





Notification template for Article 131 CRD – Other Systemically Important Institutions (O-SII)

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Emailing this template to the above-mentioned addresses constitutes an official notification, no further official letter is required. In order to facilitate the work of the notified authorities, please send the notification template in a format that allows electronically copying the information.

1. Notifying national authority					
1.1 Name of the notifying authority	Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution (ACPR)				
2. Description of the me	asure				
	Based on reported data as of end-December 2016, the measure is applied to the six following banking groups:				
2.1 Concerned institution or group of institutions	 BNP PARIBAS (BNPP) - R0MUWSFPU8MPR08K5P83 GROUPE CREDIT AGRICOLE (GCA) - FR969500TJ5KRTCJQWXH SOCIETE GENERALE (SG) - O2RNE8IBXP4R0TD8PU41 GROUPE BPCE (GBPCE) - FR9695005MSX10YEMGDF GROUPE CREDIT MUTUEL (GCM) - 9695000CG7B84NLR5984 LA BANQUE POSTALE (LBP) - 96950066U5XAAIRCPA78 The measure is applied at the highest level of consolidation. 				
	Taking into account the phased-in implementation, the level of the O-SII buffer (in %) applied to each institutions is:				
		O-SII buffer (phased-in)		-	
2.2 Level of the buffer	BNPP	2017	2018	2019	-
applied	GCA	0,75% 0,5%	1,125% 0,75%	1,5%	
	SG	0,5%	0,75%	1%	
	GBPCE	0,5%	0,75%	1%	-
	GCM	0,25%	0,375%	0,5%	
	LBP	0,125%	0.1875%	0,25%	
2.3 Name of the EU ultimate parent institution	For the six aforementioned banking groups, the EU ultimate parent institution is the concerned institution itself.				
2.4 Names of subsidiaries	No subsidiary a	at any sub-conso	lidated level has be	een designated	d O-SII in France.

3. Timing of the measure		
3.1 Timing of the Decision	The official decision is foreseen to be taken by the ACPR on the 23 rd November 2017.	
3.2 Timing of the Publication	The notified measure is foreseen to be published by 1 st December 2017.	
3.3 Disclosure	The list of French O-SIIs for 2017 will be published on the ACPR website.	
3.4 Timing of Application	Phased-in O-SII buffers decided will be applicable starting from 1 st January 2018.	
3.5 Phasing in	O-SII buffers should be fully phased-in by 1 st January 2019.	
3.6 Review of the measure	In line with articles 131(6) and 131(12) which specify that the buffer, the identification of O-SIIs and the allocation into subcategories must be reviewed at least annually, the ACPR intends to perform its review each year during the summer, based on reported data as of end-December of the preceding year.	
4. Reason for O-SII iden	tification and activation of the O-SII buffer	
	The automatic O-SII identification was based on the 10 indicators listed in the EBA Guideline (EBA/GL/2014/10) and the ACPR applied the 350 basis point cut- off to identify O-SIIs in this automatic step of the assessment.	
	At this step, the ACPR identified 5 O-SIIs given their final score larger than 350 basis points:	
4.1 Scores of concerned institution or group of institutions, as per EBA guidelines on the assessment of O-SIIs (Article 131.3)	 BNPP: 2 454 bp SG: 1 960 bp GCA: 1 700 bp GBPCE: 1 473 bp GCM: 722 bp For the second step of the designation procedure of the EBA Guidelines (supervisory judgment), ACPR has selected two additional optional indicators from Annex 2, given their relevance for the French banking system:	
	 share of private domestic deposits, excluding a regulated saving accounts centralised at Caisse des Depots et Consignations (CDC); share of private domestic loans. 	
	For both indicators, the ACPR has decided to use a threshold of 3.5% (equivalent to 350 basis points over 10 000).	
	For the first of these two additional indicators, only one additional banking group presents a significant share: La Banque Postale (LBP). Indeed, apart from the five O-SIIs automatically designated, LBP, with a share of 4.9%, stands out clearly above the following credit institutions.	
	The ACPR strictly follows the EBA methodology.	
4.2 Methodology and indicators used for designation of the O-SII		
(Article 131.3)		

4.3 Supervisory judgement	The supervisory judgement is used only for La Banque Postale, based on the additional indicators.			
4.4 Calibrating the O-SII buffer	The ACPR uses a bucketing approach, like for the calibration of G-SII buffers. Buckets cut-offs have been defined using expert judgement based on the final O-SII score: from 0 to 500 bp: 0.25% CET1 from 1 000 to 2 000 bp: 1% CET1 from 2 000 to 3 000 bp: 1% CET1 larger than 3 000 bp: 2% CET1 As a result, the fully phased-in O-SII buffers to be implemented by 1 st January 2019 are the following: BNPP: 1.5% SG: 1% GCA: 1% GBPCE: 1% GCM: 0.5% LBP: 0.25%			
4.5 Effectiveness and proportionality of measure	Concerning the implementation of O-SII buffers in France, the effect should be mild for the following reasons: - Three out of the 6 O-SIIs already have a G-SII phased-in buffer and have already taken into account this requirement for their capital planning; - For the additional three O-SIIs, the envisaged phase in for the O-SII buffer enables capital planning.			
5.1 Assessment of cross- border effects and the likely	ss-sector impact of the measure The French banking system is rather concentrated on a consolidated basis. Three			
impact on the internal market (Recommendation ESRB/2015/2)	 French banking groups have a G-SII and O-SII status. With the designation of three additional systemic banking groups in France as O-SIIs, the market share of the 6 French systemic banking groups covers around 83% of the total assets of the French banking system (at the highest level of consolidation). In close coordination, the ACPR and the Banque de France (Directorate General 			

	Operations and Financial Stability) monitor the development of structural risk and
	of interconnectedness within the EU banking system, using multiple data sources
	for measuring cross-border exposures. This monitoring activity is complemented
	by empirical assessments in line with the work of the International Banking
	Research Network (IBRN) on cross-border spill-over effects. Such assessment
	reveals that any tightening of capital requirement by the French authorities would
	generally have very small impact in terms of cross-border spill-overs.
5.2 Assessment of leakages and regulatory arbitrage	This is closely monitored by the Oversight and Research Directorates of the
within the notifying Member State	ACPR and there is no sign of leakages or regulatory arbitrage.

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Combinations and inte

6. Combinations and int	eractions with other measures		
6.1 Combinations between G-SII and O-SII buffers (Article 131.14)	Three out of the six French O-SIIs are G-SIIs (according to the November 2017 G-SII designation): BNPP, GCA and SG.For all of them, the fully phased-in O-SII buffer equals the fully phased-in G-SII buffer (with same phase in timing).		
6.2 Combinations with SRB buffers (Article 131.14 + Article 133.5)	To date, no SRB is applied to any French O-SII. For the SRB instrument, the competent authority is the Haut Conseil de la Stabilité Financière (HCSF). For more information, see <u>https://www.economie.gouv.fr/hcsf-en</u>		
6.3 O-SII requirement for a subsidiary (Article 131.8)	No subsidiary has been designated as O-SII.		
6.4 Interaction with other measures	No other interaction. Please note that the <i>Haut Conseil de Stabilité Financière</i> (HCSF) has been informed of the envisaged O-SII designations and buffers.		

7. Miscellaneous	
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7.2 Any other relevant information	