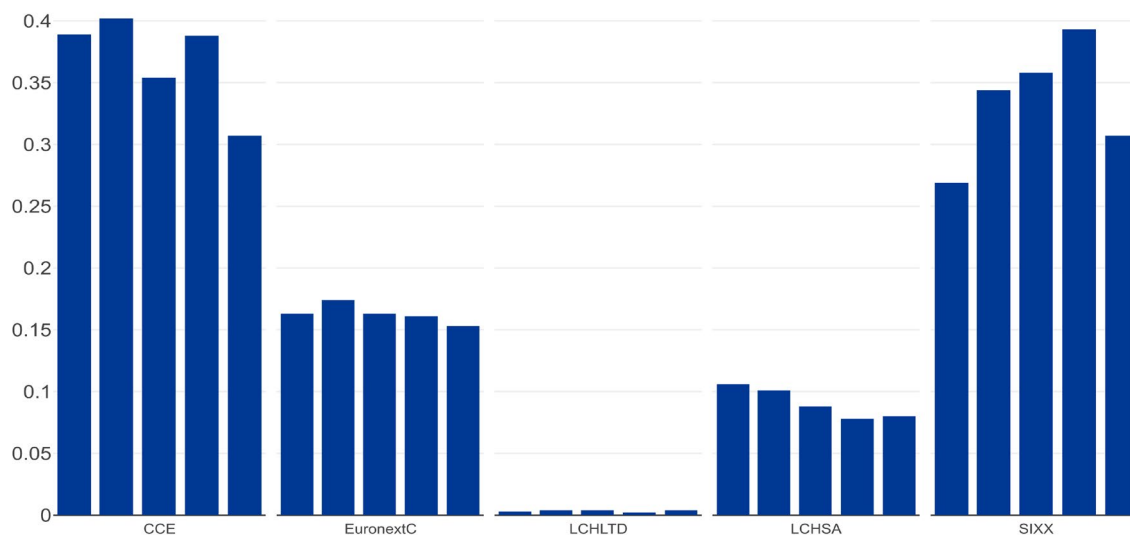
Source: CPMI-IOSCO quantitative public disclosure data & ESRB Secretariat calculations.

Note: This indicator shows an estimate of the five largest clearing members' average contributions to total initial margin, default fund contributions and client clearing within a CCP. All bars refer to the two most recent quarters observed. PQD 18.3 and 18.4 show quarter averages and therefore averages are taken for PQD 6.2.15 and 4.1.5 to match stocks with flows. For more details on the indicator please see Annex I to the risk dashboard.



8.7 Interoperability arrangements

(Share of initial margin provided for interoperability arrangements of total initial margin (quarter-end); ratio)



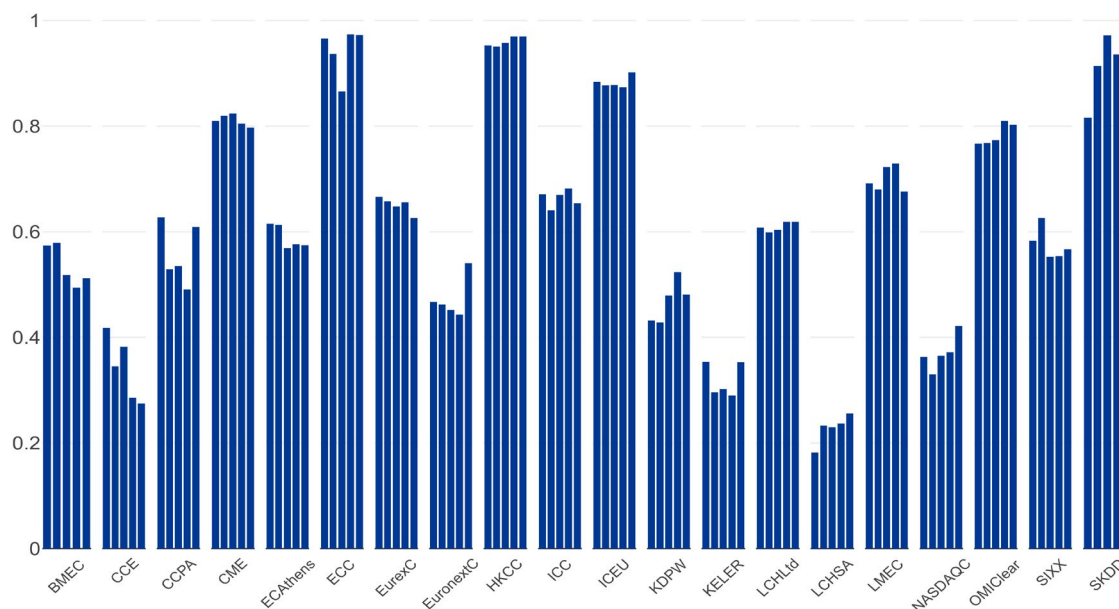
Last observation: Q1 2026

Source: CPMI-IOSCO quantitative public disclosure data & ESRB Secretariat calculations.

Note: Interoperability arrangements allow clearing members of a CCP to clear their trades through a different CCP. Currently, there are five interoperability arrangements in Europe in place: EuronextC - LCH SA, CCE - LCH Ltd., CCE - SIX X-clear AG (CH), LCH Ltd. - SIX X-clear AG (CH), LCH Ltd. - SIX X-clear Norwegian branch (CH/NO). The indicator shows the initial margin provided for interoperability arrangements as a share of total initial margin. For more details on the indicator please see Annex I to the risk dashboard. Each bar represents a quarter.

8.8 Share of client clearing

(Share of total initial margin required for client clearing (quarter-end))



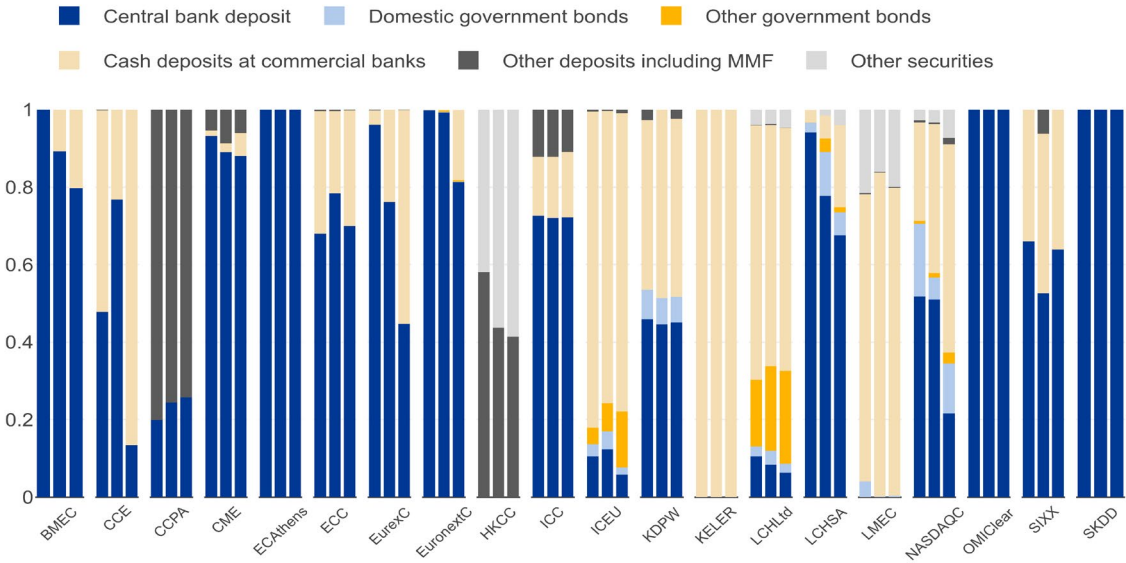
Last observation: Q1 2026

Source: CPMI-IOSCO quantitative public disclosure data & ESRB Secretariat calculations.

Note: This indicator considers the extent of direct and indirect clearing at a CCP. Client clearing is an essential part of a well-functioning clearing market, but a high share of client clearing may indicate an increased dependence on some direct members offering client clearing. For more details on the indicator please see Annex I to the risk dashboard. Each bar represents a quarter.



8.9 Cash reinvestment policies
(Breakdown info (quarter-end))



Last observation: Q1 2026
Source: CPMI-IOSCO quantitative public disclosure data & ESRB Secretariat calculations.
Note: This indicator shows the investment strategies applied by a CCP. A CCP could either deposit the cash received from clearing members in a central bank or other financial institution, or reinvest it in securities, including domestic or foreign government bonds. 'Other deposits' include unsecured deposits at commercial banks, deposits in MMF and in other forms. 'Other securities' include agency bonds, state/municipal bonds and other instruments. The chart shows the three most recent quarters. For more details on the indicator please see Annex I to the risk dashboard.



List of countries and aggregates

AT	Austria	FR	France	NL	The Netherlands
BE	Belgium	GR	Greece	PL	Poland
BG	Bulgaria	HR	Croatia	PT	Portugal
CY	Cyprus	HU	Hungary	RO	Romania
CZ	Czech Republic	IE	Ireland	SE	Sweden
DE	Germany	IT	Italy	SI	Slovenia
DK	Denmark	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
EE	Estonia	LU	Luxembourg	EA	Euro area
ES	Spain	LV	Latvia	EU	European Union
FI	Finland	MT	Malta		

List of acronyms

BIS	Bank for International Settlements	ICE	Intercontinental Exchange
CCP	Central Counterparty	ICPF	Insurance Corporation and Pension Funds
CDS	Credit Default Swap	IMF	International Monetary Fund
CISS	Composite Indicator of Systemic Stress	IPD	Investment Property Databank
COREP	Common Solvency Ratio Reporting	ITS	Implementing Technical Standards
€STR	Euro short-term rate	OFI	Other Financial Intermediaries
EBA	European Banking Authority	LSEG	London Stock Exchange Group
ECB	European Central Bank	MFI	Monetary and Financial Institutions
EIOPA	European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority	MMF	Money Market Funds
EONIA	Euro OverNight Index Average	NFC	Non-Financial Corporations
ESCB	European System of Central Banks	SovCISS	Sovereign Composite Indicator of Systemic Stress

List of CCPs and abbreviations

CCP code	Name of the CCP	Country of establishment
BMEC	BME Clearing	Spain
CCE	Cboe Clear Europe	Netherlands
CCP.A	CCP Austria (Abwicklungsstelle für Börsengeschäfte GmbH)	Austria
CME	Chicago Mercantile Exchange	United States
ECAthens	Euronext Clearing Athens	Greece
ECC	European Commodity Clearing	Germany
EurexC	Eurex Clearing	Germany
EuronextC	Euronext Clearing (Cassa di Compensazione e Garanzia S.p.A.)	Italy
HKCC	Hong Kong Future Exchange Clearing Corporation	Hong Kong
ICC	ICE Clear Credit	United States
ICEU	ICE Clear Europe	United Kingdom
KDPW	Krajowy Depozyt Papierów Wartościowych CCP	Poland
KELER	Keler CCP	Hungary
LCH LTD	LCH Ltd	United Kingdom
LCH SA	LCH SA (Banque Centrale de Compensation)	France

CCP code	Name of the CCP	Country of establishment
LMEC	LME Clear	United Kingdom
NASDAQC	Nasdaq Clearing	Sweden
OMIClear	OMI Clear	Portugal
SIXX	SIX x-clear	Switzerland
SKDD	SKDD-CCP Smart Clear	Croatia

Cut-off date

Data available to the ECB by Thursday, 17 September 2026 were taken into account in these statistics.

Contact

For enquiries regarding the risk dashboard and its contents, please contact us by e-mail: info@esrb.europa.eu.

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Postal address 60640 Frankfurt am Main, Germany
Telephone +49 69 1344 0
Website www.esrb.europa.eu

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For specific terminology please refer to the [ESRB glossary](#) (available in English only).